More prison rioters give up

MANCHESTER, England (AP) — Support for British prison rioters whose rampage of destruction left at least one insuste dead appeared to be crushling Wednesday, negotiators said. For Serie, prison said 18 may need to be a support of the said the said to be a support of the said the said to be supported to the said to be said to be supported to the said to be said to be said to be supported to the said to be eways prison in the northern city of Maschester, said 30 men gave at Strangeways prison in the northern city of Mauchester, said 30 men gave themselves up on the fourth day of the siege, leaving some 20 to 25 holding out in the guited jail. "I am now optimistic that the siege will soon be over," Series said, but added it was unlikely more would leave before Thursday morning. These remaining appeared to be the ringleaders of Sanday's riot by 1,500 prisoners which was described by Strangeways Governor Brendam O'Friel as "an explosion of evil." Derek White, a prisoner awaiting trial on sex charges, was injured in the outbreak and died in hospital Thesday. Asked if there could have been more deaths, O'Friel told journalists: "I am tenesy. I do think it's possible there may have been fatality (to addition to white)."

Jordan Times

جوردان تابعز يومية سياسية تصدر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأربنية والراي،

Moscow meeting called off

MOSCOW (R) — A planned meeting between Lithuanian negotiators and the Soviet interior minister was called off Wednesday, but Soviet p made conciliatory statements over Lithuanian inc man stad a three-man team from Vilnius had been due to see Interior Minister Vadim Bakatin, a member of Mikhail Gorbachev's presidential council, in the morning. "The meeting did not take place," the Baltic republic's chief representative in Moscow, Egidius Bichkanskas, said. He refused to give any details or any whether it had been postponed or cancelled. The Lithnantan team, headed by Deputy Prime Minister Resnandas Ozolas, arrived in Moscow Tuesday on an informal mission to discuss the Mosco III dealers for the lithnantan team. discuss the March 11 declaration of independence. They met Alexander Yakovlev, another member of the 15-strong presidential council, in the evening. But a spokesman at the Lithmanian parliament's information burean said this meeting had ended inconclusively. The burean had no news on the progress of the mission.

Volume 15 Number 4359

AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, APRIL 5-6, 1990, RAMADAN 10-11, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

PLO criticises Ethiopian Immigration

i lection.

ABU DHABI (R) - A Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official, in remarks published Wednesday, denounced Ethiopia for allowing members of its Jewish minority to emigrate to Israel. The United Arab Emirates newspaper (UAE) Al Ittihad quoted PLO adviser for African Affairs Salman Al Harfi as saying the immigration amounted to support for Israel against Palestinians. Ethiopian envoy Kassa Kebede said in Israel last week that hundreds of Ethiopian Jews had immigrated there in the last few months. The two countries were discussing starting direct flights between them, he added.

Sanaa backs Eritrea accord

SANAA (AP) - President Ali Abdullah Saleh has stressed the need for a settlement of the 29year-old war in Eritrea in meetings with Ethinpian officials attending talks with rebel leaders, official sources reported Wednesday. The sources, speaking on condition of anonymity, said Saleh received the 14-member Ethiopian delegation led by Shewandani Yalta, a member of the politburo of Ethiopia's ruling Labour Party, Tuesday night.
The Ethiopian officials and leaders of four Eritrean guerrilla groups have been in Sanaa since Sunday for preliminary talks on a possible peace settlement of Africa's longest guerrilla war.

Ben Bella's party to boycott polls

ALGIERS (R) - The opposition party of former Algerian President Ahmad Ben Bella said Wednesday it would boycott the country's first free elections in Jone. The Movement for Democracy in Algeria (MDA) described the town and provincial cise. The MDA is the fourth party to announce its boycott after the Socialist Forces Front (FFS) of revolutionary war hero Hocine Ait Ahmad and two small far-left Trotskyite parties.

Six U.S. senators to visit Mideast

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. Senate Republican leader Robert Dole said Wednesday he and five other senators would visit Syria, Egypt, Jordan and Israel next week to discuss Middle East peace prospects. "My message will be - let's get some peace in the Middle East," Dole said in a statement. "Everywhere else in the world, peace is breaking out except in this troubled region. We want to see more progress and we want to see more talking and negotiating." Joining Dole on the trip will be fellow Republicans Alan Simpson of Wyoming, James McClure of Idaho, Charles Grassley of Iowa and Frank Murkowski of Alaska. Ohio Democrat Howard Metzenbaum will also go. The senators plan to arrive in Damascus Saturday then spend Sunday and Monday in Curo, Tuesday in Amman and ment Wednesday to Friday in Israel. Congress will be in Easter rocess during the week.

Hilacker of Moroccan **Plane** given suspended sentence

LAS PALMAS, Canary Islands (R) — A court in Spain's Canary-islands gave the lone gunman who hijacked a Moroccan passenfor plane last September a oneyear suspended jail sentence Wednesday. Moroccan Namn Almakari told the court he hijacked the plane to the Canary laisands, armed with a toy machine gun, to flee represssion by Moroccan rulers in the former Spanish territory of Western Sahara. His lawyer said 38-yearold Almakari feared his family would be persecuted by Moroccan authorities because of his campaign for independence for Western Sahara. The Polisario Front, fighting Morocco for the same cause, denied any links with bim. Prosecution lawyers asked for a reduced 20-year prison sentence but Almakari's lawyer said his tear of persecution constituted externating circumstances.

King slams campaign

against Iraq, urges united Arab stand

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday called for a united Arab stand in solidarity with Iraq and its right to defend itself against any aggres-

The King's call came in a meeting with the foreign ministers of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) — Egypt, Iraq, North Yemen and Jordan — whol held an

emergency meeting here.

In the meeting, the foreign ministers, Esmat Abdul Meguid of Egypt, Tareq Aziz of Iraq, Abdul Karim Iryani of North Yemen and Marwan Al Qasem of Jordan, briefed the King on their talks, the Jordan News Agency. Petra, said.

The King made an evaluation of the general situation in the Arab and international scenes and affirmed the necessity to "concentrate efforts on unveiling

(Agencies) - Palestinians in the

occupied territories say they feel

strengthened by Iraqi President

Saddam Hussem's warning to Israel that half of Israel would be

destroyed if the Jewish state

the spirit of challenge to aggres-

sion," said Husam Awaidah, for-

mer head of the accountants'

Palestinians in the occupied terri-

tories said they doubted Iraq

would use its weapons to free

them from Israeli occupation,

many said they felt proud that it

was standing up to Israel.

Arab political analysts said

Hussein had struck a resounding

chord among Arabs who felt

humiliated by Israel's military

strength, frustrated at Western

support for the Jewish state and

angry at the wave of Israel-bound

Palestinians in the West Bank

and Gaza Strip tuned in to Jordan

Television to watch footage of

"I swear to God we will let our

fire eat half of Israel if it tries to

wage anything against Iraq" Hus-sein said in his first reaction to

charges that Iraq had tried to obtain triggers for nuclear

Egypt will urge Iraq to cool a

war of words with Israel, an

official Egyptian source said in

Soviet Jewish migrants.

Hussein's comments.

Weapons.

e most of the 1.75 m

union in the Gaza Strip.

This represents a revival to

attacked Iraq.

the dimensions and goals of the vicious and unjust campaign waged against Iraq," Petra said. Britain and the United States alleged last month that Iraq tried to acquire triggering devices for nuclear bombs. Iraq denied the

charges Monday but said it possessed binary chemical weapons.

The King said the "campaign is not only aimed at Iraq but also the entire Arab Nation, Arab nationalism and security," and called on the Arab World to adopt a "unified stand... behind

Iraq," Petra reported.

Monday's speech by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, in which he revealed Iraq's possession of binary weapons and warned Israel against attacking Iraqi installations, was clear and "should be seen as reflecting an Arab stand in defence of the Arab right to retaliate against any aggression

"I think Egypt will also tell

Iraq there is no need for such

heated words while Cairo pushes

for direct peace talks between the

PLO (Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation) and Israel," the source

to help the Arabs confront a

possible Israeli attack, the

Kuwaiti daily Al Anbaa reported

Wednesday. Salah Khalaf appealed to Iran

to "end the present tension with

Iraq by concluding a peace agree-

Yasser Arafat called for "the

revival of the Eastern Front, not

as an Arab axis but as Arab

might, capable of confronting

possible dangers."
"This approach requires the

establishment of better relations

between Syria and Iraq, and Syria

Khalaf predicted that Israel

would resort to "the assassination

of Palestinian leaders, speed up

the immigration of Soviet Jews or

provoke a battle, and not neces-

sarily a comprehensive war, with

U.S. President George Bush sharply criticised President Hus-

and the PLO." he said.

neighbouring countries."

sein Tuesday.

The deputy to PLO Chairman

A Palestinian leader appealed

Palestinians say they feel

against our national security and our right to progress and develop-ment," the King told the ACC foreign ministers.

He said the "accelerating campaign against Iraq started when (the Iraqis) succeeded in defending its national soil and the Arab Order.'

"It very clearly shows that our enemies are maintaining their old position which rejects any Arab triumph, progress and contribution to peace and justice," the

King said. The King's meeting with the ACC ministers, which included an iftar, was attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, the King's Pulitical Advisor Adnan Abe Odeh, ACC Secretary-General Hilmi Nammar and the ambassadors of the ACC states in Jordan.

This is no time to be talking

Talking with reporters aboard

Air Force One during a speaking

trip to the U.S. midwest, Bush

called on Hussein to withdraw the

"I found (Hussein's) state-

ments to be bad and I would

strongly urge Iraq to reject the

said. "I don't think it helps peace

in the Middle East. I don't think

it belps the security of Iraq

obviously. And it's certainly

In Indianapolis earlier Tues-

day, White House spokesman

Marlin Fitzwater said Bush regarded the Iraqi leader's state-

ments as "deplorable and irres-

Hamed Karoui said Wednesday

that Tunisia was fully behind Iraq

in its war of words with Israel and

and preoccupied by this media

war against Iraq. Iraq has always

worked for peace and for peace-

ful solutions to international

issues," he told reporters on the

arrival of Iraqi Deputy Premier

complete solidarity with Iraq,

especially as far as this campaign

"The Tunisian people are in

Taha Yassin Ramadan.

is concerned," he added.

Tonisian Prime Minister

The Tunisian people are upset

East," Bush said.

statements be made.

wrong," he said.

possible."

the West.

"(Foreign Minister) Esmat
Abdul Meguid will whisper into
Iraq's ear 'cool it'," the source
told Reuters.

Annu is in the told be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using chemical binlogical weapons. This is no time to be laking the about using th



His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday confers with the foreign ministers of the Arab Cooperation

Council (ACC) in a meeting attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan (Petra photo)

Emergency meeting reviews U.S. Senate

resolution, Soviet Jewish immigration

ACC ministers discuss strengthened by Iraqi stand support for Baghdad

By Mariam M. Shahin with agency dispatches

AMMAN - The foreign ministers of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) Wednesday began an emergency meeting to discuss Arab national security and support for Iraq in what is scen as a Western campaign against Baghdad.

Also discussed were Soviet Jewish immigration to Palestine, and the American Senate's acknowledgement of Jerusalem as the capital of Israel.

The ministers, Esmat Abdul Meguid of Egypt, Abdul Karim Iryani of North Yemen, Tareq Aziz of Iraq and Marwan Al Qasem, the host - held two sessions Wednesday and are expected to hold a final sessinn Thursday morning. No immediate explanation was available for the extension of the meeting, which was originally scheduled to last one day. Informed sources said the ministers would fly to Cairo later Thursday and proceed to Morocco to attend a meeting of the Jerusalem Committee.

(Continued from page 1)

$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{\Omega}}$ 11 Faitsumans woundtu

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM said a border policeman was (Agencies) — Israeli sokliers shot wounded in the head hy a stone. (Agencies) — Israeli sokišers shot and wounded four Palestinians in clashes with stone-throwing protesters in the Gaza Strip Wednes-

day, hospital officials reported. Residents added that a Palestinian on trial for killing Arabs suspected of helping Israeli forces escaped from the military court in

Gazz city. They said soldiers set np roadblocks throughout the coastal area and began searching for Raja Al Oahwaii.

In Tulkarm camp on the West Bank, soldiers shot and wounded three Palestinian demonstrators, including a 14-year-old girl, resi-

Israeli soldiers also shot and wounded four Palestinians during clashes with students in the West

According to Reuters, feuding Palestinian activists in an occu-

pied West Bank village burned six Arab-owned houses and injured eight people in fighting amongst themselves. Reuters quoted residents as saying that the Popular Front

for the Liberation of Palestine and the mainstream Fatch fought with stones in the West Bank village of Awarta Tuesday after accusing each other of helping

Police differences have intensified in recent weeks between the Damascus-based PFLP and their partners in the underground committee of the 28-month-old apris-

PFLP supporters issued three separate leaflets last month criticising the PLO's acceptance of Israeli-Palestinian peace talks. PFLP activists acknowledge

their differences with their partners in the PLO-dominated unified leadership of the uprising but insist they do not plan to leave the steering committee. Palestinians said clashes and

torchings came after PFLP activists in the village seized and interrogated a resident they suspected of helping Israeli forces, but who nthers said was a Fatch

Relatives of the captive elashed with masked PFLP supporters who retaliated by burning the homes of six of the opposing

Residents said Israeli soldiers watched the fighting from a distance but made no attempt to

Carter: Mideast

Jordan, IMF team **finalise** letter of intent

By Ghadeer Taher Jurdan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN - A visiting International Monetary Fund (IMF) delegation and Finance Ministry and Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) officials Wednesday finalised a letter of intent for the release of \$11 million in standby IMF credit to Jordan, informed sources said.

"Overall, the talks were very smooth, and the finalisation of the letter of intent was only a formality since the groundwork for it was done in previous meet-

ings," said one of the source.
The projected \$11 million credit is part of a \$77 million package agreed upon between Jordan and the IMF last year subject to the smooth implementation of an economic restructuring programme. The Kingdom has already received \$33 million. Finance Minister Basel Jardaneh said last month that the remainder was to be disbursed in four tranches of \$11 million each.

According to a source close to this week's talks, the Kingdom could expect to utilise the \$11 million by June, after the IMF board approves the letter of intent, which has also to be endorsed by the Jordanian govern-

Another topic for discussions between the IMF team and the Jordanian side, headed by Jardaneh, was an economic programme for fiscal year 1990 and the national hudget, according to the source. "There had been no major disagreements over this issue," the source said. "On certain areas, the two sides agreed to disagree," the source said without elaborating, but emphasising that "there is no major outstanding issue."

Another official source, confirming that there were "minor" disagreements between the two sides, said the IMF delegation, however, left it to "the Jordanian government in make the necessary readjustments without specifying areas where the fund would like to have them made." The source indicated further "routine talks" were planned between the two sides.

The review of the budget and the related programme was supposed to have been made in November but was delayed because of the Nov. 8 general elections and the subsequent parliamentary activities.

Geagea asks Hrawi to send army to east Beirut

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Rightist militia leader Samir Geagea asked Syrian-backed President Elias Hrawi to send his army into the Christian enclave to end fighting that has killed more than 900 people in two months.

"This move will be the only real, serious and practical way to end the war and division in east Beirut." Geagea, who heads the Lebanese Forces (LF) militia, said on the LF-run Voice of Lebanon radio station.

Geagea, whose militia is locked in bitter fighting with troops loyal to rebel General Michel Aoun. said he was ready to hand over to Hrawi barracks captured from

The fighting between the two forces continued in and around Beirut Wednesday, setting an apartment block on fire with phosporous shells, as Maronite Catholic bishops met to seek an end to the two-month-old power

struggie. The 20 clerics of the main Christian sect met behind closed doors for three hours with Maronite Patriarch Nasrallah Sfeir at his mountain seat in the Bkirki monastery, north of Beirnt.

the clerics made any progress toward ending the bloodletting. Repeated efforts to work out a peace settlement between Aoun and Geagea have all foundered. The bishops issued no state-

ment after the meeting. Geagea's announcement will infuriate Aoun at a time when the two sides were reported to be fortifying their positions for

another major battle. Aoun has fiercely criticised Arab-backed efforts to bring peace to Lebanon and has demanded the swift withdrawal of Syria's 40,000 troops from the.

He has refused to recognise the Hrawi government, elected last antumn under an Arab Leaguebacked peace plan, but has suggested that Arab negotiators try to devise a new peace plan acceptable to him.

"We (the LF) are ready to hand over all army barracks under our control. We will exert all efforts in this direction. I wish that Gen. Aoun would do the same... this way we would relieve people," said Geagea, who comnds 10.000 men.

should be handed over to Hrawi's army commander General Emile

"Handing over the army barracks in all Lebanese areas to Gen. Lahoud would be an introduction to restore stability and put the country on the track of peace," Geagea said.

The LF leader said be hoved Lahoud would deploy his troops in shattered east Beirut "before Easter (April 15) to allow people to celebrate in tranquility.

Out of mercy for people, this crisis should end. The only step to end the current military situation in east Beirut is by General Lahoud taking over all barracks in Lebanon," he said.

Geagea said Lahoud was capable of reuniting the 30,000-man divided army and restoring law and order to the chaotic country. Lahoud now commands about 15,000 troops. The others are under Aoun.

Aoun meanwhile blamed the so-far inconclusive showdown ou Geagea, saying he had attacked his troops' positions to "enforce implementation of the Taif

Bank town of Jenin. Residents Labour claims coalition majority

TEL AVIV (Agencies) -Labour Party leader Shimon Peres announced Wednesday he had a majority to form a ruling coalition and that he had requested a special parliament session to approve the new govern-

Peres said the coalition negotiations were not over, and that he hopes to bring in more lawmakers to form a broader government. "I said he have a majority, more than that I won't say,' Peres said on Israel Radio.

Peres notified President Chaim Herzog that he had succeeded in getting majority backing in the 120-member parliament to replace the coalition that collapsed March 15.

Also he had appealed to the speaker of parliament to convene the legislature "as soon as possible" to approve the new government. Sunday was considered the earliest date for such a session, radio reports said.

Labour cancus leader Haim Ramon told army radio: 'This afternoon we approached the speaker of the Knesset and told him we wanted a special session... the subject of the agenda to be section 15 of the Knesset law, which obliges those forming a government to present it to parliament."

refused to provide details on the composition of the new govern-

"I have time until the Knesset convenes to make the list and divide portfolios, There is still work before us," Peres said. Until earlier Wednesday, Peres

only had 60 assured votes. He needs at least one more legislator to vote with him or abstain.

Israel army radio said a defector from Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's right-wing Likud bloc has signed an agreement with Labour. It identified the legislator as Avraham Sharir, a former tourism minister. Labour officials have refused comment on the

With the parliament vote not likely until Sunday, Likud has time to try to lure Sharir and other potential Labour coalition partners back into its fold. If Peres wins the vote of confi-

dence in parliament, it could be the first time since 1977 that Labour rules without Likud. The two parties have shared power in coalition governments since 1984 following inconclusive elections. Peres was prime minister from September 1984 until October of

(Continued on page 5)

peace process is... international

peace is inevitable PARIS (R) - Former U.S. Pres-Carter, who mediated an ident Jimmy Carter said Wednes-

day after talks with Palestine Liberation Organisatinn (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat and French President Francois Mitterrand that Middle Eastern leaders were to hlame for allowing the peace process to stall. The problem is among leaders

who don't adequately represent the yearnings of their people." Carter told reporters on the steps of the Elysee Palace after the surprise meeting with Mitterrand and Arafat. "President Mitterrand, Chair-

man Arafat and I have had a discussion about the Middle East peace process, how it might be promoted and might be rejuvenated. I think that peace..., is inevitable in the Middle East," the former U.S. president said. Arafat, standing alongside Car-

ter at the French presidential palace, speaking in Arabic, said according to an unofficial transla-"This meeting shows that the

and that the United States. France and the big powers play an essential role in this process." Carter and Arafat then left for private talks at a hotel in central Israeli-Egyptian treaty excluding Arafat from the peace process, had nriginally been scheduled to meet the PLO leader at the same time in the Paris hotel.

In May last year Mitterrand became the first major Western leader to receive Arafat officially. Carter, president from 1977 to 1981. brokered the 1978 Camp David accord which led to a treaty between Egypt and Israel a year later.

The former U.S. president. who has been touring the Middle East at the request of President George Bush, was in the French capital for a meeting of the Paris branch of the World Bank.

The meeting provoked angry reactions from Jewish groups and accuse Arafat of being a "terrorist." About 100 Jewish demonstrators gathered outside the luxmy Hotel Crillon where Carter and Arafat were meeting.

They were kept at a distance by hundreds of riot police guarding the hotel. Two Arab men who insulted demonstrators were beaten up before police rescued them, witnesses said.

Arafat was scheduled to hold a news conference later Wednesday evening, PLO officials said.

Damage in 2 months of Beirut's Christian war put at \$1 billion

million in 1988.

especially among Christians, was

.n terrible long-term blow. Many

of those leaving were wealthy,

know how much we will exist in the future," be said. "What made

Lehanon what it was will be lost

and all the hopes hased on it."

factories in east Beirut - tradi-

tionally Lebanon's industrial cen-

tre - bad closed because of

A ceasefire last September

halted six months of artillery

duels with mainly Muslim west

Beirut. But before east Beirut

could recover, it was plunged into

dles for any business were the

lack of electricity and telecom-

munication, with miles of lines

Abi Saleb said the main hur-

the inter-Christian war.

damage or power shortages.

Abi Saleh said 85 per cent of

"The way emigration is, I don't

qualified or entrepreneurs.

BEIRUT (R) — The two-month war in Lebanon's Christian enclave has caused \$1 billion worth of damage, forced 300,000 people to flee and brought the country to the brink of collapse, a top industrialist said Wednesday.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

ABU DHABI, United Arah Emirates (AP) - President Sheikh

Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahnyan Wednesday ordered the release of

150 prisoners to mark the Muslim boly month of Ramadan. The

official Emirates News Agency (WAM) reported that along with

the release order, Sheikh Zayed decided to underwrite any

financial claims on the released prisoners. The prisoners were

from Abu Dhabi and its suhurb of Al Ain. Zayed took the

decision in his capacity as ruler of the emirate of Abn Dbabi. Abu

Dhabi is the biggest of seven Emirates federated in the UAE the

neighbouring emirate of Duhai already has released 200 prisoners

and that of Umm Al Quwain another 14, also for Ramadan.

ANKARA (R) - An Ankara court ruled Wednesday that a

member of parliament who shot dead a colleague from a rival

party should be released from a year in detention because he had acted without premeditation. The court said the March 1989

killing of opposition Deputy Abdurrezak Ceylan by ruling party

member Idris Arikan io a corridor of the partiamentary building

was a result of "improvidence and carelessness." He could not

stand trial for such a crime unless parliament voted to lift his

WASHINGTON (AP) - The House of Representatives

approved a resolution Tuesday calling on-President George Bush to accelerate efforts to win the release of Americans held hostage

in Lebanon. The resolution, approved on a voice vote without

dissect. also called oo countries with "direct or indirect influence" over the kidnappers, including Iran and Syria, to press for the

hostages' release. The non-binding measure was sent to the

Senate. An earlier version of the resolution has called for Bush to

designate a special envoy to negotiate the release of hostages, but

that provision was opposed by the administration. The document

approved Tuesday called instead for Bush to accelerate efforts

through increased State Department and other diplomatic activi-

ties and by enlisting the United Nations and the European

BEIRUT (AP) - Irish Ambassador to Lehanon Antoin Mac

Unfraidh has said his country was concerned at the plight of the 18

Western hostages held in Lebanon and called for their release as

soon as possible. Mac Unfraidh made his statement after

presenting his credentials to President Elias Hrawi at the latter's

headquarters in mainly Muslim west Beirut. Mac Unfraidh is

based in Iraq but is also ambassador to Lebanon. "Ireland... has

called on those with influence to persuade the hostage-takers to

KHARTOUM (AP) - Sudan's military government denied

Wednesday that it violates its citizens' rights and accused 'foreign

organisations" of trying to discredit the junta. Maj.-Gen. Al

Tigany Adam Al Tahir, a member of the ruling 15-man military

ties" to enter prisons to ensure that the human rights of prisoners

were not being violated. The official Sudan News Agency

(SUNA) quoted Al Tahir as saying an "unfair campaign" is being

mounted against Sudan by unspecified "foreign organisations.

council, said the government permitted "international personali-

Irish envoy calls for hostage release

Abu Dhabi frees 150 prisoners

Court frees Turkish deputy

immunity from prosecutioo, court sources said.

Community to exercise their inflnence.

release their captives," said Mac Unfraidh.

Sudan denies human rights abuses

Bush urged to win hostage release

Fouad Abi Saleh, president of the Industrialists' Association for much of the 15-year civil war, said the losses and political crisis had forced Lebanon to the verge of economic and social break-

"People lost hope during this last fighting. That was the diabolic tragedy. That has made me lose hope." Abi Saleh, 64, told Reuters after a round of difficult negotiations with officials aimed at restoring electricity to the country.

"I am still working hard — one of the few working hard — but that is to make myself live."

Abi Saleh said no comprehensive survey had been made of destruction since Jan. 31. But he believed direct damage to property and infrastructure stood at \$1

Storage tanks holding fuel

worth \$2.5 million burned fiercely on Wednesday for the third day in an area of East Beirut held by General Michel Aoun's army. They were set ablaze by gunners from the Christian Lebanese

Forces (LF) militia. Eveo if fighting stops, it will take months to restore even water, electricity and telephones because much of east Beirut has been destroyed by artillery and

"We are resorting to survival, we are on the verge of complete collapse and we are contemplating this calmly because we can't do anything," Ahi Saleh said. "We've been fighting for 15 years and bave reached this."

Asked how many people had fled the enclave for safer areas in Lebanon or abroad since Jan. 31. he said: "Maybe 300,000. Maybe 30 per cent of the population of

financing. Banks refused to give Diplomnts helieve up to even short-term loans.

250,000 people bave left the These problems were compounded by sporadic fighting, the country in the past year, many never to return. Lebanon had an difficulty of moving through a estimated population of three network of frontlines across the enclave and the closure of large Abi Saleh said the exodus,

ports - all held by the LF. Government institutions were barely functioning because of the war and a political power strug-

The capital and surrounding areas are split between an internationally recognised government in west Beirut, a cabinet led by Aoun in east Beirut and LF-controlled areas.

This is the greatest problem we face. We need an ordered country based on the whole country. If things do not change rapidly we may reach the point of no return, whereby we have a complete disintegration of Lebanese society," Abi Saleb said.

"We will cease to be a country or a nation or a state and will become people ready to be taken

over by anybody.
"Lebanon is being destroyed. We are going back to the Middle destroyed, and a shortage of East."

Arafat's adviser expects Palestinian state in 5 years

- An adviser to Palestine Liberntion Organisation leader a settlement). Yasser Arafat said in an interview published Wednesday he expected a Palestinian state within

"We will fight even if the struggle takes ten years... though my expectations are that a Palestinian state will be established within five years," Dr. Nabil Sha'ath told Al Yom newspaper.

Asked whether the Palestinian problem was heading towards a settlement, Sha'ath said: "The growing strength of the Arabs indicates that one day they will be able to face Israel. "To achieve peace the Arah

nation should be ready to face Israel. Had this been the case

now, I would have unhesitatingly said we are in the final phases (of

Sha'ath said giving Soviet Jews the right to emigrate to Israel "should be coupled with Palestinians enjoying equal rights to go to Palestine.

"We also want to make sure that no Jew is allowed to settle in Palestinian territory - in Jerusalem, the West Bank and Gaza. The Soviet Union and America have pledged this will not happen but we also want international supervision preventing such a settlement."

Israel expects 750,000 Soviet Jews to arrive in the oext five years. Arabs fear many will settle in the occupied territories.

Senate debate derails real Mideast issues — Maksoud

immigration to Israel by focusing on a U.N. resolution equating Zionism with racism.

Speaking at n news conference, Dr. Clovis Maksoud, the Arab League representative in the Uoited States and at the United Nations, warned that Arab states would not "stand idly by" while Washington attempted to rescind the resolution

He said Arah nations had begun talks with Western European nations and would extend the dialogue to Eastern European countries and the Soviet Union.

Maksoud was responding to a Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee hearing last Friday during which Assistant Secretary of State John Bolton outlined U.S. efforts for a repeal and said he had found a shift among U.N. membes away from the 1975 resolution that calls Zionism a form

of racism. Maksond particularly took issue with comments from Senator Daniel Moynihan, a New York Democrat, who had asked Bolton if nations who supported the resolution understood that their U.S. financial aid was in jeopardy.

USEFUL TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

657129

661912

778336

623672

..... 661111

775121

AMMAN:

Yacoub pi

Dr. Issa Haddad

Dr. Tawfiq Qab'in

First pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy

Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy

IRBID: Or. Abdul Majid Sabahin

Civil Defence Immediate

Al Sharea' pharmacy (985238)

Dr. Samir Al Lawai (—) Khalifeh pharmacy 985417

EMERGENCIES

UNITED NATIONS (R) — An Arah eovoy has accused U.S. "This sort of pressure is an attempt to frustrate U.N. debates senators of diverting attention by pre-empting results through from the Middle East peace pro- the utilisation of excessive finan-Maksoud said, adding that the debate smneked of "political

opportunism." Calling discussions about the resolution "ideological," be said these issues would inevitably subside if there was a Middle East peace settlement.

"Why introduce this oow unless the objective is to derail realities of the search for peace, in order to enable Israel, as usual. to buy more time, to establish more settlements in occupied territories and to continue its instransigence against all peace efforts," Maksoud said.

He said the debate over the resolution also disrupted efforts to discuss the massive flow of Soviet Jews to Israel since the U.S. tightened its immigration regulations.

"How can we say Soviet Jews... can have access to Israel when Palestinians, even as Arab-Israeli citizens, have been systematically denied them because they are not Jews."

And if they are not Jews. how can you say that Israel is not practising a form of racism... not racism... but a form of racism?" be asked.

Qadhafi seeks better ties with U.S. Kabul KUWAIT (AP) - The daily to end

Communist

monopoly

on power

NICOSIA (R) - Afghanistan

plans to strip the ruling Communist Party of its virtual monopoly

on power and pave the way for

multi-party democracy, a senior Afghan official said Wednesday.

Habib Mangal, former ambas-

sador to the Soviet Union, told

Reoters in an interview in Cyprus

that Kabul hoped the sweeping

political changes would help end the Afghan civil war.

changes that have swept Eastern Europe, he said the ruling Peo-

ple's Democratic Party of Afghanistan (PDPA) planned to dis-

solve itself and then operate

under the new name in the hope

"It will no longer be a party of

workers and peasants, rather an

organisation open to the parti-cipation of Afghans of different

backgrounds and political affilia-

tion," said Mangal, who is chair-

man of Afghanistan's House of

"We hope to create n new political climate in Afghanistan

which will allow for the formation

of different political parties. Our

aim is political pluralism," he

A Loya Jigrah, or grand assem-

bly, would convene next month

to draw up n new constitution to

replace the present Marxist-

Muslim Mujahideen rebels,

who have fought the government since a Marxist coup in 1979,

bave in the past spurned offers by

President Najibullah to share

Political pluralism would be

given prominence and all refer-

ences to the pro-Soviet PDPA

deleted in the new constitution,

He was attending a conference

of the Inter-Parliamentary Un-

ioo, grooping parliamentarians from around the world, which

voted Monday to accept Afgha-

Although the Afghan constitution provides for the formation of

political organisations, the PDPA

has so far tolerated only parties which have oot challenged its

leading political role and consti-

Mangal said a PDPA congress

would meet later this year to

choose a new name and change

The Loya Jirgah, the highest

authority in Afghanistan, would

appeal to opposition parties and

refugees to return home to take

part in the new political system.

Nnjihullah appealed at the

weekend to the five million

Afghan refugees hving in Pakis-

tan and Iran to return and prom-

ised the government would give

back property seized under the

In a separate development, a

defecting Afghan Air Force pilot

said Tuesday pilots who bombed

Kabul's presidential palace last

month did not at first know about

a coup attempt against Najibul-

Major Bakht Jamal said in an

interview issued by nn exile

over Kabul on March 5.

so," he said.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Communicte

Representatives.

inspired document.

power in a coalitioo.

nistan as a member.

the party's manifesto.

of winning wider support.

Ontlining plans similar to

newspaper Al-Watan reported Wednesday thast Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qadhafi is willing to improve relations with the United States. Quoting informed diplomatic

sources, the paper said Qadhafi communicated this desire to the General People's Congress, the highest decision-making authority in Libya, in a secret session. 'Addressing the congress, Qadhafi said the United States is an inevitable evil and the meeting should find a way for restoring relations with it," Al Watan quoted the sources as saying.

Bnt, also Wednesday, Libya's official news agency quoted Qadhafi as calling for the depar-ture of the United States from the Mediterranean region. Libya has never broken di-

plomatic relations with the United States. But the United States closed its embassy in Tripoli after it was sacked by Libyan protesters in December 1979. Former U.S. President Ronald

Reagan imposed an economic boycott on Libya in January 1986 that has regularly been renewed. Last mooth, Qadhafi was quoted by the official Libyan

News Agency (JANA) as saying no Islamic country should have diplomatic relations with the United States, Britain and West Germany and calling for a Muslim economie boycott against

"No Islamic country should establish relations with the U.S. government and its allies," he said. "Rather, we should have a decisive and perpetual boycott against them.

Recently, the United States has revived allegations that Libya's

Rabta chemical plant was manufacturing outlined ebemical

Libya has said it suspects Israel, the United States and West Germany were responsible for a recent fire that damaged the

The United States attacked Libyan targets three times in the 1980s, twice shooting down Libyan fighter planes and bombing. Tripoli in 1986 on charges that the country supported attacks against Americans.

Qadhafi has appealed to Muslims to release foreign hostages held in the Middle East in connection with the Muslim boly month of Ramadan, reported Wednesday.

Qadhafi specifically metnioned Jacqueline Valente, a French-woman captured on a yacbt off Cyprus in 1987 by Abo Nidal's. Libyan-hacked Fatch Revolutionary Council, said the JANA report monitored in Rome.

It said Qadhafi appealed to "rank and file Muslims the world over in his capacity as the leader of the International Islamic People's Command calling for releasing the hostages and prisoners of conscience on the advent of the blessed month of Ramadan - the month of love and tolerance."

Ramadan began in late March. The JANA dispatch said Qadhafi stressed Islamic bumanitarian values and called for refraining from detaining inno-

cent people. "He has called to mind the hostages in the Middle East of various oationalities and religions, in particular the French hostage," Jacqueline Valente. She was captured along with her two daughters and five Bel-

gians. The Abu Nidal group claimed they were Israeli spies. Her whereabouts are not certain.

The children, then aged 7 and 6, were freed in December 1988. reportedly after Qadhafi inter-

After their release, Qudhafi urged "liberation movements in the Middle East" to free the rest of the hostages.

The group has not been included on the list of Western hostages held in Lebanon.

Eighteen Westerners, including eight Americans, are missing and presumed held captive. Oadhafi said Tuesday lewish

emigrants could go to Alaska if they wished but not to Israel. Solving the problem of Jews lies in their remaining in their present countries and no state can be established on a religious basis." he said in a message to an

Inter-Parliamentary Ucion (IPU) conference in Nicosia. Otherwise, we propose an alternative homeland for them in the Baltic republics. Alaska, Alsace-Lorraine or on the Volga River. These are Jewish areas, not Palestine," he said in the message, the text of which was made

available to Reuters. By what right are Jews emigrating from their countries to Palestine? If the Jews are being persecuted in their countries this does not give them the right to persecute other people, namely the Palestinians," he said.

Aboot half-a-millioo Soviet Jews are expected to move to Israel over the next few years. Arab states fear they will be settled in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip to the detriment of Palestinian resi-

Chad says 330 rebels killed near Sudan the group is supported by Libya.

N'DJAMENA (R) — Chad said Wednesday government troops had killed 330 Libyan-backed guerrillas and captured 46 in fighting near the eastern border

An official statement said the army had retaken the Chadian villages of Bahai and Tine after an offensive lannched Tuesday. The government said forces of

the "Islamic Legion" attacked the two villages near the town of Biltine on March 25. Chad says

The Chadian statement, issued by the military high command, did not give any figure for gov-ernment casualties in the fighting. which was described as fierce. Dozens of military vehicles,

several weapons and other equipment were destroyed or seized, it said, adding that final figures were not yet available. Diplomatic sources said fighting could be continuing. Chad last week accused Sudan

of "siding with the enemy" and President Hissene Habre vowed to destroy "all bases of the Islamic Legion and Libyan mercenar-

Chad and Libya, which restored diplomatic relations in 1988, bave fought several wars over a stretch of desert seized by Tripob in 1973. They agreed in August 1989 to settle their claim to the Aouzou Strip within a

Israeli study calls for harsh economic pressure on Palestinians

ish state increase economic pressure to break the Palestinian revolt in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Retired General Aryeh Shalev, author of the independent Jaffee Centre for Strategic Studies' report, said Wednesday conflict with the Palestinians could be ended only through negotiations but first they must be forced to make concessions.

"My assessment is that the time is not right yet to begin serious negotiations," Shalev, who commanded Israeli forces in the West Bank from 1974 to 1976, told Reuters.

His stody, "the Intifada: Causes and Effects," lists a series of harsh measures Israel could take to force Palestinians to abandon their present conditions for talks on the future of the occupied territories.

Afghan News Service he received The proposals would mean the bombing orders while flying further hardships for the 1.75 million Palestinians who have already suffered a sharp fall in "I was told that they would tell me in the air what to do. When living standards during the 28another fighter bombed the presmonth-long nprising against idential palace, I was ordered to Israeli rule bomb the same target and I did

Shalev soggested haoning Palestinians from working in

dents of the occupied territories. Although this would harm Israeli industry, especially construction, periodic stoppages in the flow of workers during the revolt have hit Palestinians harder than

"After some time their preference would be given to the necessities of life and they would approach the leades of the intifada (uprising) and say they can't continue like that," Shaley said.

He also proposed balting Palestinian traffic across the Jordan River to Jordan, which would cut off valuable West Bank ex-

That would prevent access to foreign universities for Palestinian students, whose own universities have been closed by the Israeli army throughout the upris-

ing.

The former military commander proposed tougher curfews than those already imposed on centres of unrest - closing off towns for two-week periods during which residents would be allowed out of their homes for only an hour a day.

Shalev's fourth measure would be to stop the flow of funds from

Other Flights (Terminal (2)

TEL AVIV (R) - Ao Israeli Israel, which would remove the the Palestine Liberation Orgabrought in by individuals and various organisations working

with Palestinians. "In my estimate, they socceeded in smuggling in \$100 to \$300 million in the past year," said the senior researcher nt the Jaffee Institute, part of Tel Aviv University.

Shaley said peace negotitions could only succeed if the revoit was ended and Palestinians abandoned key demands such as including the PLO in any oegotia-

Above all, he said, Palestinians would have to accept that the outcome of any peace talks was not fixed, dropping their demand that negotiations must led to Palestinian independence.

Shalev appears to have toughened his attitude in this latest report. A few months ago he wrote that Israeli leaders were unrealistic to believe that peace with Palestinians was possible without talking to the PLO.

A 1989 Jaffee Centre study tentatively endorsed a Palestinian state in the occupied territories after a 10-15 year period of iimited self-rule.

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

Children programme

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

He did not elaborate.

150	48 Programme review
150	46 Programme review 45 Chikiren programme
17:	10 Book of Adventure
180	00 News for the Deaf
	20 Religious programmo
10.	06 Health programme
10	Person Programme
	40 Programme review
	• News in Arabic
20	30 Local series
21:	30 Programme review
215	49 Local programme
22	29 Arabic film
23:	News in Arabic
	OGRAMME TWO
	10 Des Chiffres et de lettres
18:	36 La Chance aux chansons
19:0	90 News in French
19:	15 Documentary
10-	30 News in Hebrew
	45 Varieties
20.0	News in Arabic
4	The Bill Cosby Show
21.	NBA Basketball

	PARTER IMES
03:56	Fajr
05.15	(Suprise) Daha
11.38	Dhohr
15:12	'Ast
18:01	Maghreb
19:20	'Isha
	CHURCHES

22-20 Feature film: Movie of the week

News in English

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590. Church of the Annuaciation Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. 623541.

Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraina Church Tel. 771751. Amendus International Church Tel. 827981, 685326.

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817 and 654932.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of occur and winds will be southwesterly

moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and sea calm. Aqaba 12 / 25

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 18, Aqaba 23. Humidity readings: Amman 18 per cent, Aqaba 20 per

Hotel Complaints Water and Sewerage 787111 Central Amman Telephone 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs ... Jordan Television 661107 773111 Radio Iordan Jordan Electricity Authority __. 815615 Electric Power

HOSPITALS

AMIMAN:	
Hussein Medical Centre	813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amu	644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Arm	
Jabal Ameran Maternity	
Malhas, J. Amman	636140
Palestine, Shmeisani	664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital	669131
University Hospital	845845
Al-Musher Hospital	667227/9
The Islamic, Abduli	666127/37
Al-Abli, Abdali	664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhaircen	
Al-Bachir, J. Ashratich	
Army, Marks	

Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50 Amai Hospital	
ZAROA:	
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323	
Zarqa National Hospital (09)991071	
Iba Sina Hospital (09)986732	
RND:	
Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275	
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275	
The Al Nafces Hospital (02)247100	
AQABA:	
Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111	
FOR THE TRAVELLER	

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oncen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it

ARRIVALS

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) New Delhi (RJ) 99:45 99:55 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ Dishran, Kuwat (RJ)
Dishran, Kuwat (RJ)
Cairo, Aqaba (RJ)
London (RJ)
Lamaca (RJ) New York, Amsterdam (RJ)

18:00 Other Flights (Terminal 2)

Baghdad (IA) Kuwait (KU) 12-25 13:51 15-30 17:50 Amsterdam (KL) . Frankfart (LH)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal (1) · Rome (edd.) (RJ) 11:15

18:15

12:00 12:15 Paris (RJ) Lamaca (RJ) . Aqaba, Cairo (RJ) 12:45 13:00 19:40 20:28 20:45 Baghriad (RJ) Kuwait, Abu Dhabi (RJ) .. Jeddah (RJ)

Damascus (AP) Prankfurt (LH) Baghdad (IA) Kuwait (KU) 11:25 Riyadh (SV) Bahrain, Müleat (GF) Dasnascus, Dubai (EK) Ankara, Istanbul (TK)

MARKET PRICES

Вапапа	450 / 400
Battena (Mukammar)	400 / 350
Beaus	1000 / 800
Cabbage	
Carrot	
Cauliflower	
Cacumbers (large)	200 / 150
Cacambers (small)	
Dates	
Eggplant	
Gartic	
General	700 / 000
Grapefruit	240 / 200
Lemon	
Lettuce (per one)	120 / 80
Marrow (large)	
Marrow (smail)	
Oziou (dry)	
Onion (green)	
Orange	320 / 280
Orange (Shamouti)	360 / 300
Pepper (bot) 12	200 / 1000
Pepper (sweet)	600 / 500
Potato	250 / 200
Raddish	150 / 100
Sego	500 / 400
Spieack	

FOR FRIDAY

PROGRAMME ONE

10:15

====	ACHROCE PROGRAMS
11:40	Friday's prayer
12-45	Sports programme
14-15	Programme
17.23	Religious sentions
****	The state of the s
70920	THE PARTY OF THE P
18:10	Local programme
19:25	Local programme
19-40	Tocat brogramme
20.00	Programme review
49700	Personal Newson in Applica
45:34	THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE
****	A rabin and
22-30	Jerash 89
71-00	Jerash 89
	The state of the s
43:16	Programme count.
FROG	BAMME TWO
17:15	Franch file
10-00	LICUCAL INITIAL
10.00	News in French

22:00 22:20	News in English Quincy
	PRAYER THEES
03:56 05:12 11.38	(Startise) Date

.... The Robert Guillarme Syes

News in Hebrey

New press law in the making - Izzeddine

AMMAN (J.T.) - Speaker of the Lower House of Parliament Soleiman Arar Wednesday called for the formation of a special committee of the Jordan Press Association (JPA) made up of members with long professional experience to deal with all issues pertaining to the press.

Speaking on Jordan Television, Arar called on all journalists to respect the law which controls relations between journalists themselves, protects the profession of journalism and regulates the journalists' relations with

"Local newspapers have lately published strong criticism of the Lower House of Parliament's sessions and many journalists boycotted the last two sessions," Arar said.

Arar pointed out that Jordanian newspapers are free to publish anything even if it is directed against the executive authority and noted that Parliament had refrained from interfering in the newspapers' affairs when it came to publishing materials pertaining to the Lower House of Parlia-

But he said that Parliament has the right in particular situations to demand that the laws be respected and nothing should be published about deliberations at secret Parliament sessions.

In reply, during the same television programme entitled "Meet the Press", Mahmond Al Kayed, editor of the daily Al Ra'i said that it was not reasonable to ask the local press to refrain from publishing anything about a Parliament session. "Parliament's debates on corruption were referred to in the press, but not the actual discussions," Kayed ex-

He said that once a Parliament decision reaches the public prosecutor it is no secret any more. Late last month, Arar pub-lished a lengthy article in Al Ra'i criticising the press for publishing subjects related to the corruption

issue discussed by Parliament. Kayed published a reply jus-tifying the press's stand. Following Parliament's criticism of the local press many jonrnalists stayed away from Parliament's. concluding sessions last month. Minister of Information Ibra-

him Izzeddin said on the televised programme that work was underway on a new publication law cause the old one was in need of modernisation and revision.

PLO leader stresses need for joint stand

AMMAN (Petra) - A senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official ended a tenday visit to Jordan Wednesday by calling for an urgent Arab summit to take steps in support of the Palestinian uprising and an Arab popular move to back such an

urgent need.
"The Arab World should at the official and popular levels make it clear to the U.S. Congress, the American administration and all the enemies of the Arab World that Israel cannot have its way of subduing the uprising and cannot pursue its aggressive and expan-sionist policies at the expense of the Palestinian people's rights," Yasser Abed Rabbo said in a statement before leaving Am-

Abed Rabbo, who is a member of the PLO's executive committee and head of the PLO's information department, was earlier received by His Majesty King Hussein to whom he delivered a message from Palestine President Yasser Arafat.

With reference to a decision by \$400 million to finance the settlement of Jewish immigrants, Abed Rabbo said that the move served as an open encouragement to extremism and aggression, and as part of Washington's ongoing policy of condoning Israel's exprosionist plans.

"In the face of such an attitude on the part of the United States in support of Israel's aggression, and in view of Israel's continued occupation and repressive measures against the Palestinians, there is urgent need for a united Arab stand and a collective Arab action," Abed Rabbo added.

Abed Rabbo, who discussed with the King and Minister of Information Ibrahim Izzeddin Paiestinian-Jordanian relations

offered him a chance to discuss political and informational matters of common concern in relation to the intifada, and joint

Political discussions in Amman centred on issues pertaining to raising the level of PLO-Jordan coordinated work and joint action and cooperation with the Arab states confronting Israel,

Abed Rabbo pointed out. He said the main issue discus sed was means of dealing with the **Icwish immigration into Palestine** from the Soviet Union and Eastern European countries.

"The series of recent developments in the Middle East and the ongoing Western onslaught on Iraq make it imperative on the Arabs to convene an Arab summit which will no doubt have its beneficial effect on the Palestinian intifada and PLO's policies." Abed Rabbo said.

The PLO official said that Israel's ongoing bostile campaign inst coordination between the PLO, Jordan and Iraq had intenified and had now b into a campaign directed against Iraq for acquiring weapons for

self-defence. On the PLO's relations with Syria, Abed Rabbo said that they are quite normal and steadily progressing. "We expect to have meetings with the Syrians soon in the course of a process to improve ties still further," Abed Rabbo said.

"The PLO and Syria need to base their future relations on new foundations so that together, they can confront the common threats and dangers," Abed Rabbo

Minister of Information Ibrahim Izzeddin was among other officials to see Abed Rabbo off at the airport.

World Vintage Air Rally Route Map

Economists union rallies behind Iraq

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordanian Economists Association (JEA) Wednesday issued a statement condemning the ongoing hostile campaign against Iraq as being waged to subdue the Arab Nation, and called for closing

Arab ranks behind Baghdad.

"This campaign, which is being launched by imperialist circles in Britain, the United States and Israel is designed as a move to cover up for Israel's daily crimes committed against the Arab people of Palestine and to deviate world public attention from the situation in the occupied Arab territories." the statement said.

"The imperialist campaign aims to keep the Arab Nation in a weak state, unable to take a serious decision that would earn the Arab countries the respect of the world and support for the just Arab causes," the statement

Iraq, the statement said, has all the right to acquire all forms of weapons to defend its soil and its people against aggression and the Arab country ought to be sup-ported and backed by all peaceloving nations in general and Arab states in particular.

It said that those behind the outcry against Iraq for acquiring weapons seem to have forgotten Israel's continued refusal to endorse an international nuclear non-proliferation treaty and tend to forget that Israel has a formidable arsenal of nuclear weapons, poisonous gas and other forms of weapons manufactured in cooperation with other countries hostile to the Arab Nation.

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

Jordan, Tunis strengthen cooperation

TUNIS (Petra) - Jordan's ambassador to Tunis, Tala! Sataan Al Hassan, and Tunisian Minister of Economy and Finance Mohammad Al Ghanoushi held a meeting Wednesday to discuss bilateral cooperation in economic and commercial fields. Hassan said that he discussed with the Tunisian minister arrangements for a Jordanian industrial fair to be opened in Tunis on May 25, the Kingdom's independence day, ways to develop and increase the volume of trade exchange between the two countries and securing Tunisia's needs of Jordanian potash for the current year. The Jordanian ambassador held another meeting Wednesday with Tunisian Minister of Planning Mustapha Al Nabili in which he discussed with him bilateral relations and scopes of promoting and bolstering them.

Jordan to attend anti-drug conference

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan will take part in an international conference on curbing demands on drugs and combatting use of cocaine to be convened in London next Monday. Jordan will be represented in the three-day conference by a delegation that will include the Jordanian ambassador to London and the Public Security Department (PSD) anti-narcotics section director.

Shagra appointed counsellor

AMMAN (Petra) — The Cabinet Wednesday approved the secondment of the Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs, Zakat Fund Director Mohammad Ibrahim Shaqra to work at the Royal Academy for Islamic Civilisation Research - Al Al Bait Foundation - as a counsellor for His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the academy's chairman. The Cabinet also approved the formation of the Hittiya-Aqaba railway company board of directors made up of the minister of telecommunications and transport as chairman, the ministry's secretary general, the Agaba Railway Company director general and representatives of the ministries of Finance, Awqaf and Planning and the privae sector as members.

Fagir opens mosque annex

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Ali Al Faqir Wednesday opened an annex for Al Nasr Mosque in Jabal Al Nasr. The mosque consists of three floors and includes a library. Local citizens have donated about JD 65,000 for building the

Bashir addresses IPU conference

NICOSIA (Petra) - Deputy Awni Al Bashir, Wednesday, delivered Jordan's speech in the meetings of the International Parliamentary Union (IPU) conference convened in the Cypriot capital. Bashir reviewed in his speech, delivered before an anti-narcotics committee, the duties of the anti-narcotics department in Jordan, the problem of drug smuggling and the role of the press in making the society aware of the dangers of drugs. Bashir Wednesday attended a meeting of the Islamic parliamentary group taking part in the IPU conference. The meeting took a unanimous decision to hold a meeting to discuss Soviet Jewish immigration to

Corporation gives loans to farmers

KARAK (Petra) — The Agricultural Credit Corporation presented JD 250,000 as loans to farmers in the Karak governorate during the first quarter of 1990. The organisation's Karak Director Khaled Majali said that 98 farmers benefited from these loans. He said that the farmers used the loans to hold agricultural projects, improve irrigated land and buy cattle and agricultural equipment.

Officials inspect food outlets

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Supply Nabil Abul Huda, accompanied by senator Husni Ayesh and deputies Abdul Munem Abu Zant and Abdul Aziz Jabr, Wednesday visited the Civil Service Consumers Corporation (CSCC) and the Amman slanghter house and toured Amman markets.

Registration for pilgrims starts Saturday

AMMAN (Petra) — Director of the Pilgrimage Department at the Ministry of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs said tha the pilgrims registration for this year pilgrimage season will start next Saturday April 7 and will continue until May 6. He said that Minister of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Ali Al Fagir would hold a press conference Thursday on this season's pilgrimage procedures and

American journalists visit Agaba

AQABA (Petra) - A group of American businessmen and journalists including Barbara Walters arrived Wednesday at Acaba. During a two-day private visit to the Kingdom the group will tour archaeological and historical sites in the south.

Vintage planes due in Amman

AQABA (J.T.) — Eighteen vin-tage aircraft taking part in the London-Sydney air rally arrived in Aqaba Wednesday and their crew were welcomed by Her Majesty Queen Noor, several members of the Royal family as well as the commander of the Jordanian Royal Air Force.

The vintage aircraft are due to fly to Amman Thursday and their 40-member group is expected to speak at a press conference ont-

Good

crops

foreseen

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Depart-

ment of Meteorology Wednesday

forecast a good harvest of crops

in Jordan this year in the light of the quantities of rain that fell in

different parts of the country.

da said that there were 12 rainy

days in March throughout the

Kingdom followed by two days of

heavy rain and light snow in the

gy expects a rise in temperatures Thursday, reaching 20 degrees Centigrade, but cold nights with

temperatures going down to

around 3 degrees Centigrades.

The heavy rain and the snow

which fell in Jordan over the past

three days threatened the lives of

almost 150 people, most of whom

were rescued by civil defence

men, according to a report in Al Ra'i Arabic daily Wednesday.

The paper said that among those cut off by the floods or

snow were eight foreign tourists

and three Jordanians carried

away with their cars by the floods

near Wadi Mousa.

first week of April,

millimetres.

Department director Ali Aban-

lining details of the trip which marks the 70th anniversary of the first single-engine light aircraft flight from London to Australia.

On their way to Amman the crew members will be taken on a trip to the Nabatean city of Petra and other archaeological sites within a programme organised by the Jordan Inter-Continental Hotel which is hosting the group.

Jordan is the sixth leg of the

trip which will take the crew six weeks to cover the distance to Sydney, Australia.

Taking off from London, the initial stage, the vintage craft flew to several destinations in France. Italy and Greece before stopping in Alexandria in Egypt and flying on to Agaba.

Following the press conference in Amman, the crew will fly their vintage planes to Saudi Arabia on the next leg of their mission.

Police report clues in major mosaic theft

AMMAN (J.T.) — Police have apprehended a number of people in connection with the theft of a mosaic floor from Oast Al Hallabat, a desert castle dating back to the second century A.D.

The announcement about the theft, which took place last Sunday, was made only Tuesday and according to a police statement Wednesday, intensive investigation into the case led to the arrest of an unidentified number of people believed to be trading

with antiquities and artifacts. The statement said the police had found these people in illegal possession of pieces of antiquities and retrieved them for the benefit of the Department of Antiquities.

According to Abanda, Salt re-ceived the highest rate of rainfall from the beginning of the winter season and until now — quanti-ties totalling 585 millimetres, fol-lowed by Ajloun, 546 millimetres, The statements said that Prime Minister Mudar Badran was personally concerned with the case and instructed the concerned He said that the least amount police authorities and the Departof rain in the winter season fell on ment of Antiquities to step up the southern town of Maan, 27 efforts to capture the people behind the theft and those dealing The Department of Meteorolo-

with stolen Jordanian artifacts. Police said Tuesday that thieves stole an Islamic mosaic floor from Qasr Al Hallabat and that the government was offering a handsome reward to anyone providing information that could lead to its

The stolen mosaic piece is 30 square metres in size, representing "the tree of life" and a variety of animal, human, floral and geometric motifs dating back to the Umayyad era in the first half of the eighth century A.D.

Minister of Tourism, Abdul Karim Al Kabariti, said that an alert went out to border points after the theft was discovered

Department of Antiquities director Ghazi Bisheh also told the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Wednesday, that the theft was the work of professionals who left no trace behind, not even tracks on the desert road.

He said that the thieves must have cut the mosaics into small pieces so that they could later sell them to antique and artifact col-

According to Bisbeh, the caretaker at Qasr Al Hallabat was absent at the time of the theft. and the thieves made good use of the stormy weather condition.

"The thieves must have spent up to six hours inside the old castle to lift off the whole multicolour piece of mosaic floor,' Bisheh pointed out.

"This theft is considered a major crime against the country's cultural wealth and history and against the Arab and Islamic nation." Bisheh added.

He said it was unreasonable to ask the Department of Antiquities to be able to give protection to the over 5,000 archaeological sites in the Kingdom around the clock, largely due to financial reasons. It has been the practice of the department to get assistance from local people to protect the antiomities.

Bisheh said that some citizens have been in the practice of conducting illegal excavations at burial places taking out antiquities for purely commercial purposes and the department is taking strict measures to end this practo change billing system

JEPCO

AMMAN (J.T.) — Bowing to consistent public demands and repeated complaints, the Jordan Electric Power Company (JEP-CO) has decided to reconsider its current practice of assessing power consumption and will cancel the system as of the beginning of JEPCO used to send out teams

to read the meters once every three months before charging consumers for the first month's reading and charging them for an assessment of their consumption for the following two months.

The company's decision was announced Wednesday by the chairman of its board of directors Mohammad Ali Bdeir who admitted there were limited errors in meter reading and assessment.

"In response to numerous complaints from subscribers, JEPCO has decided to do away with the present system as of June 1990," Bdeir announced in a statement at a press conference.

He pointed out that the errors did not exceed one in a thousand and that the company is now supplying power to over 320,000 subscribers, increasing annually at the rate of 12,000.

Bdeir complained that certain subscribers had been in the habit . of delaying payment, prompting the company to disconnect their power supply until they settle their dues for a minimal fee of JD

Bdeir said that overall, dues on subscribers now stand at more than JD 9.5 million and at the same time the company is committed to pay JD 100,000 daily to the Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) for the power it obtains to supply the subscribers.

According to Bdeir, the com-pany now holds JD 7,648,138 deposited in advance payments by subscribers as guarantees, but the public owes the company a total of JD 9,730,899 according to final accounts for 1989.

Agaba takes the lead in observing Earth Day

AQABA (J.T.) - The port of called to review plans for the Agaba is probably the first Jorda- occasion that a cleanliness camnian city to respond to a call for cleanliness and for providing protection to the environment following an announcement that the Kingdom will join the community of nations in observing Earth Day which falls on April 22.

On that day, a worldwide celebration of the environment will be held in many parts around the globe, and Jordan will mark the day with a nation-wide campaign to remove garbage and keep the country side, the roads and the surroundings of the city clean and healthy.

Agaba Region Anthority (ARA) president, Bassam Qaq-ish, said at a special meeting

paign will be launched to cover city and the suburbs. "The campaign will involve all citizens working for or employed by organisations, schools, commercial and business centres and the port corporation," he said.

The campaign in Jordan is organised by the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature with the purpose of involving citizens in protecting the environ-

Apart from seminars and posters to make the people aware of the need to have a clean and green country, the society has made plans for up to 20,000



A design by Malek Kabariti

garbage, old tyres and generally

students to take part in removing cleaning different areas around the country.

Dead Sea statue — myth or reality?

By Mariam Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN -- Could it be that a statue of salt-enemsted stone on a cliff above the Dead Sea is actually a fossil from Biblical times?

Leaving it up to the imagination of visitors, a team of Friends of Archeology along with Jordanian philanthropist Arslan Ramadan and officials from the Ministry of Tourism set ont for the Dead Sea last Friday to look at the statue which has not attracted too

many tourists till now. Tourism Ministry officials say that the statue - or whatever it really is could be used as a touristic attraction. Ramadan, who photographed the statue and led last Friday's expedition, said that it "definitely" could be a fossil statue of the wife of Lot (Genesis 19) who, according to the Bible, was transformed into a pillar of salt for looking back towards Sodom, in dosobedience of the Lord's orders.

Ramadan's supposition is not the first of its kind since Ralph E. Baney published a picture of the same stone statue on the Dead Sea in 1962 when he was searching for Sodom and Gomorrah', and the Jordanian photographer Zohrab made a postcard of the statue enscribed 'Sodom and Gomorrah'.

Jordanian tourism officials are sceptical about the actual significance of the statue:

"Looking at it from one side it looks like a woman walking out of the Dead Sea," said Nasri Attallah of the Ministry of Tourism.

"At this point," Attallah said "no one can say that it is the statue of the wife of Lot the statue resembles a woman with a long arm carrying an arm bag and walking out of the Dead Sea."

He said that geologists supposed that the water level could have been at the level of the statue's feet around 2000

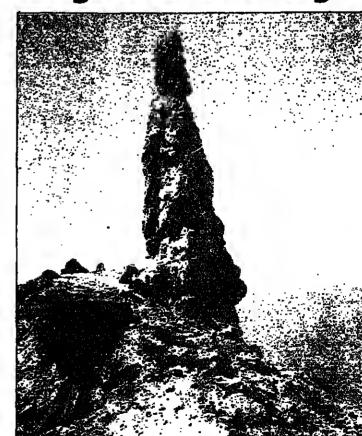
The rock formation with the uncanny resemblance of Lot's wife could easily be used as a tourist attraction. "After all in the middle of the Egyptian desert there is a rock formation that looks like Teddy Kennedy and many tourists visit that so why not see this," Attallah

He pointed out that while "no-one can claim that the statue is actually of the wife of Lot, no-one has proven other-

According to Attallah "excavation teams have been searching in and around the Dead Sea since the 1960's, if not before, to look for remnants of one or more of the Biblical five cities of the plain, but so far to no avail."

The 'story'

Sodom and Gomorrals are thought to be two of the "five cities of the plain" which are



The centrepiece of the controversy

mentiond in several Biblical accounts in the 'Book of Gene-

According to Biblical and archaeological scholars, the Bible provides clues to the location of the five cities, which may not have existed all at the same time. However, the

"clues" indicate that the location could be either in the north or the south-east of the Dead Sea.

The existence and consequent destruction of Sodom is estimated to be anywhere from 2,400 B.C. to 1,800 B.C.

the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions. EXHIBITIONS * An exhibition by seven Iraqi artists at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation (10 a.m. - 5:60 p.m.)

* Art exhibition by Ahmad Nawash at the French Cultural * Exhibition entitled "Man and Land" by Jordanian artist Khalf Ghawanneh at the Royal Cultural Centre.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and

* Exhibition entitled "The Productive Families" displaying unbroideries, ceramics, woolien clothes and foodstuffs at Al Qudiniyya Community College. * The Islamic book exhibition which includes books on Islam.

literature, psychology, sociology, education, philosophy, law and history at Yarmouk University. Art and craft exhibition by inter-schools at the Royal Cultural Centre (opens Friday).

THEATRE

* Arabic children's play entitled "Tales from My Grandanother's

Chest" at the Royal Cultural Centre - 10:00 a.m. CONCERT * Concert by the felk art troupe at the Royal Cultural Centre-

\$:30 p.m.

FILM * Posture film entitled "An American in Paris" at the American

Centre -- 3:00 p.m. RAMADAN QUIZ

* The named Ramadon quiz of the AUB alumni club at Amra hotel --- 9:00 p.m.

يربن تابين يرمية عربية سياسية مستقلة نصدر بالاتحليزية عن للؤسسة المسحفية الأراثية Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED Director General:

MCHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief: GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation,

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan. Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366

Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO

Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Simmer comes to boil

THE AGE of mass destructive weapons and rocketry has dawned on the Middle East with a vengeance. Israel launched Tuesday its second satellite into orbit in an unmistaken sign of showing off its rocket muscle in the wake of Iraq's pleage to meet Israel's threats with a comparable one. Iraq's missile capabilities are not much behind those of Israel, and Syris. Saudi Arabia and Egypt are known to possess immense capabilities in this domain as well. God knows how many more countries in the Middle East have or will soon have such weaponry in their arsenals. Of course, the reason for this proliferation of mass destructive weanons iz the Middle East and their means of delivery is the fact that the two principal conflicts in the Middle East, namely, the Palestician problem and the Iran-Iraq conflict, were left to simmer and boil for decades.

Had the superpowers in particular and the international community in general acted more seriously to defuse these conflicts right at the outset instead of famuing them in one way or another and then acted in concert to bring them to a resolution, there would not have been any reason to introduce such sophisticated weaponry to this region in the first place. Now the big powers of the world have only themselves to blame for the rapid deterioration in these two situations to such an extent that the next round of war, if and when it occurs, will involve mass destructive weapons delivered by long-range rockets. But now that the genie is out of the bottle there is no effective way to reverse the tide of mass destructive weapons in the Middle East, be they nuclear or chemical or biological. The only sane way left is to make sure that such weapons will never be used. The Ections of the world, including Middle Eastern countries, are in a rece with time: Either to let the momentum generated by the introduction of such weapons dictate the politics of the region and force on them an unwinnable war or to act more expeditiously to resolve these simmering conflicts with all the necessary will and determination. There is no doubt that it is within the power of the big medians to do something effective as far as these regional conflicts are concerned. The Arab-Israeli conflict, especially As Palestinian dimension, need not and should not be left unresolved for long. In the past the two superpowers were wing with one another and that was the excuse for not putting their reads together to enforce a legitimate solution on the parties concerned. Now that they are in league they have no more instification for not resolving this conflict. The same applies to the Iran-Iraq conflict. There was a time when the Washington-Moscow rivalry had kept this conflict on fire. Fortunately, these two powerful countries can now act in concert to put an effective end to this conflict as well. Will the big powers shoulder this challenge before rockets carrying mass destructive weapons are fixed all over the

This is the crax of the problem now.

Pordah Press Editorials

His Majesty King Hussein has refuted the falsehoods of the U.S. Senate which announced its recognition of Jerusalem as the united capital of Israel, said Al Ra'l Arabic daily in an editorial Wednesday. The King has made it clear that what has been based on semething null and void will itself be illegitimate and wrong, and that the Senate's decision was unjust because it was based on illegitimate justifications, the paper added. It said that the Senate's decision reflects disregard to international law and political blindness with regard to the most sensitive issue in the Arab-Israeli conflict. Over the years, all U.S. administrations have displayed commitment to the fact that East Jerusalem is part of the occupied Arab territories which means total rejection of occupation and annexation because such annexation is rejected by the international community and is considered illegal, the paper pointed out. It said that the U.S. Senate has now reversed this situation, which simply means rejecting U.N. Security Council Resolution 242 which in turn means adopting an attitude hostile to peace and all efforts leading to that peace. The paper said this creates a very serious situation because it places the Arabs face to face with the remaining alternative: to regain their rights and their

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily voices support for Iraqi President Saddam Hussein's announcement that be will use chemical weapons against Israel should it launch an adventure against Iraq. Tarre Massaweh says the Arabs have the right to defend themselves with all means available to them whenever they are attacked. The writer reminds his readers that it was the Americans who first used chemical weapons in Vietnam to kill the Vietnamese people and destroy their cities and forests at a time when the so-called free world kept silent and did not protest this action. When then should we be afraid to announce our intention to defend ourselves with our weapons if exposed to an external attack? asks Masarweb. He notes that the Arabs are now fighting for survival and to defend their lands from occupation and aggression, and therefore they have the right to use any weapon. In his speech television, continues the writer, Saddam Hussein has clearly exposed the ill-intentions of Isreal and its allies and exposed the U.S.-British-Israeli conspiracy and told the world of his intention to defend his country.

Dwelling on King Hussein's statement to the Jordan News Agency, Fetra, Al Dustour daily said that the U.S. Senate's decision was a strange incidence in form and in content and more 50 in its timing. The Senate's decision above all was total contradiction to the U.S. official stand since 1967, and Washington's regard of Jerusalem as an integral part of the occupied Arab lands, the paper noted. The paper echoed the King's words that the Senate's decision, considering the holy city as the united capital of Israel, was harmful to the ou-going efforts to achieve peace in the widdle East and conflicting with the will of the international community which had endorsed U.N. Security Counil Resolution 242 that clearly denounces any annexation or occupation of other countries' territories by force of arms.

Is Sudan jettisoning south?

Unwanted war, unwanted victory

By David Hirst

KHARTOUM - THE taxi driver said laconically: "He prays a lot." He was speaking of General Omar Al Bashir, Chairman of the Revolutionary Command Council of Sudan.

The piety is to be expected, because Gen. Bashir presides over what is gradually emerging as the first Khomeini-style Islamic fundamentalist regime in the

But it is less and less on the Almighty that be relies than on the tanks which guard his barracks in the centre of Khartoum. Never have new Sudanese rulers proclaimed such lofty ideals, only to fall into such swift discredit. It all began on the night of June

29, with a touch of comic opera. Because one of the new regime's leading lights is the army's chief physician, it was some 150 men of the medical corps, along with the music corps, who played a key role in disposing of Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi and his democratic period."

It was not clear at first who these faceless army officers were, but before long there could be no donbt: the fundamentalist National Islamic Alliance (NIF), led by Hassan Turabi, had masterminded the putsch.

It was the prospect of an immi-nent end to Sndan's long-running civil war - between the Arab, mainly Muslim north and the non-Arab, non-Muslim south which prompted the Islamic radicals to act. For peace, on the terms agreed by Sadeq's ruling coalition, would bave under-mined their whole theocratic design for the Sudan.

The war poisons political life and drains an already beggared economy. Though the junta im-mediately proclaimed its interest in peace, in practice it made reconciliation impossible. So it is now waging war more strenuously, yet more ineffectually, than

That bodes very ill for Sudan, that combined with the new rulers' other manifold perversities. "You will never understand these people," said a dismissed civil servant, "unless you start from the premise that they are quite simply very stupid, irrational, in-experienced, fanatical and loathed. They call themselves Islamic. but in reality they are installing a new jabiliyah (the age of ignorance that preceded Islam).

It is a harsh judgment from which it is nonetheless very hard to find a dissenting voice among khartoum's liberal, secular intel-

Though small, the NIF is also very rich. It is well-organised and purposeful, as extremists often are. Its wealth comes not merely from the "fundamentalist inter-national," but from inside Sudan.

One of the key concessions it wrung in the early 1980s from an embattled President Ja'afar Numeiri as the price of its support was the establishment of an Islamic banking sector. Authorised by special presidential decree, the Faisal Islamic Bank, Saudi-sponsored but forbidden in Saudi Arabia itself, flourished mightily thanks to a battery of unique privileges. It is organically linked to the NIF.

The NIF is led by some scasoned, often well-heeled politicians in the Turabi mould, but its rank and file - narrow, zealous and prone to violence and intimidation — are drawn mainly from a newly urbanised lower middle class. Much of its invective is directed against those who represent traditional wealth and privilege. It magnifies their abuses in the same way as it does the "communism" and "atheism" of the secular, modernist intel-

"These people," said a university professor, "think that it is the believer's duty to work for an Islamic state wherever possible, on top of a mountain if necessary. That is what they have learned from Egyptian fundamentalist ideologues whose works they study. Substitute northern Sudan for the top of a mountain and you have their ambition in a nut-

The civil war lends to this utopian zealotry perticularly drastic implications. One is a readiness, which Gen. Bashir has openly alluded to, to let the south secede if that is the only way to preserve the cohesion and integri-

ty of the north. None of this amounts to a formal programme, apparently unwilling to show its full fundamentalist face, the junta has simply never issued one. it is less the regime's policies - groping, improvised and incoherent which reveal its NIF identity, than the way it is consolidating its

grip on state and civil institutions. It is eradicating all that is modern, secular, liberal or democratic from public life. After outlawing political parties, professional

associations and trade unions and tained the previous regime's banning newspapers, the junta is freeze on the Sharia including banning newspapers, the junta is purging the administration, either by packing it with NIF loyalists or creating entirely new, "parallel"

At least 600 army officers many of whom had been agitating for an end to an unwinnable and 400 police officers have been dismissed. The civil service has suffered bage, extremely damaging losses. Among the new institutions, at least one has a distinctly Iranian flavour and NIF men are known to have undergone courses in the Islamic Republic.

Newly established "popular committees" were initially presented as friendly neighourhood bodies, but they quickly assumed a security role, empowered to eavesdrop and arrest. More sinister is the Revolutionary Security. with its secret detention centres, where people are tortured before being handed over to the regular state security.

Then there are the Popular Defence Forces. These are the tribal militias which were originally encouraged under the Sadeq administration, but have been legalised as defence forces under this one.

"These people think that it is the believer's duty to work for an Islamic state wberever possible, on top of a mountain if necessary. That is what they have learned from Egyptian fundamentalist ideologues whose works they study. Substitute northern Sudan for the top of a mountain and you have their ambition in a nutshell."

The militias have been employed as auxiliaries to the army in its war against the southerners. Unruly and self-serving, they have used their status to prosecute their own conflicts, typically over grazing and water rights, and, in the assurance of immunity from punishment, they have carried out fearful massacres.

Khartoum is now getting its own Popular Defeuce unit, ostensibly open to all volunteers but in reality the NIF's own militia, and-latest reports indicate that it has acquired tanks through its accomplices in the regular army, to which it is conceived as a counterweight.

The regime's key objective is to reimpose the Sharia, the Muslim boly law, first introduced at the NIF's instigation under Col. Numeiri, in its full rigour. The Sharia has always been the main obstacle to a negotiated settlement of the war.

Colonel John Garang and the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA), with the support of the national alliance" of northern political parties and unions, have insisted that Sudan revert to its secular constitution. The NIF's idea, held to be unworkable by its critics, is that, to overcome the hostility of the non-Muslim south, the Sharia should be applied in the north only, or, if nationally, only to Muslims.

The NIF is also bent on streng-

thening the Arab character of the country, calling, for example, for the "immediate" Arabisation of education, without any prospect of furnishing the southerners with the means of learning the lan-

There is a growing campaign to expel southerners from Khartoum. Driven there by war and hunger, they are encamped in shanty towns around it. The NIF portrays them, in racist terms, as a "black belt" strangling the city, as a "secret army" that will one day rampage through it and rape its women.

On the two main issues over which it took its predecessors to task, the war and the economy, the junta's record is poor and potentially disastrous.

On the war front, it is in disarray. It has turned the strug-gle into a full-scale jihad, even though the thinly spread, badly equipped, demoralised army is less capable than ever of waging

The SPLA continues to take ground, bringing the southern capital, Juba, under siege, and generally going on the offensive in the dry season that traditionally favours the government side. In apparent tactical deference to Col. Garang, the junta has main-

amputation of limbs, a thoroughly unconvincing gesture when all its rhetoric suggests that enforcement is its ultimate aim.

On the one hand, Gen. Bashir visits Kinshasa and Nairobi in the hope of of talking to Col. Garang, who humiliatingly spurns him. On the other, he goes to Tripoli to conclude a "union" with Libya, in the knowledge that the termination of such alliances with Arab countries has always been one of Col. Garang's conditions for peace.

The northern, mainly secular opposition and the SPLA have been thrown more closely together behind the common aims of democracy, pluralism and preserving the unity of the country. The opposition fears that the NIF's surreptitious ambition is actually to destroy the army in the south, leaving itself undisputed master of the north, where can establish the Islamic Republic of (a very much diminished) Sudan.

On the economic front, things are likewise worse than ever. The junta has made a great show of combating some types of corrup-tion and penalising profiteers, two of whom it hanged after arbitrary secret trials. But it has done nothing to tackle the condi-tions in which such practices flourish.

It has only frightened the private sector into sullen paralysis. The repatriation of desperately needed hard currency has been reduced to a trickle; industry is running at 15 per cent of capacity or less; agricultural output, espe-cially of the staple sorghum, has nosedived to its lowest level ever.

The junta favours Islamic banks and businessmen: it mocks the International Monetary Fund, of which Sudan is the world's largest debtor, and antagonises aid-giving Western governments and agencies.

"With the wholesale price of sorghum now seven times what it normally is at this time of the year," said a farmer, "starvation is near. But the government just closes its eyes, pretending all is well. Its policies ensure that next year's crop will be even worse." With Colonel Moammar Qhadhafi just about its only remaining friend, the junta is hopelessly isolated.

Col. Garang and the northern opposition are counting on general unrest leading to the kind of spontaneous popular uprising which has been known to bring down dictatorships.

But people are afraid, for these are holy warriors of a type they have never known before. Gen. Bashir's tanks await the uprising. The first fundamentalist government in the Arab World is unlikely to yield power easily.

 Sudan has crushed a coup conspiracy and arrested servicemen and civilians trying to oust the military government, state-March 28 — The Guardian.

ACADEMY AWARDS GALA

Egypt-heading towards elections?

By Maurice Guindi The Associated Press

CAIRO, Egypt — The constitu-tionality of Egypt's parliament is under fire in a court challenge that could lead to elections by this summer, two years before they're

The accompanying political row is typical of what Egyptians face in a continuing struggle to work out the kinks in a stillimperfect democratic system.

Egypt has come a long way from the single-party dominance that prevailed for more than two decades after Gamal Abdul Nasser overthrew King Farouk in

Nasser's successor, Anwar Sadat, restored the multi-party system in the late 1970s, and allowed publication of newspapers proclaiming the opposition parties' message — though Sadat became impatient with their criticism and periodically cracked down.

It was during one of those crackdowns on dissent that Sadat was assassinated in 1981 by Muslim extremists. Hosni Mubarak, who then

came to the presidency, has since given government opponents wide-ranging freedom to criticise. They have made full use of it. Scathing attacks in opposition

newspapers frequently lead to shouting matches with state-owned publications. The two-way mud-slinging often spills over onto the parliamentary floor, where there have been opposition walkouts - and even a few scuf-

The government considers the parliamentary and media fights a safety valve, to have the opposition "let off steam," as one offi-

YESSIREE! I PUT

But Egypt's politics remain dominated by a strong presidency which practically monopolises foreign policy, while in domestic

affairs, he keeps close tabs on the

prime minister and his cabinet. The administration's backbone is the National Democratic Party's 75-plus per cent majority in the 458-seat legislature, or people's assembly. The party can outvote the opposition anytime thought the opposition, with almost 100 seats, is the largest

Kamal Khalid, 59, a lawyer registered as an independent, began the current political free-forall with a suit in constitutional court renewing an earlier challenge he bad raised to an oftenamended election law that dates from 1972, during the early Sadat

since republican Egypt began

Khalid quickly found likeminded comrades within Egypt's five opposition parties.

They want the court to rule that the election code violates constitutional guarantees of equal opportunity - and they want voting districts to be redrafted to ensure proportional balance between numbers of voters and numbers of parliamentary seats. Then they want new elections.

An advisory panel of jurists attached to the seven-member constitutional court recommended in a non-binding opinion that the court uphold Khalid's objections to the election law. The seven-member tribunal, the ultimate arbiter of Egypt's basic law, is expected to rule by early

Under the constitution, the president can dissolve parliament only with the electorate's approv-

In 1987, a similar challenge by Khalid of the same election law prompted Mubarak to disband the assembly and call elections.

Mnbarak made the moves. however, before the court upheld Khalid's suit contesting parts of the election law. The referendum endorsed dissolution and elections went ahead

two months later, in April 1987. The newly-elected assembly then nominated Mubarak for a second six-year term in October 1987, and be was endorsed by the voters in another referendum. Many thought at the time that Mubarak acted quickly without

risking an adverse court raking because of the impending presidential nomination. This time, no urgent business is pending. Opposition parties are cam-

paigning strongly in their news-papers to have the assembly dis-solved.

"The courty is in the threes of a constitutional diletoma," Hilmy Murad, a former cabinet minister and among leaders of the assembly's largest opposition bloc. "The only way out is to disband the assembly and have new elections.

Opposition leader Murad said his 60-seat Socialist Labour Party parliamentary alliance favours a scenario beginning with dissolution and elections. Then Mubarak would amend the electoral law by decree and submit it to the new people's assembly for approvai. But Ibrahim Nafei, a Mubar-

ak's confident and editor of the leading newspaper Al Ahram, said tersely: "There can be no invalidation of the people's assembly."

Mutt'n' Jeff











Andy Capp







Peanuts







Jordan Times WEEKENDER

Published Every Thursday

April 5 A

Khleifi's new film makes Palestinian pain under occupation felt

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - With his blue jeans, casual shirt, longish black hair and his black leather bag, Palestinian-born film director Michel Khleifi appaars somewhat Bohemian and very close to the heart at first encounter.

It has been quita an experience getting to know this artist, for he has a way with words that induces mental and intellectual stimulation. He does not pretend to be clever with words: He is simply very sensitive, brilliantly analytical and has a personality that charms people.

Each day, Khleifi revealed new qualities about himself that could only gain him respect, for the man has some outstanding features that are strongly apparent in his films screened this week in Amman, one of which was a premiere of his latest, Nasheed Al Hajar (Ballad of the Stone), about the Palestinian uprising.

The Jordanian and Palestinian public in the Kingdom have finally been introduced to Khleifi's films ten years after his first production, "Images of Fertile Memories," which won him the Best First Film Award at the Carthage Film Festival in Tunisia.

Many find it ironic that a Palestinian director, who has gained international recognition for his films on Palestine, has not gained the same attention that he actually deserves in a country nearest geographically and somewhat culturally to Palestine. But what is important is that the films did arrive, though temporarily, thanks to the cinema committee of Abdul. Hamid Shoman Foundation

and the Popular Committee for the Support of the Intifada who brought the films and invited the director to talk to the public.

"It's unfortunate that it took me so long to come to Jordan to present my films, but I'm very pleased and honoured to present my latest film in Jordan for the first time," Khlelfi told a full-house at the Philadalphia Cinema last Sunday at the intifada fundraiser premiere of Nasheed.

Born in Nazareth in 1950, Khleifi lived in Belgium for the last 20 years atudying and making films. Yet he still retains his northem Palestinian accent and continues to stay close to the Palestinian and Arab culture, old and new.

"Though Nazareth is only two hours from Amman, it's unfortunate that I had to go to Belgium first to be able to come and meet you in Jordan after so many years. Hopefully we will all meet next time in Nazareth," Khleifi, a Belgian citizen, told the applauding audience before Nasheed was screened.

Shock and Guilt ware clearly seen on the faces of the audience leaving the. theatre, for Khleifi was successful in his attempt to make the Palestinian pain under occupation felt by the burgeois viewers.

All Khleifi's feature films, including Images of Fertile Memories and Wedding In Galilea, created a controversy in the Arab World. Images portrays two types of Palestinlan women: An old woman (who is actually his aunt) representing tradition and a younger divorcee, (writer Sahar Khalifeh) represent-Ing change and development. Wedding In Galilee was



Michel Khleifi speaks to the press. Also present is Jordanian film critic Adnan Mdenat.

a dramatised film which depicts some traditional intricacies of the Palestinian

society. Wedding in Galilee created an outcry from many Arabs who saw it because of the explicit love scenes and nudity, as well as for exposing what could be construed as drawbacks by some in the Palestinian society.

As one critic said: "Palestinians and Arabs don't like to see the drawbacks of their society, but would rather concentrate on the positive elements.

On this point, Khleifi says that the "reality and truth, no" matter what it may be, must be depicted in the way I envision it as a film director."

"The human being is the most important alement of a nation, and we must realise öür drawbaçks and mistakes to create a better society. What is a nation without clean and honest human beings?" Khleifi points out.

Another controversy?

Nasheed will perhaps create another controversy, as was evident by some of those

who saw the film Sunday. Not being used to such sophisticated style of filmmaking, some believed that "it was a good propaganda for us in the West."

Nasheed is part documentary and part drama depicting a realistic Palestinian life during the intifada and under occupation, as well as a parallel dramatised dialogue between a couple who are reunited as a result

of the uprising. The dialogue is written by Khleifi himself in classical Arabic verses and the actors say the words matter-of-factly in a monotone style. This was not accepted by some viewers: "because it mada no sense within the contaxt of

Perhaps seeing the film for the first time gives this im-

seeing it a second time, one realises that the viewer must really concentrate to understand the beauty of the conversation and its significance within the theme of liberation from oppression, be it opprassion of the Israeli occupation or the society. Khlelfi explains that the

actors' delivery of the script is something he did purposely. "I put hysterical and emotional acting aside to enable the basic ideas of the script to directly reach the viewer, Besides, people deal with their daily lives from within themselves, internally rathar than externally," he says.

In his film, Khleifi does not portray the "festive atmosphere of the intifada."

"But I attampted to show the human angle of the pain and suffering of the individuals under Israeli occupation," Khieffi told the Jordan Times WEEKENDER.

"What mattars to me when I make a film is the interpretation of the human situation that leads to the slogans and the television image we see of the event (intifada)," he says. "A real film is not just dealing with a certain political event, but rather one based on the daily life by delving into the human elements involved which lead to the political event."

Khleifi's initial idea for the uprising film was to portray the pain of children of Palestinian martyrs, but as each day passed, "I realised I had to show the pain of all those under occupation, because the pain is shared by everyone thare."

"I could have gone out and filmed tha demonstrations, for example, or just went ahead with my Initial idea. But I

pression of the dialogue. But realised that the pain was everywhere, repeating itself. I also used the testimonies of fraed prisoners and absorbed them in what the male character says," Khleifi explains.

He wrote the script everyday while he was filming, as new information and ideas unfolded, giving new and unrepetitive dimensions to the reality as he envisioned it.

Passion for Palestine

Many Arabs believe that Khleifi's styla is "too European." but when asked who his target audienca is when making a flm, he said: "When there is a water spring, it is for all those who drink from it. I don't have a problem with that. I make a film becausa it forces itself on me and because of the love and passion have for my country."

The passion and closeness Khlelfi has for Palestine and humanity is truly overwhelming, for his films, especially Images and Nasheed, show his personal sensitivity to the way he handles the beauty of the people and nature. The films, like his personality, move the audience to a point that makes them try to become better human beings.

Let us just hope that such a free and inspiring talent would receive the support of Palestinians and the Arabs at large in making more such films that appear to emerge from his soul, for we want to continue seeing his works. And hopefully, the Arab audience would accept and support his freedom in making his films. As he says: "I always defend and protect my freedom when making a film, and my personal freedom. Because the more I do that, the closer I get to Palestine."

nian networks and the orga-

nised work that takes place

within the prisons. Decisions

are made by the Palestinian

leadership and passed on to

the various committees of

prisoners in the form of tiny

capsuls (tiny pieces of pap-

ers wrapped in plastic). Even

Marwan's execution is car-

ned out by members of Force

17, an organised committee

to annihilate traitors, who

document that focuses on

the silent war that is still tak-.

ing place between the

Palestinians and the Israeli

"The Trap is a historical

work in Israeli prisons.

intelligence networks.

By Nermeen Murad

Yasser Abed Rabbo, head of the Information Department at the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), arrived in Jordan the week before last obstensibly for a "two-day visit and talks on information coordination with Jordan." Obviously, Abed Rabbo found more than information coordination, since at the end of the two days, it became evident, at least to some political analysts, that Jordanian-Palestinian relations have discovered new horizons for cooperation. Ten days after he arrived, Abed Rabbo was still in Amman accepting invitations from old friends and relatives. Other than an official dinner (before Ramadan started) given in his honour by the minister of information, Abed Rabbo attended iftars hosted by personalities like Senator Jaafar Shami, former member of parliament Daoud Suleiman and businessman Ali Mango, and maybe some others as well. To be fair though, Abed Rabbo did have other legitimate reasons to stay behind after his official visit ended. First, his 39 year old brother Khalid has just passed away and he had to be here to accept condolences from Jordanian and Palestinian officials as well as from friends and relatives. Secondly, it was rumoured that PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat might be arriving to Jordan very soon, and Abed Rabbo had been waiting for him to join in his delegations. However, it seems Abed Raddo had tired of waiting for his boss, so he left by the middle of this week.

The Jordan Times had hardly realised that its sister Arabic paper, Al-Rai, and a fellow journalist and colleague could be the public victim when it revived its tradition after a break of two years and played an April fool's prank on its readers. The "revolution that was in the making for Jordan's postal services," as reflected in the Jordan Times front-page story on April 1 under the slug "Mail at Your Doorstep — personal Delivery in Offing," was promptly picked up as the theme for a column by Al Rai's Bader Abdul Haq, who has just started writing his daily column, after spending years as the newspaper's Arab and international news editor. In his column, which appeared on April 2, Abdul Hag voiced pleasure at the introduction of the door-to-door postal delivery system and took pains to describe how it was so much needed in Jordan. Some at A! Rai' realised, evidently a bit late, that the original Jordan Times story was a prank, but that did not stop Bader's column from appearing the next day. It sure must have been painful for Bader to learn that he had been done in, but he did indeed take it very well. Not only did be have a great laugh with the Jordan Times guys about the affair, he also wrote a column the next day telling exactly and honestly the story of what had happened, blaming it on the post office that the Jordan Times' story had to be April fool's joke rather than the whole truth.

IN the age of discoveries and rediscoveries, Jordan Television appears to be specialising in the latter. Only last week one of JTV reporters reported an "unnatural happening" related to a statue of the wife of prophet Lot. The reporter said construction work, including the use of explosives, on a highway near the antiquity, which, of course, was referred to as a JTV discovery, had no effect whatsoever on Mrs. Lot. Strange enough. But more strange is the number of times the statue was "discovered" after the Ministry of Tourism unveiled it in 1978. The newspapers picked it up shortly after the ministry, then by environmentalist Arsalan Ramadan who led Jordan Television to the scene. Now, archaeologists are at a loss to record in their books who discovered Mrs. Lot, who now stands defiantly on a cliff overlooking the highway under construction.

When the national carrier, Royal Jordanian, announced that it was taking over British Airways (BA) flights on the Amman-London-Amman route, it drew criticism from a local columnist, Fakhri Kawar of Al Ra'i, who is also a deputy for Amman. The criticism was that the elimination of the B.A. office in Amman would mean loss of jobs for at least 16 people. Royal Jordanian replied that there was no problem whatsover and that the B.A. employees would be absorbed into RJ staff. It said offers had been made to the B.A. personnel. But, Jordan Times inquiries reveal that none of them has received such as offer. In fact, some of them who applied to RJ are still awaiting a reply.

While the Jordanian government has announced its decision to recall all its non-diplomatic personnel from Jordanian embassies around the world in a bid to cut spending by an estimated ID 576,000 a year, one of our national carrier's managers abroad reportedly pays \$120,000 as annual rent for his home. Many observers feel that money saved from recalling cultural staff from embassies, which will affect several families, at minimum estimate, could be better saved by recalling a few of the heads of regional offices of R.J.

Thoughts For the Week

Opposition always inflames the enthusiast, never converts Johann Friedrich Schiller, German writer (1759-1805).

Revenge is always the weak pleasure of a little and narrow Juvenal, Roman lawyer-satirist (about 60 A.D.-140 A.D.).

The worst vice of a fanatic is his sincerity. Oscar Wilde, Irish-born writer (1854-1900).

Nothing is more unjust or capricious than public opinion. William Hazlitt, English essayist (1778-1830).

ictims of the silent war wys,

The Trap By Abdullah Eissa

Published by Dar El Ibda' Publishing and Distribution House Price: JD 1.50, 1990, P.P. 118

By Hana Darwazah Special to the Jordan Times

WHILE international reports carry condemnations of the killings of Palestinian "collaborators" in the Israeli

occupied Arab territories, the Trap comes as a light: reading literary work of how many of these" collaborators" originally fell victim to the vicious war between the intelligence

apparata of the Palestine li-

beration movement and the

A daring story, the Trap is a solid account of how Israel's intelligence tests, recruits, trains and exploits Palestinian

International law bans the recruitment of minors in espionage work. The Trap digs into the files of the Palestinian intelligence. apparatus to reveal the truth behind tha fall of many Palestinian youth to the intricacies of the intelligence

game waged by the Israelis. The Arabic language novel-style book focuses on one particular young man, Marwan, for the duration of 14 years, from 1972 when he was recruited by the Israelis

BOOK REVIEW

as a 15-year-old boy until

1984 when he was eventually

caught and executed by

Palestinians inside an Israeli

Rachel, an Israeli famale married a young man from readers the strong Palesti-

As shown by the author. the same method of entrapment is used again and again with slight variations throughout the story but when unsuccessful with the "greed" element, agents resorted to the use of drugs.

Human tragedy and personal reward were presented by the author as the obvious results of fighting the Israeli tactics. The two females who resisted Jean's attempts to recruitment had two different ends to their stories. While one killed herself to protect her family's honour, the other confessed and immediately

her village to cover her predicament.

Marwan is eventually implanted in Jenin Prison by his superior officar, Jean, as a ploy to infiltrate Palestinian resistance inside the prisons. By then the nationalist movement had Marwan's name on its list of traitors and ha was of little use to his Israeli employers.

The method by which Marwan was killed highlights the tragedy and insignificance of his greed. He is strangled by Palestinian prisoners with a shoe lace.

The Trap reveals to its

The simple style of the author, Abdullah Eissa, Is more than compensated for by the incredible facts presented in this story. Eissa is presumably privy to inside information from Palestinian intelli-

futable facts citing names, places, dates and events. The writer is obviously not sympathetic to the plight of his lead character. He portrays him as a greedy and weak person creating a contrast with two other targeted Palestinian females who resisted the temptations and

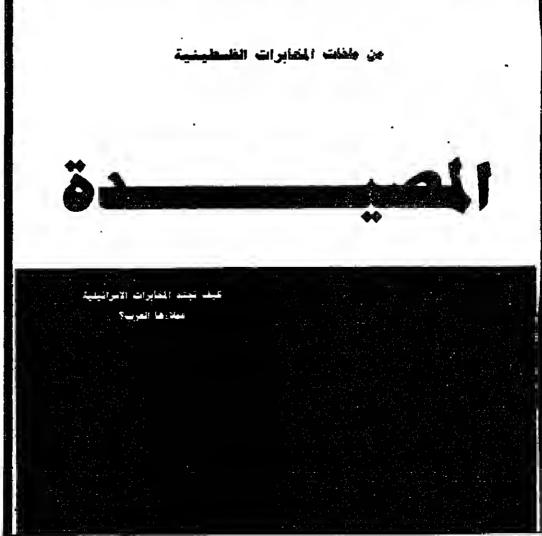
gence sources, because he

presents his readers with irre-

Jean, the Israeli intelligence officer in charge of Marwan's recruitement, enticed him with money and women, playing on his greed and finally entrapping him with photos of his affair with

blackmail of the Israali

agents.



Hugs and 'legitimate hugs'

By Saad G. Hattar

THE SCENE is set. A man and a woman realise that they are in love. They move closer to each other; their eyes locked; and the world of words is said in silence: a perfect romantic ambiance, vintage wine, white satin and a red-light setting. The low-toned syncopated beat suggests the love is about to be sealed with a kiss; but, cut, the scene ends here. Blank! The two had by now settled in a convertible red sports car winding their way on a highway. The scene changes; the two are now in legitimate wedlock

and have obtained a marriage certificate. Well; that document seems to give credence, legitimacy to a hug; beamed to dulled viewers who had by now lost track of the first scene which must have seen its way to the censor's bin. Well let's think it over. What is the difference between the

first hug and the "legitimate" hug? Both are part of a TV scene, a fairy tale that is shot to be presented as a comprehensible piece of action rather than bits and pieces of film footage.

The other day an nitra-conservative deputy called the TV management at 10.30 p.m. and launched an attack on the station for showing not-too-conservative scenes, including a kiss. Utterly confused, the management, it was said, sought to heal the damage but only to find out that the show beamed that evening had no emotional settings. Nor did it have anything to do with romance but it was rather a documentary on war and peace.

It took the deputy 20 minutes to call the station again with apologies and regrets. "Excuse me the obscene film is being beamed from the station in a neighbouring country."

The morality behind cutting the "bad" scenes is to keep them away from the eyes of teenagers. But, in the process, adults find it difficult to follow a scene completely distorted

and loosided. While acknowledging the morality behind censorship, it would be fair and logical to cut bad scenes before 10:00 p.m. and lift censorship, at least partially, after 10:00 when only adidis watch — Adults who don't blash from a kiss.

Channel 2 Weekly Preview

Thursday, April 5

8:30 Comedy — The Bill Cosby Show

Clare takes part in a discussion on television, which becomes the talk of the family.

9:10 Basketball

10:20 Movie of the Week

19:00 News in English

8:30 Comedy — The Robert Guillanne Show

Friday, April 6

Cornedy scenes at Edward's office. He's a marriage counsellor

9:10 Beauty and the Beast Though Lovers Be Lost (Part one of two)

The first of a new series of Beauty and the Beast: Vincent has lost his balance, he has discovered that evil lurks in his heart. So he hides staying out of sight. And Kathrine decides to do something about it.

10:00 News in English

10:20 Quincy Into Murdering Mind



Saturday, April 7

8:30 Surgical Spirits 9:00 Encounter

10:20 News in English 10:20 Feature Film

Sunday. April 8

8:30 Comedy — Who's the

Tony and his schoolmates plan a party in which Angela is invited to sing.

9.10 The World of Puppetry

A highly original and adroit West German marionettist, Albrecht Roser's earliest success came in 1951 with the marionette clown Gustaf. Roser's performances are designed for adult audiences and his unique format contains scenes full of both comedy and pathos. He is generally regarded as the world's finest marionette artist.

10:00 News in English

10:20 Agatha Christie's Poirot Peril at End House

Monday, April 9

Too much motivation ... can be dangerous

8:30 Empty Nest

9:10 Tusitala

The continuing story of the life of Robert Louis Stavenson in Samoa, In part four, the whites reject a peace initiative presented by the leader of the Sa-



8:30 Charles in Charge

Arab World

9:10 Scientific Legacy of the

Arab contribution to civilisation: Tha first episode gives a glimpse of the past and the progress of know-

10:00 News in English

10:20 In the Heat of the

Wednesday, April 11 Tuesday, April 10

> Laura's notorious reputation haunts her son Howard every where. Her shocking actions lead her to take residence as a squatter with her new triend Oberon and live in the same style.

8:30 Laura and Disorder

9:10 A Horseman Riding By The Party

Kraddock settles in a beautiful mansion and tries to maka himsalf useful

10:00 News in English

10:20 Guts and Glory The rise and fall of Oliver North

In this apisode the core of the Iran-contra scandal explodes.

THE WEEKEND CROSSWORD

DINING IN



.

ų

٠.

2.

•

5

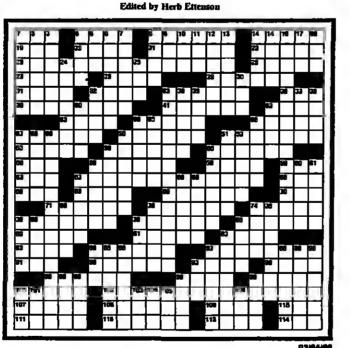
7

. 9

107 Russ, river 108 Kind of buliet 109 Sicilian volcar 110 Cooperstown 85 Chooses 85 OT critical 87 Broadloom 88 One man's

46 Frost and Niver

48 Use the oven 50 Decimal systematics of the control of the contr 38 Square 39 Links cry 40 Worker ant 42 Shock 43 Former actor Sal \$1 Take on \$2 Cest under a spell \$5 Disturb the



Last Week's Cryptograms

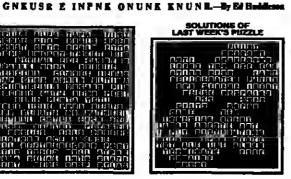
 To me, the necktie is one of the cruelest of all the torture mankind ever devised. 2. When stand-up cou

CRYPTOGRAMS

1. YQSI XSAT ZQINRMWFP BLIFP ASBFZY LI COE NCFZWI ZSISA ASRMMT ESAST

-By Cordon Miller 2 USU EAYLORD TY GSC BREESREA BETSTORO BARM OGRO UARE ITLME ROOTEMAI OTCO GSC YSECO CLSO? 3. HIMLA CMESJE BMTJ DWZ BEMEZCMIAJE

LWDLY ID YQEZ SILAMEQL CDE CEJJ EJBMQEV DK AQV TMK. -By Earl Ireland 4 CLOGSO FLIK FINGERS UEPS CONUNK



French cinema in U.S.

By Jean-Marc Dupuich

PARIS — The event well deserves to be pointed out. For the first time a French film festival has been held in the United States. It took place in November in Sarasota in Florida. The Deauville American Film Festival now finds, not its equivalent, but its correspondent, across the Atlantic.

The matter had, in fact, got off to a rather bad start. A certain local newspaper had becoma furious, accusing Robert M. Johnson, the senator from Florida and founder of the festival, of squandering public funds. This was the irritated echo of the protectionist reflex of the cinematographic corporations, needlessly alarmed at the risks of being penetrated by foreign cinema and, at the same time, scandalised by the European audiovisual quotas. But the figures are revealing: American cinema represents 48 per cent of the French market, while French cinema barely occupies 0.75 per cent of tha American market.

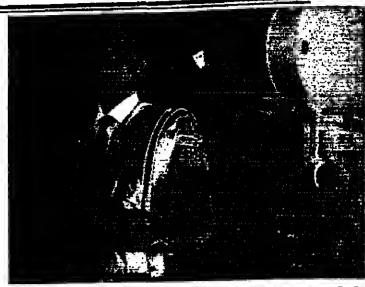
The majors (big com-panies) prefer to buy up the rights to hit-films and make new ones, rathar than distribute the original work. This is, for instance, tha case with Trois Hommes et un Couffin' by Coline Serreau. Moreover, entrenched in their almost total monopoly, they did not evan go to Sarasota. They were represented by Jack Valenti, president of the Motion Picture Association of America. While paying homage of the "French great masters", ha justified the blatant disparity in the market by maintaining that the Amer-

dubbed films or subtitles.

But the festival did prove a success with the public. The numerous spectator were able to discover some fifteen subtitled "author's films" which had come out during the year and had been selected by Molly Haskell, the New-York critic and a French cinema specialist.

The French films which manage to cross the Atlantic are generally favourably received. In addition to Jean-Jacques Annaud's L'Ours which was exceptionally successful, and the unpracedented score of Cousins-Cousines and the Cage aux Folles", the adaptation of Pagnol's novels Jean de Floretta and Manon das Sources by Claude Berri, Claire Denis's view of Africa in Chocolat and Louis Malle's painful memories in Au Revoirles Enfants touch the spectators, partly thanks, it is true, to a system of promotion suited to each film, a speciality of the Orion Classics Distribution Company.

Garard Depardieu's performance in Jean de Florette was acclaimed by the press, which also gave an enthusiastic welcome to Jeanne Moreau who had been invited to Sarasota. There is thus no rejection by the public or by the critics, but a blockade by the "majors". Claude Chabrol's Une Affaire de Femmes perfectly illustrates the problem. In this film, Isabelle Huppert plays a simple young woman, sentenced to death by Marshal Petain's France. for having carried out abortions. Faced with the refusal of American distributors, Marin Karmitz, who had ican public could not bear brought out the film in France. tual.



Young French producer Francois Dupayron chainges American filmmakers at the Prench Film Festival in Sarasota, Florida.

set up his own distribution subsidiary in the Unitad States in order to successfully distribute a work about which the public was sensitive owing to the national debate on abortion.

It is thus not unreasonable to call, as Dominique Wallon, the director of the French National Cinematography Centre, has done, for "a legitimate place in relation to the public". It is in this vein that Daniel Toscan du Plantier, the president of Unifrance Film, an organisation in charge of promoting French films abroad, accepted the proposal of Sen. Johnson and led a delegation of cinema professionals to Sarasota.

It had been agreed that no prize would be awarded, but Eric Rochant's Un Monde Sans Pitie had been a clear success, In it Mireille Perrier and Hippolyte Girardot present the uncertain, but Parisian, love of an idle young man and a beautiful intellec-

Bertrand Tavernier's La Vie et Rien d'Autre received an ovation. Philippe Noiret plays an officer in charge of registering dead or missing soldiers in Verdun in 1920. He falls in love with a young war widow, Sabine Azema.

These two films, together with Pascal Thomas's Les Maris, les Femmes et les Amants and Jerome Boivin's Baxter, were bought. And Patrice Leconta's strange Monsieur Hire with Sandrine Bonnaire and Michel Blanc, based on a novel by Georges Simenon, and Coline Serreau's Romuald et Julietta, a light utopic social comedy with Danial Autauil, had already found buyers before tha festival.

One should, however, not be surprised that, despite the presence of Audrey Hepburn, Arthur Penn and Mankiewicz and President Bush's telegramme of support, the 4 big American television channels ignored the event -L'Actualite en France.

THIS WEEK IN HISTORY

Thursday, April 5

1794 - Franch revolutionaries G.J. Danton and Camille Desmoulins are axecuted.

1946 - Soviet Union agrees to withdraw troops from Iran on promise of reforms in Azerbaijan.

1958 --- Fidel Castro begins "total war" against Batista government in Cuba.

1969 - Four-man British expedition reaches North Pole after 14-month, 2,100kilometre trek by dog sled. 1971 — Pakistan airlifts

foreigners from East Pakistan

as fighting rages during a revolt. 1986 - Bomb, blamed on terrorists, kills two and injured

155 as it rips through crowded Berlin discotheque popular with U.S. soldiers. 1988 — Arabic-speaking hijackars commandaar

Kuwaiti Airways plane with 112 people aboard and force it to land in Iran. 1989 — Viatnam announces it will withdraw all

its troops from Cambodia by Sept. 30 to encourage political settlement of the 10-yearold conflict.

Friday, April 6

1793 — Committee of Public Safety is established in France with dictatorial pow-

B.C.

Danton.

1901 — Russia drops draft convention with China after protests by Britain and

1909 - U.S. explorer North Pole. 1945 - U.S. naval forces

score major victory ovar Japanese at Kyushu in World War II.

1948 — Central legislature of British East Africa holds first session in Nairobi.

1988 - Israeli settlers and Arab villagers clash in a West Bank village, killing two Palestinians and an Israeli

Saturday, April 7

1934 - Mahatma Gandhi suspends civil disobedience campaign in India.

1936 — Cape parliament passes native representation bill permitting natives to elect three Europeans to represent them in union parliament in South Africa.

1941 - British forces under Archibald Wavell evacuate Benghazi in Libya during World War II.

1945 — U.S. aircraft carrier planes sink Japan's largest battleship, the Yamato, in World War II.

1953 - Dag Hammarskjold, Swedish diplomat, is

ers dominated by G.J. elected secretary-general of United Nations.

1988 - Iran and Iraq bomb each other's capitals and other towns, killing and wounding scores of people.

1989 — Soviet President ikhail Gorbachev concludes three-nation tour with lunch with Queen of England.

Sunday, April 8

1902 - Russia and China reach agreement for evacuation of Manchuria.

1906 - Algeciras Act is signed, giving France and Spain chief control in Morocco.

1919 - Russian Communist army enters the Crimea. 1939 - Albania's King Zog flees as Italian troops invade his country.

1958 — U.S. President Dwight D. Eisenhower proposes mutual inspection as means of enforcing atomic test ban.

1961 — Refarandum in

France approves a peace

settlement with nationalist rebels in Algeria.

Monday, April 9

1783 - Tippoo of Mysore forces the British to surrender Bednore.

1865 - Confederate (southern) Gen. Robert E. Lee capitulates to Union

(northern) Gen. Ulysses S. Grant to end U.S. Civil War. 1928 - Islam is no longer

recognised as state religion in Turkey. 1940 - German forces invade Norway and Denmark in

1942 — American-Filipino

forces on Bataan surrender to Japanese.

1949 - United Nations Intemational Court of Justice delivers its first decision, holding Albania responsible for incidents in Corfu channel and awarding Britain dam-

1974 - India, Pakistan and Bangladesh sign agreement to repatriate 195 Pakistani prisoners of war. 1975 - House of Com-

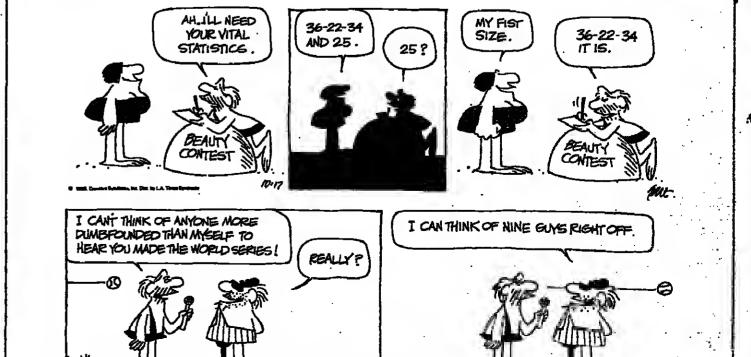
mons in London votes in favour of Britain's continued membership in European Common Markat. 1978 - Loyal troops in

Somalia crush attemptad coup by army officers. 1986 - Wast Berlin expels

two Libyan diplomats after a blast in a Berlin discotheque. . 1988 — China's National Peoples Congress names Li Peng as premier.

1989 - Sixteen people are reported killed as Soviat troops rush crowd of protestars in a central squara of Georgian capital of Tbilisi.

By The Associated Press



Good seeds have been planted for future of music in Jordan

Text and Photos by Jean-Claude Elias

Special to the Jordan Times

THE NEW weekly supplement, the WEEKENDER, will provide a new channel to talk about music. Although the newspaper has always brought previews, reviews and other "views" on the said subject, the WEEKENDER will allow a wider look at how this art is progressing in Jordan. From classical to jazz, pop to rock, variety instrumentals to reggae, music is well and alive in Jordan. Slowly but surely, it is being upgraded from mere entertainment to high art. Looking back at the past 4 or 5 years, one can see a clear acceleration of the events.

Classical music in Jordan

After literally years of efforts, negotiations end struggle in order to see his plans to come true, maestro Youssef Khasho has finally succeeded in esteblishing the Jordan Academy of

Khasho explained that one of the main difficulties he had to overcome was to keep tha artistic character of the ecademy prevailing over the business aspect that some wanted to impose on the in-

The academy has already started its activities. Its prog-

ramme covers the education of both performers and music teachers.

Khasho is one of the vary few, if not the only, Arab composer to have written fullsize symphonies, in the traditional and Western form of the genre — 12 symphonies, to be accurate. Some of them, like the famous and superb Jerusalem Symphony show an obvious and strong oriental inspiration. With Khasho's talent, the blend between European and Oriental is pure art.

The maestro also ex- increasing number of stuthe only music institution officially recognieed by the Ministry of Higher Education.

Among the projects of the academy are the establishment within two years of a children's orchestra, then a youth orchestra and in tha pendent private schools or long run, a National Symphony Orchestra.

Paralleling, the Netional Music Conservatory (one of the projects of the Noor Al Hussain Foundation) continues its activities with an

plained that the academy is dents. It has also organised and sponsored numerous concerts, recitals and performances.

The number of young children taking music lessons, whether at the conservatory, the academy, through indeeven at home with private teachers. is a clear indication of the trend.

Although some of the local talents are quite promising, it is too early to predict the future. Exceptions, however, exist like Lima Nabil or Patrick Lama who already are renowned pianists, and have given very successful performances in Amman.

The pop scene

As far as modem or pop music is concerned the situation analysis becomes much more complicated. For many years it has been considered as low grade music by the purists who accepted only clessical music es an "honourable" form of this art, but the level of sophistication and improvements introduced in pop are changing people's opinion on the subject.

In Europe and the United States many pop musicians come from the classical world with an impressive background of technique, knowledge and virtuosity, Elton John, Keith Emerson and others studied Bach well before they would rock the keyboard of a piano.

It's not yet the case in

There are about 10 regular bands in Jordan, two of them only have reached a local stardom - Mirage and Hot Ice. Solo performers like Qasem Sabounjhi, Basha'r Arafat or Qusai Zureikat deserve credit for doing a fine job. The common link between all these young musicians is the fact that they write their own material and do not simply "copy"

their role models.

Radio Jordan hae recognised the phenomenon and DJ Semi Kamel regulerly broedcasts e "Jordenian Hour" featuring the local talents. Wael Abu Nuwwar of Mirage, talking ebout the group's forthcoming project. said that tha group is planning a concert to be held at the open-air theatre of the King Abdullah Gardens Complex, In Shmeisani.

Mirage concerts have always attracted huge audiences and their last performance at the Al Hussein Youth City's Pelece of Culture brought back memories of the Beatlemania hysteria. Tha band has also given successful performances in Damascus last month.

Musa Faza' of Hot ice explained to the Jordan Times he is preparing Arabic songs. His band represented Jordan last year in Germany and in the Asian Song Festivel in Malaysia. Musa, like other young Jordanian composers, complains about the absence of copyright law enforcement in the country which prevents them from publishing their compositions and obtain material compensation and

It is worth mentioning the availability of the latest hightech recording facilities in tha country. The studios of Wael Abu Nuwwar and Samir Baghdadi ere equipped with Basem Said and pianist

Wael Abu Nuwwar of the Jordanian pop group Mirage

digital machines, computer sequencars and trendy synthesizers. Although technology alone won't make good music, it still provides the local musicians with the right tools to work on.

Jazz

Apert from concerts by foreign artists, Jazz music is the poorest member of the music family in Jordan. While jazz musicians do exist and live in the country, there is currently no jazz band or group performing here. The Amman Jazz Band, with their last performance given back in 1987 has split, and three of its members ara now living in

Still in Amman, guitarist

Khaled Dajani enjoy listening to jazz or playing occasionelly with friends.

Surprisingly enough, jazz, which is a very open and flexible form of music, and tharefore should provide an ideal frame of work to Jordanian musicians to explore and blend oriental structures. melodies end harmonies, is left aside. Tha reason could be that jazz requires more creativity and virtuosity than pop. There are also no "charts" or "top-twenty" in jazz, to stimulate and motivate young musicians.

Whatever the style or the label, good seeds seem to have been planted for the future of music in Jordan. One should keep taking care of them, be patiant, water them a lot then wait and see.

After huge success with Salaam Bombay

Youssef Khasho sitting at his plane

Young Indian film-maker turns to inter-racial relationships

By Phillippu Neave

NEW YORK - There is e deep glow in her dark eyes. A laugh, a smile, a toss of the head and she's e lively teenager. A reflective frown and wornan. Vibrant yet serene, Indian film-maker Mira Nair exudes e harmonious blend of toughness and sensitivity, will-power and spontaneity.

"The first thing that's important in my work is that it has to come from within me and satisfy something inside me," she explained in an interview at her New York production office. The fame that came in the wake of her hugely successful first featura film Salaam Bombay! which was crowned by the Golden Camera Award in 1988 has in no way altered her open

At 32. Nair has won worldwide acclaim for her vivid portrayal of Bornbay street urchins, but more important to her, she says is how the film was received in native India. The uncomprimising realism of Salaam Bombay! is

ditional Indian fare which " serves up romantic epics to the tune of some 800 movies a yeer. Salaam Bombayl played in theatres all over Indie and in major cities scored a "Silver Jubilee" — a 25-waek run. "I did not accept that one had to undarestimate the audience In India. I respect a lot of Indian commercial cinema. But I find a lot of contemporary cinema is derivative and plagerised. and not original - copies from Wastern films end

escapist stuff," she said. Nair who came to the U.S. on e Harvard University scholarship to study documentary-making in 1979 now divides her time fairly evenly between New York and Indie, and so far, all her work, four documentaries and Salaam Bombay! was shot in India. "In a very primary way, I feel my inspiration haa been India," she says, although she admits that living between two cultures has not always been easy. "Initially, it was very hard and confusing, and I used that confusion in my work," she edds,

the seasons in one place, but at this point in my life, I go where my heart takes me. It's e kind of axhilaration. These are the pushes and pulls that I live with."

"I feel very grounded and close to my culture: It gives me a lot of strenght to leap out and explore," says Nair, who grew up in Bhubaneswar, a historic town south of Calcutta in eastern India. Although she has become somewhat "Westernised," she says it has not reelly changed her reletionship with peopla at home.

"Indians are traditionally very prickly about that, but it works both ways. A number of creative people have first geined acceptance abroad and then been embraced at home. On the other hand, if you've been abroad and returned to India to work, your are viewed in a much more caustic and critical way. In the end, what I aspire to is to be judged by my work."

'Just a worker in a different

medium' though now she feels com-"I don't believe in personelfortable in this dual pattern. a radical departure from tra-

Mira Nair directs two street urchins in Salaam Bombay

"Sometimes; "ryeam to see all ity cults," she adds, "and I don't believe I'm doing anything hugely glamorous. I am just a worker, like e person in a factory, but it's just e different medium. I could simply fall and fade away. It's e very You just have to believe in what you do and like an insane person go after it."

> It's also a profession in which few women in India have vet succeeded, but society is changing fast. In an earlier documentary entitled Children of Desired Sex Nair highlighted the treditional preference still given to male children. "It is a paradoxical situation whare we heve many women who ere visibly successful, in positions of executive leadership. We have increasingly large middle class and more and more women in the workforce. In rural areas, women have always worked much harder than men, at home and in agriculture. The paradox comes when traditions still favour male children and women at home are supposed to submit totally to the family... A woman's place in India is filled with contradictions," she notea.

Although Indian urben society is fast moving into the world of consumerism, says Nair, "fundamental change can only occur when rural Indie changes." She expressed optimism and confidence in India's newly elected govemment headed by Prime Minister V.P. Singh who she beliaves is focusing on the problems of India's peasants - still a majority of the country's 814 million people.

Yet Nair expressed concem about increasing athnic tensions and communal strife, especially in the regions of Kashmir and Punjab where religious conflicts have brought a stata of civil war. "This is tearing our country apart. It ie the domino theory, one thing affects another... People had lost faith in the leadership," she says, referring to the government led by former Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi. "When you feel there is no centre, you ettempt to create your own."

Although it's a speciality of Indie to mix politics and the



Mira Nair

movie world - several film stars have risen to high political office largely becausa of their huge popularity on the screen — Nair isn't tempted to join in. "They heve a lot of money and publicity, but I think it is all ebout dreams and image," she comments. "It's not me. I want to affect people the way I know how to, through my work. Politics

is a dirty business. Yet social end political issues often provide the seed for her creations. "A lot of my inspiration comes from survivors — people who survive against all odds, people who survive without self-pity," she explains. "But I don't find films that preach interesting because there is no tension, no mystery; they don't do justice to the complexities inherent in tha situation of people living on the margins of society.

In a new film project, Nair has decided to addreas another complex social issue, that of inter-racial relationships and what she calls the "black, brown, white hierarchy." Shooting is due to start sin September, and the plot will focus on an Indian family which is expelled from Idi Amin's Uganda after living there for 20 years. The family ends up in Mississippi, in the southern United States, home now to a lerge Indian community, where some wealthier relatives settled.

Indians have baan attracted to the southern U.S. because of the warm climata. and says Nair, many heve done well there. Their success contrasts with the situation of the large black community whosa people seemingly are resigned to their fate and have little drive to fight for success. "The surface is extremely deceptive. There are (still) deep inequalities in this society. Missiaaippi is an extreme case of segregated America. It is e eituation of no-exit; psychologically, the young

black people have not been allowed to dream. When you depriva an individual of tha ebility to aspire to anything, they ask themselves 'what is the point?"

"The black community has been there for 400 years, but it faces a struggla that is very real because it comes from inside. When there has been a cultural genocide on such a deep level, it is had to start again.

In the south, Indians occupy an unusual position, says Nair: "The whites like the fact that the Indians ere there, running the businesses, because they're not black; the blacks like the Indians because they ara brown brothers... and the Indians like the fact that the blacks exist because they can be the underdoga."

In the film, the young daughter of the newly-arrived Indian femily becomes involved with e young black who runs a carpet cleaning business. When their relationship is discovered the latent racial tensions explode. "The film is also about dislocation and the notion of home," Nair says. "These are thinga thet are very personal to me and very inspiring. Africa is very present in the film as the notion of home. Mythically, it is the black people's home, and it is also the home of the Indian girl, because she has never known India."

Unlike for Salaam Bombayl in which Nair relied mostly on non-professionel ectors -children off the streets - she will use professionals from India, Africa and black-Americans. She promises to draw also on the local population.

The film is to be called Mississippi Masala — masala being the Indian word for a blend of hot spices used to flavour food. Concludes Nair. "It's about the fact that we're ell masalas in this new world. We're all from somewhere else and going somewhere else" — World News Link.

Kathleen Turner returns to Broadway

By Patricia Zengerle Reuters

PITTSBURGH — Film star Kathleen Tumer is proud of tha work she's done in the vieatre, out, unlike many actresses, sha won't express a preference for stage or

"I don't prefar either. I want both," she said in a recent intarview. "I love tha exactness of film, that you can be so incredibly precise. On stage, you must be less spe-

On the other hand, Turner said she thrived on theatre's opportunity to work before an audience. "The experience is so supportive, and so ex-

Tumer was in Pittsburgh on a pre-Broadway tour with 'Cat on a Hot Tin Roof,' Tennessee Williams tale of love, sickness, sexuality and frustration, which opened in New York last month for e limited

Tumer is playing Maggie, the sexy young wife fighting to regain the romantic interest of her husband.

The character is marked by a frustrated, bitchy side, but Turner says she also tries to emphasise Maggie's humour. "It's quite delightful to play

her. I like the level of aliveness I have with her," the 35-year-old actress said. Already known es a siz-

zling leading lady in film since staming in the 1981 hit Body Heat, Tumer said she had wanted to play Maggie since she was a girl.

But she stressed thet theres a lot more to Kathleen Turner than the steamy parts she's pleyed.

"I don't identify with any role," she said. "It'e ecting. really, truly it is".

"I'm not like that at home," said Tumer, a happily married mother whose desire to etay close to her family is reportedly the reeson the show's pre-Broadway tour was limited to four east coast cities.

As well as playing the seductress in Body Heat, Turner's film work has included a string of hits — Prizzis Honour, Peggy Sue Got Married,' The Accidental Tourist,' and e trio of films



Kathleen Turner

with Michael Douglas, Romancing the Stone. 'Jewel of the Nile' and most recently 'the War of the Roses.

Before her screen break in 'Body Heat', Tumer worked both in regional theatre and on Broadway.

The actress also put her unmistakabla, husky vocals to good use in tha 1988 hit film 'Who Framed Roger Rabbit', providing the voice of Jessica Rabbit, the film's sexy cartoon star.

of her most famous roles: "It's fun to play these women, with power and intalligence." She laughed when she was

The tall blonde actress said

esked to name her favourite leading man.

'Daniel Hugh Kelley,' she said, referring to the actor who plays Maggie's alienated, alcoholic husband Brick in 'Cat on a Hot Tin Roof.

Asked how he felt acting as foil to an actress like Tumer. Kelly joked in turn, "I've quit drinkina."

Besides Turner and Kelly. the production includes veteran movie and theatre actor Charles Durings as Big Dabby, Bricks father and the family's dying patriarch, and Polly Holliday, best known as e telavision actress, as Big Mama, big daddy's wife.

Tumar said she was committed to 'Cat on a Hot Tin Roof' on Broadway until mid-July, but wouldn't discuss her future plans.

"I can't tell you," she said. leaning back and pulling her heir up into the air.

By Nelly Lama

AMMAN — Wafa Qusous, a Jordanian puppeteer working under the aegis of Nour Al Hussein Foundation, presented and finally rounded up her own "public" parformances of the puppet play "My Grandma's Chest: Storeis.'

The play rolls around a little girl. Zeina, who opens her grandmother's chest only to find cld embroidered material that emit a particular smell. Shr is about to throw them away when ner grandmother, clothed in Salt costume, gently scolds her and tells her the story of Zeina, a girl who beckoned the clouds and the mountain to bring back rain to the barren land of her fathers. As the rain came and blooms grew, Zeina was offered in return for her zeal and perseverance. threads with the colours of the rainbow. With them, she was supposed to embroider her tattered black dress. Zeina, is touched by her grandmother's story, she caresses the embroidered piece that she now values. kisses it and replaces it into the chest.

Mixed kinds of puppets were used. Large Bunraku puppets played the major theme, while hand and shadow puppets filled in the secondary story that was built within the major one. The space ranged from a vast stage to a small box. Coreography penetrated sur-

depths, or remained true to the surface of tha box-theatre serving affects and express-

After each performance, Qusous — puppet-maker, script-writer and puppeteer the technical background of the puppets, the shadow theatre, the different elements used to form tha makebelieve rain, the moving mountains, etc. Some kids could not wait to go home and try these new-found techniques.

Aftar her brief expose.

face areas and swayed into Qusous would ask the children to express thair opinions and reactions. "Let the children evaluate!" is a wise and perceptive reflection by her. Perceptive too were the

children who told or reactions that the puppeteer herself would fill the c'aidren in on had not thought of; deep constructive philosophies, such as "This play taught us -- to try to solve our problems on our own and without hesitation ... to care for the land and to water the plants... to take care of our embroidery and traditions... to never touch things that do not belong us!" Thesa comments were

spoken out loud by the childaudience. An old grandmother commented gratefully." I appraciate the fact that you showed a gentle grandmother who tells stories to her grandchild. Grandmothers are losing this sense of being protectors and are often portrayed negatively with something like "I'll let grandma give you an injection!, creating fear rather than reassur-

Some children were relieved that Qusous treated them like "fullfledged human beings with brains." They claimed that many

ance."

actors behave chitdishly and constantly emit such superlative expressions that "they make us feel like a bunch of

Children were also given the chance to ask questions. They asked why the puppet's hand was rather large for the body. Qusous explainied that the puppeteer is free to exaggerate features for greater expression.

They asked how she could change voices so easily and not mix up between the characters? Voices are dafinitely Qusous's "fort" and the extent of her training, the innumerable hours that she spends practising, vouch for her infallible vocalisation.

Since the major part of the play was done with large puppets in the Bunraku style, Qusous and her partner stood on stage skillfully manipulating the puppets. This affect, new to the Jordanian public, raisad some complaints from adults, while children, always for something new, were aware of the expressions on Qusous's face, as well as the expressive movement of the puppets.

"people must learn to accept new things!" exclaims the puppeteer, "They heve to realise that this type of theatre has been going on in Japan since the 17th Century. Why is it that in this part of the world such an effect is shunned? In fact, it was from here that the earliest, greatest and most unusual (shadow) puppeteers have evolved. We ought to be more open to 'unfamiliar' things.'

At the end of the play, the morala is summad up in Zein's gentle caressing of the embroidery, in her kissing it lovingly, and putting it away. This is done at a very slow pace that passes on the true feeling of the little girl, who had become softer and wiser after having heard her grandmother's story. One could detect at that silent moment, a few taarsome faces, they were not sad, just touched by the fragility of the act and tha wisdom behind it. This magical moment is followed by a brief slide show of similar embroidered pieces, as if to drive the messaga of the preservation of our culture and traditional crafts even deeper.

"If you are true and honest about your beliafs," axplained Qusous, "then you heve to pass these feelings on to your audience."

Some children returned with drawings of the characters and the set to show them to "the lady that makes the puppets move." Yes, her appearance on staga with her puppets actually made the whole show more palp-

Children found the two major puppets "Teta (grandma) and Zeina" so familiar and so ethnically local in attitude and dress that they wanted to take photos with them.



Zeina's grandmother in traditional Sait costs

One little girl was axtremely impressed by the theme that happened to coincide with her own existence. "My name is Zein and I am from Salt" she explained to the pup-

These positive reactions have made this novel cultural event a major educational experience. A number of schools have booked future performances.

In the few public performances hald at the RCC. Qusous invited children from Mabarret Um Al Hussein and handicapped children from Young Women's Muslim ssociation.

tf, as Qusous claims, the children are the best judges, then she, assisted by a few creative people, has indeed succeeded and with ilying colours.

Lace, embroideries, colours and a festival in white

Wafa Qusous with the puppet Zeina looking into the grandmother's chest.

The luxury woman of the '90s



54. Gall and Many with pique applications on organily from the collection of Serge Lepage, Paris.

ANY observer scrutinising the haute couture Paris shows for confirmation of the "new modesty" seen in the pret-aporter shows (which, in fact, only reflected a dearth of ideas) would have been disappointed. The haute couture cuts are subtler than ever. Colours are daringly combinea ana anyone skimping on lace or St. Gall embroideries would have been out of place in the 22 houses which. for a packed week, sent collections along the catwalks to face the gaze of literally thousands of reporters, private clients and powerful buyers designed to match the magnificence of the luxury-loving woman during

Many of the couture houses ignore the early hours and only picture these luxury creatures as from the witching hours between five and seven. And yet such leading lights of the noble art of tailoring as Yves Saint Laurent or Givenchy dress their women from moming to night.

the last decade of our millen-

Whereas earlier years saw a host of severely tailored costumes in navy or in English worsteds, momings are now totally given over to white and only white, and that includes a luncheon in tha Plaza. As a special concession, very pale sky blue and ethereal silver grey are also acceptable. Two-pieces have no need for a blouse - one's own welltanned skin suffices. And that still applies when the costume is a combination of luminous silk crepes or colourful gabardines. The virtually thigh-cropped skirt is highly favoured. Not even Chanel shows anything hovering around the knee. The modem woman floats towards the "naughty ninaties" on the longest of long legs culminating in ultra-high heels decked out in skirts even shorter than mini. Trousers are almost ex-

prêt-a'-porter. Topcoats are invariably of the lightest possible cashmere, lined with brightly shining satin and held together with glittering buttons (Ungaro). The gold builton appears to be bowing out gracefully. Mother of pearl triumphs and jewels dazzta

clusively the province of

the onlooker.

First and foremost, there is embroidery everywhere. There was not a single moming dress in navy or black by Ferré for Christian Dior which was not partnered with white organdy, lace or embroidered applications. Forster Willi was called upon ine supply the necessary and the art of Jakob Schlaepfer was much in demand. Tiny iackets in laces or embroideries from these two houses partner almost every collection from the indefatigable Cardin to the restrained and elegant Hanae Mon. Scherrer, inspired by his recent trip to India, picked rhinestoneembroidered tulle lace from Switzerland for the tops to his luncheon two-pieces.

From early morning, brocades shimmer in partnership with delicately shaded hand-woven silks or glitter under luminous satins. There are entire collections almost exclusively decked out by Abraham. Such was the inspiration of his gazar, his satin-doubles, his taffetachinés and his colourful cotton brocades on Yves Saint

Laurent that the great master received a 13-minute standing ovation at the end of his 62nd haute couture show. And then, of course, there were the muslins which enlivened all the collections with their fairy-tale colours or subtle flower prints.

COSD Offorman to silk musiin. paraded the same motifs. somatimes in the form of an animal design; sometimes as a floral print. Although white and the whole panoply of abstract luminous colours played a starring role, black ramainad the restrainad, Nobel winner for the more than daringly draped cocktail gowns from Ungaro. What is more, the Golden Thimble for Summer 1990's most creative haute couture collection went to Paco Rabanne's Swiss designs. Givenchy explored tha very limits of the "permissible" sith an ultra-briaf wrapover dress in diamantéstrewn, ultra fine copper retina from Jakob Schlaepfer and hit the headlines with it. (Never fear, this can in any case be ordered later in a more modest length!)

And as for the prints: Flowers such as those that adorn Oriental gardans - albeit dreamt up by Swiss designers - bloom on gazar, muslin, cloqués or stiffer ottomans. Their incredible fresh-

THE PARTY OF THE PARTY



ness instantly evokes the image of Botticelli's "Primavera" or of the scents of rare perfumes. Everywhere there is lace from St. Gall, transformed into flowers or corals, cross-cross patterns or in the form of arabesques, with delicately woven wisps of georgette of chiffon as combined by Karl Lagerfeld in his intensely erotic collection for

Chanel. The lushness of colourful embroideries on lace, tulle and organza vies with the. luminous force of the elegant silks, satins and majestic duchesse. The organza trains wafting about the figure are sure-fire hits on account of the modam movement they give the silhouette. Nonetheless. overlong. twice-lined trains will not survive their first appearance on the catwalk to enter today's lifestyle - so

much is certain! The magnificence of tha Swiss-designed fabrics met with unanimous acclamation from private clients and media alike. Seams and sleeves are embellished with lace; thereby also rediscovering the cuff as enhancement to the sleeve. Cuffs are in pleated organdy, as shown by Nina Ricci, or beaded such as those emanating from Versace's workrooms. Alternatively, they can be satin, akin to thosa espoused by Ungaro. All direct the paze

of gloves. Shoulders remain unemphasised. Macho padding is out: St. Gall embroidery or lace yokes, or even liny pleats on sitk crepe jackets are in. Whatever the material. jackets make a triumphent progress. There is no lack of fashion

to elegant hands in the finest

jewellery to enhance these fashion jewels, nor any shortage of delicate footwear. Lace, embroideries and silk tassles come into their own here, too. And for anyone to whom this may all seem loo ostentatious, there are still the ubiquitous spots in navy and white and stripes in every width, the summertime freshness of which is synonymous with spring. Valentino has a masterly touch with thase.

Onca again, Paris haute couture, with its many guests from the Alta Moda city of Rome, proved its powers of attraction for the fashion conscious. The high art of tailoring uses tha noblest of materials and Paris knows just where to find them _ in Switzerland. A typical example is Yves Saint Laurent, whose "Hommage to Catherine Deneuve" took tha form of a gown in yellow satinfaconné from Araham and whose "Hommage to Marilyn Monroe" was a dream of a dress in Swiss lece. Other "Hommages" are sure to follow - Centre for Swiss Textiles.

Fendi sisters fight for their skins

Ey John Follain Reuter

MILAN — Italy's fiva Fendi sisters, lambasted by animal activists as the fashion world's top furriers, ere out to save their skins.

Eager to defeat a worldwide lobby strongest in the United States, the Roman sisters have defiantly challenged their vocal critics with a huge and luxurious store on New York's Fifth Avenue.

Demonstrators draped in pelts splashed with red varnish chanted "Fendi sells blacd" when the doors to the flagship store - which boasts golden and black marble floors and a crystal lift - were thrown open late last

On sale next to Fendi's lines of ready-to-wear clothes, handbags and other luxury goods, was the kind of fur which makes animal rights activists see red — an ermine coat worth \$200,000 thousand.

The Fendi sisters outlined their stratagy against their critics at Milan's autumn-winter fashion shows this month

when they paraded a range of skilfully camouflaged, but still precious, pelts.

Snaking their way through the renaissance arches of a spotlit palace courtyard, Fendi's models showed off mink, golden sables and summer ermine — but each design was raversible, and many were worn with the fur on the inside.

Fake pelts rubbed shoulders with the real thing, and the sisters camouflaged the furriness of a squirrel jacket by weaving in tufts of wool all over it. Amataur burglars might not give them a second

Not that pelts are on their way out --- far from it, says Carla Fendi, who spearheaded tha \$8 million assault on Fifth Avenue:

"Everybody's free to think what they want. America's beautiful because of that. But a woman will always have her vanity. You can't tell her to throw har fur away just because it's an animal's skin.

"It's lika telling a man to throw away his Ferrari just because we can't get rid of industrial waste.'

make its furs more like any othar throw-on garmant, building on a lifetime of moving away from the voluminous coats - "kilos of fur that gave you arthritia" -- that Carla remembers her mother Adele

The sisters had a hard time in the 1940s convincing their strict, tradition-bound mother to let them try lighter designs.

The sisters won, and have since launched a series of pionaaring techniquea for handling fur, including punching tiny holes to make clothes swing.

The new, more discreet, furs on display in Milan are the latest innovations signed with the cherished double F logo that has made the sisters the darlings of the rich and famous.

French film star Catherine Deneuve, congratulating the sisters backstage, hailed the show as "sumptuous materials with typically Italian im-

agination. The morning after, as a security guard watched over

Instead Fendi is seeking to at the table there she and her sistars - Paola, Franca. Alda, and Anna -- design the ciothes.

Black, wooden and ordinary, the table means so much to the sisters they have made a habit of carting it to and fro from Rome to Milan twice a

"Each sister has a stool with her name on it, and we sit round it. and we talk. Wa start from nothing, we talk about life, about how we feel, about what's happening in the world, and that's how we design clothes with Karl," she

"Karl" is the brother the sisters never had, the prolific hired gun of tha fashion world, West German Karl Lagerfeld.

Lagerfeld, who as a fashion house stylist revived the fortunes of Channel, ia celebrating 25 years of designing furs and ready-to-wear clothes for the five sisters.

Exchanging greetings in German Italian, English and French in the models' changing rooms after the show. the furs. Carla sat on a stool Lagerfeld had only praise for

"They give ma a tremendous amount of freedom, it's just me expressing myself

though them - tha only thing is that for Fendi things have to be light, nothing heavy." Lagerfeld has a given Fendi many innovative designs.

He took mole, rabbit and squirrel — furs previously thought unfashionabla or unsuitable - and dyed them in vibrant colours. He has also mixed fur with leather and various fabrics.

Lagerfeld, who wears thick spectacles and wears his greying hair pulled back in a little ponytail, is more Roman than the Romans when it comes to designing for Fendi.

Asked for a new line in handbags recently, he strolled up to the sisters' table a few days later, and emptied out a bag of pasta.

Thus was pasta line born

- black leather handbags with gold noodles threaded onto the shoulder-straps. Fendi says they are a runaway success, and not just in the sistars' pasta-crazy

organdy from the collection of Christian Lacroix,

را من الراجل

Medieval Nizwa loses tree, gets new market

By Eric Hall

NIZWA, Oman - For generations, a tree in Nizwas bazaar had spread its gnarled branches to shade the traders at the Friday

ammai auctions. Now it has gone, and the 20th century has really come to this medieval city which is getting a new market as part of a multimilion dollar development prog-

The tree disappeared two months ago. Some old men said the reason was a storm. Some said it died. Some said it was nalled down. Some said that all these things were true.

The tree is now the stuff of legend, and the certainties of modern times have arrived in

Under the decaying roof of the old bezzar, a busload of elderly Germans spend money, the vanguard of tourist trade.

Nizwa is one of the old capitals of Oman and an ancient centre of Idam, set southwest of the barren monotains which separate it from the modern capital of Muscat, and the sea.

The great f4th-century traveller Ibn Battuta visited Niz-

dens and rivers. It has a beautiful clean bazaar and the mosques are large and scrupulously clean," he

"They are a boid and brave race, and the tribes are perpetually at war with each other," he

This last remark was still applicable not much more than 30 years ago. It was only in f955 that the then Omani Sultan Said Ben Paimour marched in with British support to end the rule of the last Imam of Nizwa, and unite the country.

The old bazaar is, unfortunately, not quiet as perfect as the one Ibn Battuta admired. The rest remains true.

The people of Nizwa, proud inheritors of a 1,300-year-old tradition, have mixed feelings abont the new plans.

At noon on one recent hot spring day, the silver merchants, the spice shops, and food traders were closing.

In a corner of the grain market, four old men sat out of the heat under the roof of split palm

Just behind the crumbling walls of their shop, the earth movers

bazzar's roof. "Some people prefer the old market. Some people look forward to the new market," said one old man, with a long white beard and gap-toothed smile.

"Nobody yet knows for sure whether the old bazaar will be restored like they restored Nizwa fort. But we would like to preserve some of our heritage," said a younger colleague.

"In the past, whenever a bit of the market fell down, we rebuilt it with the same materials," he

The patchwork quality of the mud and stone walls, the maze of old archways, and narrow passages, attest to that fact.

The Nizwa development programme will include a new series of markets, slaughterhouses, and road bypasses, costing 10 million rials (\$27 million). The result will undoubtedly be

more hygienic, and allow local traders better access, and facili-But some things still look more in place in medieval Nizwa. On

the archway entrance to the grain market hangs a sign. "By order of the government,

had completed the foundations of the new market and steel reinhunting the wild oryx deer and This city is at the foot of a forcing wires and concrete other animals and birds here peeped through. Corrugated iron New freedom instills fear among E. German journalists

NEWLY won freedom for journalists in East Germany has brought many problems. After 40 years of being muzzled, many find it difficult to cope, A. woman journalist on a local paper said she did not know how to cope with letters to the editor.

Another woman on another L local paper said it was strange not having someone looking over the shoulder all the time. Many, released from tight supervision, have begun to doubt their own ability. They become afraid of their own courage. The idea ling-ering in their minds is that, unless every sentence is weighed up, it

will appet someone somewhere. East German journalists may be in Saarbruecken (in West Germany) for the Land elections or for the Max Ophnels Film Festival or in their own offices: they all have the freedom they have longed for. But no one has taught them how to use it.

Page layouts are a problem now that advertisements are being included for the first time. There used to be three or four standard full-page layouts, which was enough for the standardised presentation. Suddenly, that is a

thing of the past. The routine of beginning at eight in the morning and working until five in the evening can hardly be maintained when there are no longer any subsidies, newspapers are more expensive and there is pressure to be up-to-date

Often quite unnoticed much has happened at the editorial level. Staff members on papers have elected new editors-in-chief and have experimented with daring styles of news presentation. For the first time it is possible to run surveys of current themes such as price increases or strikes. For the first time, pictures can be published on taboo themes such as run-down houses and cosmetic

For many journalists in East Berhn, Magdeburg or Cottbus this is still difficult. They cannot get the habit of censoring so easily out of their heads. Many are afraid of their own courage, and the idea lingers at the back of their minds: "That will cause annoyance," or "If that turns out

The brakes are put on the new press freedom by the idea, never known before, that the job is not as secure as it might be.

Until now there were plenty of staff members to put out a newspaper. There were many journalists, but they could all find a job. It was not uncommon for four journalists to be employed to fill a single page.

Now that subsidies have been cancelled on grounds of economy consideratoin must be given to cutting back on staff.

There is, then, considerable interest among GDR editors and journalists to find out how a daily works, produced within the context of the free market economy and owned by staff members. There is the need to come to grips with the GDR press which until now has not had to cope with economic problems.

Many local newspapers see their future in staff taking a cut in salary and buying into the newly-established limited companies, independent and non-partisan.

The new technology, which is a matter of course for journalists in the Federal Republic, is a closed book to colleagues in the GDR. Most GDR papers are produced with the good, old-fashioned methods using lead.

Since the change of course politically journalism in the GDR is biterally in the midst of radical change. If one asks impartially how colleagues in "the real existing" socialist system put up with being gagged and censored, the answer simply is: "We had no alternative;" or, "We could never believe that anything like what has happened would be

Unlike in the offices of the communist party it is quite out of the question thinking along the lines of a complete change of editorial staff.

This means that GDR journalists are in that group of workers which has experienced the most difficult consequences of the political change taking place in the German Democratic Republic. One of these consequences is dealing with aged, undemocratic structures. Another more difficult task for GDR journalists in the new political climate is following up and exposing errors and social evils. Journalists in the GDR are ill-prepared to cope with this. — (Saarbrücker

For all your:

Packing,

Air Freight Forwarding,

Customs Clearance,

Door-to-door Service.

Ticketing and

Reservation needs.

please call:

AMIN KAWAR & SONS

Abdel Hamid Sharaf Street

Shmeisani

P.O. Box 7806

Amman, Jordan

Tel. 604676, 604696

A passion for reading By Claire Thierry Nationale, opened its doors to various foreign countries im-

NEVER in the living memory of books had such a thing been seen before: a whole weekend devoted to the celebration of reading! This fête, called "A Passion for Reading", took place on Oct. 21 and 22, all over France. ft was the first of its kind in the world.

ft was organised in less than three months on the initiative of the French Minister of Culture Jack Lang. The aim of this large-scale operation was to encourage the French to read more (according to a recent survey, one person in four never reads).

Publishers, writers and poets, printers, hhrarians, radio and buffs and lovers of novels, booksellers, film-makers and actors all made their contribution together with the public authorities. The result was a great event

with the book as the only hero. A book is indeed an instrument of knowledge, but also an object of pleasure and a tool for freedom. The success of the fête matched the energy invested. The enthusiastic public flocked to the events (there were several bnndreds of them) announced by the media and on the French Minitel videotex network.

The French capital had the greatest variety of events. The keen-reading Parisians were overwhelmed at the choice of possibilities during those feverish, sommer-warm days.

Thus that temple of knowledge, the Bibliothèque

everyone for the first time. In two days, over 35,000 visitors had admired its impressive readingroom and the antique books on display in its showcases. They were also able to buy rare copies or old books at the Book Fair held in the courtyard. Close-hy in the Palais-Royal gardens, actors from the Comédie Française declaimed a scene from a tragedy, a few pages from a novel, a newspaper article ... or a cookery recipe, before delighted tourists

and strollers. Museums (Orsay, the Louvre, the Grand-Palais) beld sales of art books. The studio of the new Bastille-Opera proved too small to house all the Alexandrine-lovers who had come to take part in the "Night of Poetry." In the dining-room of the Orsay Museum, a "Book-Dinner" brought together writers, journalists, publishers and booksellers who exchanged their favourite

books during the feast. The libraries, which had remained open on Sunday, had never gained so many members in so short a time. Two mini-libraries were even inaugurated in the metro. And bookshops had rarely sold so many books in two days. For lovers of fine craftsmanship, some old-style, traditional typography workshops opened their ocors: the imprimerie Nationale (French National Printing Works), the Librairie Portugaise and the Ateliers

Maeght. Even the cultural centres of

agined some activities hased on books. For instance, the prestigious Arab World Institute put on a show worthy of the "Tales of the Arabian Nights," with readings of Arabic tales and poems to hackground music, in a tent. In the provinces, books were

also celebrated in villages as well as in the big regional capitals. In addition to exhibitions, there were book-signing gatherings and traditional open-day events in booksbops and libraries. There were also some original events with a "baby-reader" fair in Quetigny in the Côte d'Or department, a poetry market in Nantes, visits by writers to prisons, and lectures by authors in people's homes in the Franche-Comté. Balloous bearing texts were released in Biarritz.

An event was held in Lille station in the north of France. bringing together some 15,000 people. For the length of a weekend, the city of Strasbourg in Alsace became a "crossroads of European literature" and thrill-seekers met in Grenoble for "Festival of Spine-Chilling Novels and Films" It is not possible to give a

complete inventory of all the initiatives taken on this occasion, but they sprang np like mushrooms after a shower. But one thing is sure. It is going to happen again. On a vaster scale. Just like the Music Fête which is now held all over the world -(L'Actualite en France).

Randa Habib's Corner_

Control of the grant State of the state of t

Treat kids as kids

IT SEEMS that once in a while it might be timely to remind hosts of children's programmes at Jordan Television that it has long been established that children belong to the human race, equipped with consciousness, passions and pulse. They even grow up and become adults.

This fact seems to occasionally slip television hosts when they interview children, talking to them as if they were mentally retarded or somekind of creatures that need to be dealt with in a completely different way. In fact, it is quite frustrating to watch how our children on television are constantly intimidated with the behaviour of the hosts who demand serious behaviour from children who cannot be and should not be anything but children.

I am talking about any particular programme. I am talking about a sad phenomenon that is deeply rooted in our psyche and fed by inadequate presentation by the country's most important medium — television.

Comparing the way our children speak on television with other children of the world, we are often saddened to see how our children, whom we know are as brilliant as any children in the world, appear so handicapped on television, thanks to those preparing these programmes.

Why are children made to feel intimidated with a presenter wearing a suit and tie or an extremely formal dress will all the accesories making them look so remote from the children? Why are the children taught to act so maturely on television?

Actually it is not fair to only criticise television for that. It all starts at school and then at home. There is something inherently wrong with the way we raise our children. We must first look into our schools and teachers who are of primary importance in developing the sense of confidence and initiative among our youngsters.

Those who want to continue to treat children as though they were retarded, do your kids a favour ... don't have any.

Smoking will kill 500 million in 25 years — WHO

AIDS.

PERTH, Australia (R) - An about the accuracy of their foreestimated 500 million people will die from smoking in the next 25 reliable figures than those for years, according to a World Health Organisation (WHO) study released here.

WHO statistician Dr. Alan Lopez and Richard Peto, an epidemics expert at Britain's Oxford University, said their study indicated smoking would be the number one cause of death in the world hy the turn of the century.

Today there will be 8,000 deaths a day from smoking, but when the kids reach middle age there will be something like 28,000 deaths a day," Peto told reporters at the World Conference on Tobacco and Health. If present patterns continued,

200 million people under the age of 20 and 300 million adults will die of smoking by 2015, Peto The study, said to be the first

comprehensive world mortality forecast for smoking, rates tobac-co consumption a bigger potential killer than AIDS. "At the moment it looks as if

this is going to be vastly greater than the AIDS epidemic," Peto

Peto said there was no doubt

seriously. This is very much an eoidemic in slow motion," be In their forecast, which Peto and Lopez described as conserva-

cast as it was based on more

"The (trend) is fairly well

understood, it's just that people

have not taken the arithmetic

tive, the number of deaths attrihuted to smoking include around 30 per cent of all cancers and medically established percentages of deaths from a range of heart

and lung diseases. "These numbers are large but real," Peto said. "We tried in various ways to scale them down. ft may not sound it, but we bent over backwards to try not to overestimate. These figures are at

the low end of estimates.' Two-thirds of the forecast deaths in the 1990s will occur in wealthy nations, where 20 per cent of all deaths are already attributable to smoking, the study

But developing nations will probably experience 70 per cent of all world deaths from smoking

by 2025, they said.

Jordan Times Tel. 667171

ACC ministers meet

(Continued from page 1)

Aziz told the press that he had called for an emergency meeting of foreign ministers of the 22member Arab League to discuss a possible Israeli assault on Iraq. Iraqi President Saddam Hus-

sein's warning on Monday that Iraq bad binary chemical weapons and would use them to retaliate for any Israeli attack on Iraqi territory was followed Tuesday by Israel's launch of a space "Israel has maintained military

and industrial superiority in the region for a long time and now wants to attack the Iraqi industnai and scientific sites to maintain the balance of power, which has changed." Aziz told reporters on the fringes of the meeting.

"Israel has aiways been the that the Jewish state had not signed the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT). which Iraq has signed. lraq now has the means to

confront Israel, but what it needs a Arab support to face the challeage of the aggressor," he said. Queen told reporters that Jordan stood firmly behind Iraq and that "the minimum Jordan would do is come to Iraq's side in case it

is attacked." H also said that Iraq had every right to defend itself and "develop science and techvology to improve its defence Aziz said the "Western media attacks against Iraq only confirms

that validity of Iraq's position." The support that the Arab

media have extended to Iraq, he said, "is an indication of the Arab Nation's support for Iraq.'

Aziz said the United States. Britain and Israel had mounted a campaign against Iraq to discredit its international image and isolate it in preparation for Israeli raids on Iraqi targets.

President Saddam Hussein has made it clear that if Israel wants to attack our scientific and industrial complexes or any part of Iraq, the Iraqi retaliation will be strong enough to give them a hard lesson. We have the will to do that and we have the capability." he said

Aziz said that when Israel was sure its military edge over the Arabs was intact it would continue to block peace efforts.

"Israel is not going to yield to international pressure to reach a just and open peace with the Arabs. The main target is to keep the occupation and deny Arab rights," he added.

On Israel's satellite launch. Aziz said he was surprised the West never criticised Israel's technological accomplishments. When an Arab country

achieves a similar achievement then the whole fuss comes, the comments, suspicions and attempts to discredit the image of (that) Arab country," he said.

Egyptien Foreign Minister Abdul Meguid told reporters at the airport that the ACC meeting would reaffirm Arab solidarity with Iraq against he "malicious campaign" waged by Israel, the United States and Britain.



in Jordan 1st Circle, Jabal Amman, near Ahliyyah Girls School

Open daily 12:00-3:30 p.m. 6:30-Midnight

Tel. 638968



cuisine in Amman. Take away available Open daily 12:00 - 15-30 18:00 - 23:30

Wadi Saqra Road - near Traffiç Bridge Amman, Jordan Tel: 661922

room...i DAROTEL هارارات ال

The First Class Hotel in

Amman that has a

Kitchenette in every

Amman - Tel 668193 P.O. Box 9403 - Fax 602434 Telex 23888 DAROTL JO Ideai Residence For **Expatriates** and

Businessmen

RESTAURANT Mecca Street, Yarmouk Engineers' Housing Estate, near Kilo

Lunch Friday only Tel: 818214 Come and taste our specialities Open daily 12:00 - 3:30

Mongolian Barbeque for

Develop your colour film as our shop and get:-* JUMBO photo size 30% larger

Professional Quality in

1 Hour Service

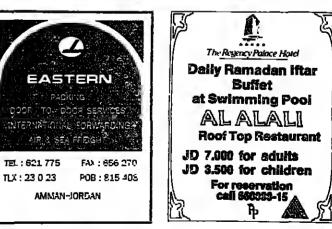
STUDIO HAIG

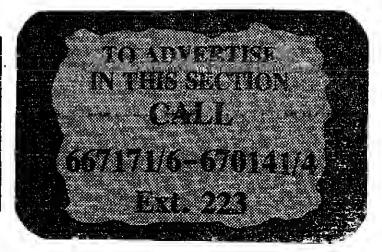
ment 20 x 30 cm Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891

e Free enlarge-



fel:654205 LUNCH & DINNER



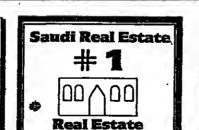


Peres claims majority

(Costinued from page 1)

Labour, with 39 Knesset seats. has signed up the religious Agudat Israel party, which has five

seats, and can probably count on the support of 10 leftist members and six Arab and Communist parliamentarians.



In Town Rental Dept. Call Soha 687821/22

Agency

The only typical Chinese Chinese Flaming pot is available

CHEN'S CHINESE Supermarket

p.m. 6:30 - Midnight



GM wins top spot on Fortune, Forbes list

NEW YORK (AP) - Fortune and Forbes magazines found one thing they could agree on Tuesday, proclaiming General Motors (GM) Corporation, the nation's largest public company in their two competing lists of U.S. corporate titans.

The Fortune 500 list ranked the nation's largest industrial firms by sales. The Forbes ranking included all public companies measured by sales, profits, assets and stock market value.

Both magazines have issued 500 rankings for years, but this was the first time in recent memory that the lists were released the same day. In an effort to upstage its competitor, Forbes topped its rankings with a "super 50," it described as the most powerful companies across all categories.

GM was on top either way, with nearly \$127 billion in sales and \$4.2 billion in earnings during 1989, despite fierce foreign competition and cutthroat rebates that dampened business for all big three automakers - GM, Ford and Chrysler.

The Fortune 500 overall also had a profit decline in 1989 after years of strong growth, reflecting the slowdown in industrial America.

Behind GM, Fortune's top

10 were: Ford Motor Co., Exxon Corp., International Business Machines (IBM) Corp., General Electric Co., Mobil Corp., Philip Morris Co., Chrysler Corp., E.I. Du Pont de Nemours and Co., and Tex-

Rounding out the top 10 of the Forbes super 50 were: General Electric (GE), Exxon, IBM, Ford, Philip Morris, American Telephone and Telegraph Corp., Mobil. Du Pont and Sears, Roebuck and

aco Inc.

The Fortune 500 list appears in the April 23 edition and is available on newsstands Wednesday. Forbes released its ranking two weeks before it is to hit the stands in the April 30 edition.

Fortune 500 sales jumped seven per cent to a record \$2.16 trillion in 1989, but overall earnings fell 8.2 per cent to 105.6 billion. In the previous two years, profits among the big manufacturers had climbed an unprecedented 79 per cent. Median profits fell in nine of

Fortune's 27 industry groups and only 264 of the top 500 companies had carnings growth, down from 327 in

Pharmaceuticals had the largest median increase in followed by beverages, 18.3 per cent; textiles, 15.3 per cent; food, 14 per cent; and electronics 10 per cent.

The motor vehicles and parts industry suffered the largest median earnings decline, down 25 per cent, followed by aerospace, down 12.5 per cent; petroleum retining, down 11.8 per cent; transportation equipment, down 9.4 per cent; and computers, down nine per cent.

Fortune said six of the 10 largest industrial companies suffered double-digit earnings declines, including a 66 per cent drop at Chrysler, whose ranking was dropped a notch from 1988.

"In the 1960s and 1970s, back before global competition became so intense and incessant, the earnings of the 500 companies invariably rose as long as the domestic economy was growing. Not any more,

Foreign competition, especially from Japan, was particu-larly fierce in the motor vehicles and parts industry, which ranked as the poorest performer by nearly every measure of profitability, according to Fortune. That sector also was hurt by high interest rates and

Bonn eager to begin monetary talks with east

BONN (R) — West Germany said Wednesday it would open monetary union talks with East Germany as soon as the country's first non-Communist government had been installed.

Government spokesman said the framework of monetary union must be ready by late April or early May for the West German mark to be introduced in East Germany by this summer as plan-

"The point is to improve the living conditions for our compatriots in East Germany in a fast, thorough and lasting way through a speedy economic reconstruction," spokesman Hans Klein

· "The West German government will therefore begin nego-

U.S. dollar Pound Sterling Deutschemark

One Sterling

One U.S. dollar

man government immediately af-

East Germany's Christian Democratic Party (CDU) said Wednesday it expected agree-ment soon on a coalition government with the centre-left Social Democrats (SPD). CDU leader Lothar de Maiziere, an ally of Bonn Chancellor Helmut Kohl, would probably be elected prime minister next week.

The Bonn and East Berlin governments would have just a few weeks to hammer out an agreement on a monetary and economic union, which will be a first

step to full political unification. Government spokesman Dieter Vogel said an agreement need

U.S. dollars

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese yen

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire

Swiss francs

basic outlines, the significant conter it has been formed," he said. tents of such an agreement must be ready... at the end of April or

early May."
He said if introduction of the Western mark in East Germany were delayed, the East German economy would suffer and people might again emigrate westwards. Some 2,000 East Germans per day settled in West Germany earlier this year but the numbers

dropped to about 5,000 a week

after the March 18 election. The government said it was still examining a proposal from the central bank, the Bundesbank, to introduce the West German mark at a one-for-two rate against the weak East German mark.

Iraq seeks stronger ties with Japan

TOKYO (R) — Iraqi Oil Minister Issam Abdul Rahim Al-Chalabi said Wednesday Baghdad wants to boost technical and economic cooperation and cultural exchanges with Japan, a semor Japanese official reported.

Development of Iraqi industry and expansion of its oil production capacity would also benefit Japan, Chalabi was quoted as telling Japanese Foreign Minister Taro Nakayama.

But the foreign ministry official told reporters the Iraqi minister made no specific requests.

Chalabi met Nakayama the day after arriving in Japan Tuesday for a five-day official visit. He is scheduled to meet Inter-

national Trade and Industry Minister Kabun Muto Friday. Chalabi was quoted as saying

pose the cuts.

than 400 districts in England and

in Wales, were the highest above

Under the new tax, most fami-

lies are paying about one-third

more than previously. The aver-

age tax level, including in

conservative-run districts, is £363

(\$592) a person, about one-third

higher than the government

The taxes are up, in many cases, because local anthorities"

spending for the 1990-90 fiscal

year amounts to £35.8 billion (\$58.3

billion) — £3 billion (\$4.9 billion)

"It is deplorable that local au-

thorities have chosen to budget at

these levels, putting an unaccept-able burden on the local people,"

Patten told the House of Com-

mons. "It is little wonder that

strong feelings have been ex-pressed up and down the coun-

The cuts ordered by Patten

ranged from £99 (\$161) lopped

off the £424 (\$691) tax levied by a

West London district, Hammers-

mith and Fulham, to a modest

£29 (\$46) off the £450 (\$733) tax

set by St. Helens in northwest

higher than government targets.

the government targets.

stable oil supplies were important for the 1990s so production capacity should be increased.

He said there should be no repeat of the oil shocks of the 1970s, when oil prices rose sharply in a short period, or of the problems of the 1980s when slack demand depressed prices for producers, the foreign ministry official said.

Such sharp price fluctuations were not good for either oil producers or consumers, Chalabi was quoted as saving. It was important to promote stable supplies at prices which satisfied both oilproducing and consuming coun-

Nakayama told Chalabi that Japan had been maintaining good relations with Baghdad and he hoped for long-term stable supplies of oil from Iraq, the ministry official said.

He noted the Iraqi minister's visit to Japan was one of a number of such trips recently by bigoil producers such as Saudi Arabia, whose oil minister, Hisham Nazer, came to Tokyo in Janu-

The major producers aimed to strengthen ties with Japan, he

The Iraqi oil minister also told Nakayama his country hoped Japan would play a positive role in resolving the Iran-Iraq issue, the foreign ministry official said. Nakayama was quoted as

saying he hoped both Iran and Iraq would make efforts to achieve permanent peace.

employment. Boesky, who was sent to prison March 23, 1988, spent most of his term in the minimum-security Lompoc Federal Prison camp in California. Last December he was transferred to the Brooklyn

Community Corrections Centre. Following his release he will have to report to a probation officer once a month for the next

The spokesman declined to say

GENERAL TENDENCIES: By

all means be sure to attempt to

force anything through today as a demanding attitude on your part will only serve to force people

away from you under this corrent

where your daily activities are con-

cerned so be sure not to be recidess

with any article with which you

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You

thirst for some good times and to

get out from under some burdens

but the cost would far exceed any

benefits you would now receive.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Conditions at home seem

difficult in arriving at decisions

with other persons who dwell there

so put off until tomorrow any

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You have ideas about seeing and im-

world.

taxes, cut budgets LONDON (AP) - The govern- England.

London orders

ment, trying to limit the upheaval Councilors from the districts caused by its unpopular new local singled out described the move as vindictive and said they would tax, ordered authorities in the 20 mount legal challenges. Some highest-spending communities to warned they would have to cut impose lower taxes and cut services, ranging from running schools and old age homes to The move came Tuesday, in

the aftermath of rampages in garbage collection. The opposition Labour Party central London Saturday night when a huge rally against the so-called poll tax turned into a described the move as a "final admission of the poll tax's fai-

The tax is widely unpopular because it is imposed on a per-Labour controls 18 of the 20 councils targeted. No council run by Prime Minister Margaret person basis rather than pro rata. Thatcher's Conservative Party Environment Secretary Chris Patten gave the top-spending au-thorities a 28-day deadline to was on the list.

Thatcher's original aim was to undermine support for Labour-run councils because they set high reduce the tax for this fiscal year. If they refuse, Patten will imtax rates. But both Labour and Patten said the budgets of the Tory councils have set tax levels 20 districts targeted, out of more over the government targets.

Both government and Labour lawmakers have also condemned Saturday's riot in which mobs tore through London's West End, burning cars, looting, smashing shop windows and terrifying shoppers, theatergoers and sight-

Police say the violence, which began with an attempt to storm Thatcher's 10 Downing Street residence, was organised by extreme left-wing groups and anarchists.

Labour leader Neil Kinnock charged in angry exchanges with Thatcher in the Commons before Patten's announcement "You can barely conceal your delight at the diversion the uproar provided."

"When it comes to extremists the difference is this: "I fight them, you need them," Kinnock added, his voice nearly drowned by Tory lawmakers shouts of protest.

Thatcher retorted that Kinnock talked "nonsense."

She argues that the tax, which came into effect April 1, is fair because most of Britain's 38 million adults will pay, instead of only property owners under the

Inside-trader **Boesky freed**

NEW YORK (R) - Wall Street's Ivan Boesky, who went to prison two years ago for his role in the biggest insider-trading scandal in U.S. history, was set of New York. free Wednesday.

He was released at 5 a.m. EDT (0900 GMT) from a Brooklyn halfway house where he had been staying since December, said a spokesman for the correctional centre.

Boesky was released into home custody from the halfway house eight weeks ago. But he has been required to call officials there every day and stay two nights a week at the facility, and has been visited by the centre's staff once a week at his home and place of

six months.

where Boesky was working, but he is reported to be living in the New York area. Boesky owns a 75-acre (30-hectare) estate north

Boesky, once one of Wall Street's top speculators who spe cialised in takeover stocks, shocked the financial world in 1986 when he agreed to pay \$100 million to settle charges brought by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that he illegally used confidential company information to make millions of

He also agreed to plead guilty to a criminal charge of filing false information with the SEC. As part of these pacts, Boesky agreed to inform on his Wall Street contacts and this cooperation allowed the government to

break up the insider-trading ring. In return for his help, Boesky received a lement prison sentence of three years. With remission the term ended up being even lighter than that.

He is expected to be the star witness against those who are alleged to have helped him make his fortune.

THE Daily Crossword by Henry Salzhandler communities to lower ACROSS 1 Hourglass stuff 5 Nasty remark 9 Jal alai basket .14 Suit to — 15 Rose'e man 16 Rabbit fur 17 35 at least 19 Ten-percenter 20 Hypodermic 21 Lacking hearing ability 23 Gala 25 Woodwind 26 Lyricist 30 Gag 32 Circuit 32 Circuit 35 "A partridge 36 idol 37 Hawailan city 37 Hawanam or 38 Youngsters 39 Nut 40 Singing brothers 41 Depart 42 Consumes 43 Ger. river 44 Neighbor of Lebanon 45 Klamet 48 Spring boilds Yesterday's Puzzle Solved - noire 9 Wine 10 Golf teat 11 55 at time 12 Containers Klamet Spring holida Nature subj. 47 Nature subj. 48 Arrow 51 Sorrow 51 Sorrow 54 Soft leather 59 Northern 64 45 perhaps? 62 Chop finely 63 Unemployed 64 Short jacket 65 Lanes residents 16 Conclude tron 16 Conclude fror evidence 22 Fire crime 24 Ousted 26 Companions 27 Strong adhesive 28 65 for some 29 Plaster mold 31 Times of note 33 Coeur d'— 65 Lanes 66 — the line (conformed) 67 "— Gorlet"

34 Tough question 36 Ardor

surprise 39 Rings 43 Honay badger

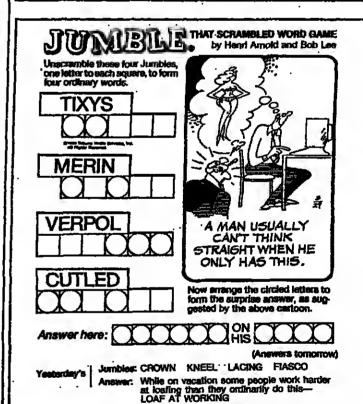
DOWN 1 Dunderhea 2 Give it —

3 —do-well 4 An Amez



55 Leak slowly 56 TV's Jackson

57 Musical prince 58 Bird in 37A



WORLD STOCK MARKETS

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Wednesday, April 4, 1990

Central Bank official rates

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for

leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession

on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

1.6400/10

1.1675/85

1.6980/87

1.9105/15

1.5037/44

5.6990/7040

158.90/159.00

1247/1248

6.1240/90

6.5645/95

One ounce of gold 374.80/375.20

6.4890/4940

35.08/13

670.0 674.0

397.1 448.7

1097.0 1103.6

TOKYO - Share prices closed down but off their lows as bearish jitters gripped the market. Fears that some speculators face problems aggravated a general feeling that the market has not touched bottom. The Nikkei Index lost 316.78 to 28,442.94. HONG KONG - Share prices ended little changed as caution over falls in Tokyo stocks and mild Peking jitters kept prices in a narrow range. The Hang Seng Index slid 1.57 to 2,960.88. SINGAPORE - Share prices ended weaker across the board in

fell 12.91 to close at 1,543.01. BOMBAY — Share prices shot up broadly on beavy buying on the Bombay stock exchange and propelled the index to an all-time high of 811.13 before finishing at 805.86, up 22.89.

lethargic trading after a drop in Tokyo. The Straits Times Index

FRANKFURT - Shares ended slightly lower in moderate trade as lack of buying orders stopped prices from rising. The Dax Index ended 5.08 points lower at 1,963.25.

PARIS — Dealers predicted further gains for French shares after they surged to a record high of 2,014.01 on the CAC-40 Index. Two major French banks cut their base lending rate in the

ZURICH - Volume dwindled after a lively opening and dealers said trading centred on stocks in special situations. The SPI index rose 1.4 close at 1,070.4.

LONDON — The market shadowed Wall Street, with shares slipping to the day's lows in late trading. The FTSE Index closed 9.1 points lower at 2,231.6 on moderate trading volume.

NEW YORK — Blue chips extended their modest gains at midday, aided by firming bond prices, but the wider market remained lacklustre. The Dow was up nine at 2,746.

.S. threatened nations over tobacco sales PERTH, Australia (AP) - A said tobacco companies were

U.S. Public Health Official said Wednesday that the United States had used threats of trade sanctions unless the tobacco industry was allowed into several Asian countries.

Dr. Gregory Connolly, director of the office for non-smoking and health in the Massachusetts Public Health Department, said the U.S. had threatened Taiwan. Japan, Korea and Thailand with trade sanctions unless they opened up their markets to U.S. cigarettes and tobacco advertis-

"We are trading them cancer in the form of Camel cigarettes," Connolly told a world health conference. "That is something to be condemned and ashamed of." Connolly did not say when the

threats were made or by whom. U.S. tobacco company officials were not immediately available for comment. American Cancer Society

"marketing death in the Third World," with the help of the U.S. government. "American corporations were

the carriers of an epidemic and our government has become a willing instrument for the enforced export of that epidemic," he said. "Those of us from America can only feel ashamed at our administration's role in undermining world health."

Connolly said cigarettes are sold and advertised in the Third World without health warnings and with higher tar and nicotine content than in the same brands sold in the U.S. He said the U.S. realised \$3.5 billion in trade surplus from tobacco exports in

Later Wednesday, the American Cancer Society announced that its new trade for life campaign would belp Thailand fight what it called U.S. moves to force open the Asian country's market Chief Executive William Tipping to American tobacco companies.

China orders firms to clear all debts

PEKING (AP) — The government has given industries four months to pay off a staggering 110 billion yuan (\$23.4 billion) in debt, the official media reported Wednesday.

The State Council, China's cabinet, said the debts, a result of tough credit policies, slack markets and stockpiling of goods,
"dim the prestige of socialism."
The reports said State Planning

Commission Chief Zou Jiahua would head a special committee to supervise debt-clearing efforts to be completed by the end of July.

They did not specify how money-short companies are to repay their debts, except to say that local governments would take the lead in pressuring indebted enterprises.

Industrial growth has plummeted in the past six months because of what the Chinese call "triangular debt" — one company can't buy production materials or pay off loans to a second com-

pany because it is owed money from a third company. Premier Li Peng has pledged to ease up on tight lending policies

and other austerity measures that have brought down inflation but nearly cripplied the economy. However, a western economic

expert is Peking noted that an infusion of 120 billion yuan (\$25.5 billion) in government credit in the fourth quarter of 1989 failed to ease the debt crisis, and many firms will be reluctant to take on new loans to pay old debts with commercial borrowing rates at about 11 per cent.

"It's a question of how much can they do by pumping money the economist said, adding the government may be forced to write off debts for state enterprises or give out money free of charge.

China enacted a national bankruptcy law in 1988, but so far only three small companies - one state-run and two collectives have been declared insolvent.

yourself to something of a monet-ary nature you will be able to solve se enigmatic puzzle but it won't. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You are apt to be too subjective in your ideas, your wants and your needs now try to take a more objective view and save vourself

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) This is the day and evening to be especially considerate of whomev-SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You have some personal er you come in contact and particulimitation that cats at you and your larly those you meet in the outside certainly do not get rid of it by some hasty over action today or TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You are apt to make some errors SACITTARIUS: (November 22 to

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY APRIL 5, 1990

December 21) Consider who is close to you and needs some help in solving difficult problems but find out all factors before you give advice or pitch in. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You would be wise to

stick to your part of any worldly or

vocational interests and not now

bring them to the attention of

DIEWIES. AOUARIUS: (January 2) to February 19) You want to get into some progressive interests and activities but the time is not quite right and you seed more data before doing

pressing some important outside PISCES: (Pebruary 20 to March associates but you would be wise to 20) Think about your various put this off till a more propitions obligations and responsibilities and try to arrange to get rid of them VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You think that by committing even if it means small regular payments.

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY APRIL 6, 1990

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A great day for you to show charm and jovial spirits and your best disposition if you are to eliminate some friction and difficulties that could otherwise take place.

HOROSCOPE

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) This is the day when some changes dities about you is likely to be taking place so don't fight the present current, go along with it. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) It s a time to consider the best ways by which you can handle your usual routines in a more efficient manner and get at unfinished payments. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Whatever you have in mind for

to get the fullest possible enjoyment and then arrange to try them out tonight. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) A comment by an influential outside person could cause some problem with family member

pleasures requires a new approach

which can be corrected in the LEO: (July 22 to August 21) A ication with an associate catches you off guard but don't get in discussion during daysime but tonight it can work out to every-

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Consider the various aspects of present money interests during day but don't do anything drastic about

them; tonight you see clearly right

away LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) A person of good judgement disagrees with an assessment you have made about a joint activity so think it over, then come to meeting of minds tonight. SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem-

ber 21) You want to discuss a confidential matter an outsider but t would be foolish to do so especially since it gets well solved in the SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to

December 21) Some revision in friendships is apt to be at your fingertips now so be ready to keep old ones and also make some new CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Desire for some im-

portant new arrangements at home

should not keep you from doing an unusually good vocational outside AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You have improved ideas for advancing your present in-terests but they need to be worked on before you do something defi-

nite about them. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Consider all obligations facing you and how you feel you can best organise then so that you gain the best of results with business per-SOUR EXHIBITION

الما الما المامل

NBA basketball roundup

Philadelphia continues winning

Charles Barkley scored 26 points, including 14 in the third period. as the high-scoring Philadelphia 76ers won their eighth straight game overall and 23rd straight at home against the Houston Rockets, 133-112 Tuesday night.

Philadelphia hasn't lost a regular-season game to Houston at the spectrum since Jan. 2, 1974. The Rockets did win a playoff game there on May 15,

Philadelphia improved its home record to 32-5. The 76ers averaged 141 points in their last three games

Vernon Maxwell and Akeem Olajuwon had 19 points apiece for the Rockets. Isiah Thomas scored six of his

24 points during a second-quarter The victory was a season-high 15th straight at home for Detroit and its 12th straight at home

James Edwards led Detroit with 28 points.

Gerald Wilkins scored 10 of his 25 points in the pivotal thrid quarter as New York won for only the second time in its last 11

The Knicks, 4-8 in their last 12 home games after a 22-2 start at Madison Square Garden, prevented the Cavaliers from pulling into a tie with Atlanta for the final playoff spot in the Eastern Conference. Cleveland was scheduled to host the Hawks Wednesday night.

John Williams scored 26 points for the Cavaliers.

Orlando's 20-point fourthquarter comeback fell agonisingly short when Golden State'a Rod Higgins made a free throw with

10 seconds remaining.
The Warriors led 112-91 entering the final period. But the magic rallied on a 35-14 surge to

tie the game on two free throws by Jerry Reynolds with 53 seconds left. After Higgins hit one of two free throws, Orlando'a Morlon Wiley missed two jumpers that could have won the

Chris Mullin scored 32 points for the Warriors. Otis Smith, who helped trigger

the late Orlando rally, scored 27 points on 11-of-17 shooting. Michael Jordan scored 29 points and Scottie Pippen added 21 as Chicago won its fifth

straight game. The victory was the Bulls' 11th in their last 13 games and seventh straight overthe Pacers at Chicago Stadium. Miller led Indiana with 26

Tod Murphy broke an 88-88 tie, scoring Minnesota's final four points, and San Antonio missed two abort abots in the final seconds. Murphy's jumper with 2:04 left gave Minnesota a 90-88

AUGUSTA, Georgia (R) -

Nick Faldo is not worried about

successfully defending his Mas-

"There's no pressure on me to

That'a only been done by

repeat," the 32-year-old English-

man said Tuesday, two days he-fore the start of the 1990 Masters.

Jack," be explained, referring to

Jack Nicklans, one of the greatest

golfers of all time and the only

one to win back-to-back Masters.

year. Once I atart out there, it's

all fresh," said an obviously re-

laxed Faldo, who won the co-

veted green jacket of the Masters

champion last year with a birdie

on the second hole of a sudden

death playoff with American

"I'm able to forget about last

ters title this year.

lead, and he added two foul shots with 30 seconds to play.

Minnesota's Tony Campbell had 27 points. Willie Anderson led San Antonio with 24 points. Karl Malone had 36 points and 13 rebounds as Utah took a threegame lead in the midwest division

and matched a franchise record with its 51st victory of the season. The Jazz, 51-21, picked np a game in the standings because the Minnesota Timberwolves upset the San Antonio Spurs 92-90. The

Jazz finished 51-31 last season. Thurl Bailey scored 15 points for Utah. League leader John Stockton dished out 14 assists. Dell Curry and Kelly Tripucka led Charlotte with 18 points

Charles Smith scored eight of his 24 points in 2:05 late in the fourth quarter as Los Angeles anapped a four-game losing streak and handed Sacramento its

Faldo not worried about

Smith scored eight straight points to give the Clippers a 108-I00 lead with 2:14 remaining. The Kings had pulled to 100-95 with a 7-2 spurt.

Danny Ainge led Sacramento with 30 points and Antoine Carr added 25.

Tom Chambers scored 34 points and Kevin Johnson had eight of his 23 in the final 4:25 as Phoenix avoided a second-half collapse. Kevin Johnson matched his

season-high of 20 assists for Phoenix

Rolando Blackman scored 22 points for Dallas, which had won four straight road games.

Dana Barros' three-pointer

with 16 seconds left in overtime and Jim Farmer's two free throws 10 seconds later gave !Seattle the victory over Portland.

Terry Porter scored 27 points for Portland. Dale Ellis led Seattle with 30 points.

Arabs want more say in Asian soccer games

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — A the four-day congress, which behattle is brewing for top posts in the Asian Foothall Confederation (AFC), partly because of the desire of Arah states for a bigger say in Asian soccer development, officials said.

AFC President Hamzah Abu Samah of Malaysia, who also holds a vice-presidency of the Federation Internationale De Football Association (FIFA) representing the AFC, will be challenged for both posts at a congress next month.

Hamzah will face Malaysian Defence Minister Tangku Ahmad Rithaudeen for the AFC presidency, while Kuwait's Prince Fahed Al Sabah plans to take him on for the FIFA post, AFC offi-

Officials expect a close fight at

gins on the Indonesian resort island of Bali on May 2.

AFC officials said opposition to Hamzah mainly came from the Foothall Association of Malaysia (FAM) headed by Sultan Ahmad Shah, the ruler of one of Malaysia's 13 states.

The sultan recently told reporters the FAM was unhappy with the AFC. Rithaudeen, FAM deputy president, is a proxy of the sultan, AFC officials said. Malaysian soccer officials said

the FAM was unhappy over the AFC bandling of several regional soccer tournaments which pitted Malaysia against powerful South Korea.

The AFC, set up in 1954 nd headquartered in Kuala Lumpur, has had a Malaysian president

AFC officials said Kuwait's: Prince Fahed had agreed to hack: Rithauddeen if the Malaysians supported him for the FIFA vice-: president's post.

"Prince Fahed feels that both the top posts in AFC should not. he held hy one person and the Arah states must have a larger say in Asia's soccer," said one AFC official who asked not to be identified.

Officials said Hamzah, who commands strong support in the 34-member AFC, is likely to receive tacii FIFA backing to continue as president ahead of the World Cup finals in Italy in June.

"Hamzah is the incumbent and many may not want to rock the boat since it is the World Cup year." said one AFC official.

following a one-month bout with

pneumonia and said he felt dis-

Ross's career has hung in the

balance since he injured his right

knee late in the summer of 1988.

Ross — wbo's also been bothered

by shoulder, ankle and groin problems — bas played infre-

whether I would play professional

tennis again," Ross said. "After

being unhealthy for a year, I was

thinking maybe tennis was not

supposed to be my career. I'm

just thankful I'm playing 100 per

cent. But it doesn't mean I'm

going to set the world on fire."

effective game plan - to serve

strong and crowd the net - and it

worked like a charm against the

Arias was noticeably tentative,

particularly on his service re-

turns, which gave Ross a big

25-year-old Arias.

advantage.

Ross came on-court with an

"I was very near to questioning

quently.

Since then, the 26-year-old

Liverpool goes 3 points clear of Aston Villa

LONDON (R) — Ian Rush hit his 22nd goal of the season to help Liverpool beat Wimbledon 2-1 and go three points clear at the top of the English soccer

league Tuesday. Welsh international striker Rush gave Liverpool a ninth mintue lead and Scotland's Garv Gillespie put the home team 2-0 ahead with the final kick of the first half.

But Wimbledon, boasting the best away record in the first division, refused to lie down and pulled back a goal in the 71st minute through Terry Gibson in a goalmouth scramble,

Liverpool, heaten 2-1 by Wimbledon in a memorable 1988 F.A. Cop final at Wembley, were without injured striker Peter Beardsley but his England teammate John Barnes fitted smoothly into the central attacking role alongside Rush.

Barnes set up the opening goal, stroking the ball out to Rush on the right of the area for the Welshman to control before smashing a ferocious shot into the

Wimhledon had come close to scoring from their first corner of the match a mintue before Rush's goal and both teams had narrow misses in the last 15 minutes with Wimhledon substitute Alan Cork hooking over the Liverpool bar in injury time.

Liverpool now have 62 points and have played one match less than nearest rivals Aston Villa who have 59 points from 32

In the modern style.

you bold:

GOREN BRIDGE

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1—As South, vulnerable, you hold:

7:Q10532 06 ±Q3652 4 A5 la first seat, do you open the A .- Even counting every distributional point, the total is only 12. When you take into account that you have only one defensive trick

and the fact that the band has no

"body," it should be obvious that a pass is the right action. Q.2-As South, vulnerable, you A5 ∵Qt9532 ↑6 ♣QJ652
The bidding has proceeded:
South West Nurth East
Pass 1 ∵ Pass 1 ♣

What sction do you take? A.—Now is the time to get into the bidding. However, a double would suggest a less distributional hand with more defensive potential. Our choice is one no trump. Since you could not open originally and the opponents are in a forcing auction. this can't be natural. It is a form of the Unusual No Trump, promising at least five cards in each of the two

Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you ♦AKJ6532 762 0 K83 44 The bidding has proceeded: North East South W North West 1 • Pass

P268

What do you bid now? A .- Don't put pressure on partner. You want to play in a spade game regardless of parmer's support, and there's one way to tell him of thatjump to four spades. Three spades would be invitational, not forcing. back of the net.

Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as South

± K42 ♥ Q98542 063 ±85

Partner opens the bldding with o

no trump. What do you respond?

A .- You have a weak hand that is

unsuitable for playing in no trump.

Bid two hearts. (If you are playing transfer bids, bid two diamonds in

transfer to bearts.) With perfectly

fitting hands you might miss a game, but that's life.

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you

♠ A53 ♥ KJ952 ♦ 63 ♠ 752
Partner opens the bidding with one

no trump. What do you respond?

A .- You have enough to invite

game, and the way to do h is to bid

two clubs, inquiring about partner's major. If be denies a four-card ma-

jor with two diamonds, bid two

hearts to show a five-card suit and

three; and if he bids two spades,

retreat in two no trump to show an invitational hand. (Life is easier if

O.6-Neither vulnerable, as South

★AKJ9862 ♥Void ♦5 **★AQ1053**

What is your opening bid?

A.—While you might be able to

make game in your own hand, you are not worth demand bid. First,

your defensive capabilities are rath-

er meager, and you won't know

what to do if partner were to double

the enemy at a high level. Secondly,

you might need all the room you can

muster 10 describe your monstrous

two-suiter. Bid one spade.

you play transfer bids.)

values; if he bids two bearts, raise in

While Faldo, the 1985 British Open champion, took a casual attitude toward winning consecutive Masters titles, he acknowledged that he was in a good position to do just that.

Scott Hoch.

"I'm feeling better than I did last year," he told reporters after a practice round over the 6,313metre course at the Augusta National Golf Club, permanent home of the Masters.

"I feel well prepared. It's just a matter of being relaxed and going ont and playing," Faldo added. However, repeating as Masters champion has proven almost impossible over the years.

defending Masters title

Since the great Bobby Jones founded the tournament in 1934 only Nicklans has managed the feat — in 1965 and 1966 — but barely. He had to survive an 18-hole playoff with two others to

When Sandy Lyle, Faldo's Scottish nemesis, returned to Angusta last year after winning his green jacket in 1988, he failed to make the cut with rounds of 77 and 76.

Seve Ballesteros, the brilliant Spaniard considered to be one of the world's best these days, won the Masters in 1980 and 1983 and he, too, failed to make the cut the

Faldo has his work cut out for him this week as there are any number of players here who could win this event, the first of golf's four "major" cham-One need look no further than

the 50-year-old Nicklaus, who has won the Masters six times - two more than anyone else. Nickiaus, who has also been second at Augusta four times, is

coming off a victory on Sunday in the first Senior tournament of his career and he says he is playing some of the best golf of his life. Nicklaus shares Angusta

play it," he said of Augusta after his four-stroke victory in the Seniors event Sunday.

Ballesteros could also start the 1990s as he did the 1980s, when he won the first of his two green While he bas not played up to his usual form this year, Balles-

teros finished a strong third Sun-

day in the U.S. PGA tour event at the Woodlands in Texas and one could be poised for victory If anyone is ready to win at Angusta, it could be Australian Greg Norman, who has finished within one stroke of the winner in

three of the past four Masters -

including 1987, when Larry Mize

chipped in for a birdle on the second hole of their playoff. Norman has already won once in this country - at the Doral Open, when he chipped in for an eagle on the first playoff hole and he finished second in the Bay

Hill Classic two weeks ago. Another serious contender this week is Curtis Strange, winner of the last two U.S. Opens who is fourth behind Norman, Faldo and Ballesteros in the world rank-

"I'd like very dearly to play well were," Strange said. "When national's 72-hole record of 271 you come here - and to the - 17 under par. "Obviously I other majors - winning is the like the course and know how to

Navratilova tries again for 150th tennis victory

South Carolina (R) - Topseeded Martina Navratilova trounced fellow-American Halle Cioffi 6-2, 6-1 Tuesday in the second round of a \$500,000 Women's Tennis Tournament in her quest for her 150th singles

Navratilova, ranked second in the world, lost her bid for a 150th title last week when she bowed to Katerina Maleeva of Bulgaria in the semifinals on clay in Houston.

She said she was more concerned with her game, which was virtually flawless against Cioffi, than about a 150th title. "One hundred and fifty is just a

round number. It's not even the record," said Navratilova, referring to Chris Evert's 157 career singles titles. "I've been looking ahead too much at tournaments. My next round is my toughest and then I'll go from there.' Navratilova had difficulty serv-

ing and volley in the first set but the 69th-ranked Cioffi, a consistent baseliner who could not threaten Navratilova with her groundstrokes, never found a way to hreak service. Third-seeded Zina Garrison of

the United States used an effective combination of serve-andvolley and patience from the baseline to beat Beverly Bowes 6-2, 6-2 in her second round match of the clay court tournatinez had the most difficulty among the top eight seeds in action, all of whom received first round byes in the 56-player tournament, but the Spanish teenager still earned a 7-6, (7-2), 6-0 victory over American Camillee Benjamin.

Sixth-seeded Natalia Zvereva of the Soviet Union, a finalist here last year, outplayed Patricia Tarabini of Argentina 6-4, 6-2 while second-seeded Arantxa Sanchez Vicario of Spain was not due to play her first match until

late Wednesday. In other tennis games, sixthseed Jimmy Arias was sent packing Tuesday by little-known American John Ross 7-6, (7-5). 1-6, 6-3 in the first round of the \$250,000 Orlando Classic Men's Tennis tournament.

"Tonite was a great start for me," said the 428th-ranked Ross, of his win over the 61st-ranked Arias. "Hopefully, it's the sign of things to come." In other first-round matches,

fourth-seed Scott Davis harely edged past a tenacious, hut ailing Thomas Hogstedt 4-6, 7-6, (7-5), 6-4. The 77th-ranked Hogsiedt spent nine hattling the flu prior to arriving in Orlando. Seventh-seed Veli Paloheimo.

of Finland, retired from his match

with Miguel Nido after Nido won

Although Ross let-up to let Arias into the second set, he took

charge effectively in the third set. "Tonite, was a bit of a sethack," Arias said. "I had a de-cent draw here. There wasn't anyone in the touroament I didn't: think I could beat. If I played less: tentative in the beginning of the.

Brazilian coach confirms **Romario on World Cup team**

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) -Schastiao Lazaroni, coach of Brazil's national soccer team, has confirmed he will name injured star Romario to the World Cup squad despite n broken leg.

The coach also praised the recent play of Muller of Italy's Torino club and hinted the attacker could replace Bebeto on the starting team.

On his arrival from Europe Monday, Lazaroni announced he would name 23 players to the World Cup team on Apr. 16, instead of the 22 originally planned. The extra berth will go to an attacker in case Romario doesn't recover, he said.

"Romario is very important to the team and is worth every effort," Lazaroni told reporters. "He will be on the list of 23 and we will wait for his recovery as long as the regulation permits, up to 10 days before our debut." Romario, whose full name is Romario De Sonza Faria, plays

for PSV Bindhoven of the

Netherlands. He broke his leg in a league game March 4, and after he reinjured it last week, doctors implanted a metal screen to set the bone.

The screw and the plaster cast are to be removed in early May, barely a month before Brazil plays Sweden on June 10 in Turin, Italy, for Group C.

However, Romario must sit out the first World Cup match to complete a three-game suspension. He will become eligible to play in Brazil's second game, against Costa Rica on June 16.

Lazaroni did not say who the 23rd player would be. But: the sporting press has speculated that two are under consideration: Renato of Rio's Flamengo Club, and Joao Paulo of Bari of Italy. However, Lazaroni said a start-

ing berth could go to wing attacker Muller, whose full name is Luis Antonio Correla De Cota. He played well coming off the bench in Brazil's 1-0 loss to England in an exhibition game in London

Tel: 634144

"I liked his speed, strength and precision," Lazaroni said. "He showed against England he could be one of the sensations of the World Cup."

Muller and Bebeto - whose full name is Jose Roberto Gama De Oliveira - are battling for the second starting spot on the attack alongside Careca of Italy'a Napoli Club, who is considered irre-

Werder's hope alive

BREMEN, West Germany (R) - A hizarre own goal in the dying seconds by Fiorentina goalkeeper Marco Landucci kept alive Werder Bremen's hopes of a place in the UEFA Cup final with a 1-1 draw in their semifinal first

leg Tuesday. Landucci fumbled a curled corner in the 90th minute after a collision with defender Sergio Battistini and the ball ended in the net to earn the West German side a draw to take to the second leg in Italy in two weeks.

But the mistake was just reward for a hard-working Werder side who attacked throughout but had been hit by a breakaway goal by Marco Nappi in the 78th mi-

BAG LOST

Sri Lankan lady travelling to Amman via Dubai on Flight EK

905 on Thursday March 8, lost a suitcase containing used

sarees and other clothes, but more importantly valuable

Anyone who inadvertently took away the bag, please

Telephone 819607 Amman

FURNISHED APT. FOR RENT

3 bedrooms + 2 bathrooms + livingroom + diningroom +

Pis. cali 813060

certificates and other important documents.

Attractive reward will be given to finder.

Much to the distaste of the 32,000-crowd, Fiorentina packed their defence with players for most of the match, making it difficult for the West Germans to find space to shoot at goal.

We attacked one goal for virtually the whole 90 minutes," Werder coach Otto Rebhagel said afterwards. "The equaliser was justice."

Fiorentina packed all eleven players into their own penalty area on several occasions in the second half to hold off Werder who knocked holders Napoli out of the competition in the third round.

"The Italians concentrated on their defence as expected so it was very difficult for us to score," Rehhagel said. "My team hattled

brillantly. We are still in with a great chance for the second leg.'



In Shmeisani, Sweifieh. Abdoun and many other loca-For more information please call Abdoun Real Estate

PREVIOUSLY Wael Real Estate Tel: 810609, 810605



AMERICAN COMMUNITY SCHOOL

The American Community School is accepting applications for-Counsalor/College Placement teacher, must be certified.

2. Assistant Librarian - should be able to use the computer, knowledge of library science helpful.

Receptionist - pleasant phone manner essential, typing and ability to use computer essential.

School Nurse - Nurses training essential, degree preferred.

5. Accountant - Computer skills essential, knowledge of book keeping essential, supervised by the Business Manager,

Piesse call 813944/813946 for an application. Interview appointments will be scheduled after all applications are in. Deadline for applications April 16th.

Cinema RAINBOW **FATAL ATTRACTION**

Cinema

Tel: 677420

Tel: 625155

Cinema

Centric area. Deal only with owner.

BUD SPENCER-IN

HOUSE WANTED

Wanted house with garden and two floors. One for office

and the other for residence. No more than five years old.

Phone call No. 644829 from ten to six in the

Performances: 3:30, 8:30, 10:30

Mecca St., near Chinese Rest.

Farld Shawqi, Suhair Ramzi, Faroug Al Fishawi

salon + Tal.

THE SERVANT (Arabic)

Performances: 3:30, 8:30, 10:30
Friday & Sunday extra show at 11:00 a.m.



Tel: 675571

Cinema

PLAZA

Eddie Murphy — in

COMING TO AMERICA



Tel: 699238

moes: 3:30, 8:30, 10:30

Performances: 3:30, 8:30, 10:30

DRAGNET

CONCORD

PHILADELPHIA

BUDDY GOES WEST

Cinema

MUOUM



Performances: 3:30, 8:30, 10:30

El Salvador, rebels agree to **U.N.-sponsored peace moves**

GENEVA (R) — The Salvadorean government and leftist guerrillas Wednesday accepted a series of United Nations-sponsored measures designed to restore peace to the Central American state.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

BOGOTA (AP) - Authorities are blaming the Medellin drug

cartel for a spate of attacks on police that bave left at least nine

officers dead in two days. Police also say the kidnapping of a

national legislator Tuesday was the work of drug traffickers. The

attacks come in a new outbreak of violence in Colombia's war

against the drug trade. The traffickers balted their violence in

January in an attempt to persuade the government to enter negotiations. But the government of President Virgilio Barco is

pressing its drug war. The El Tiempo newspaper reported

Tuesday that the government would extradite three more traffickers — one of them a congressman — to the United States

this week. Traffickers threatened last week to explode a five-ton

Chinese fugitive student leader in Paris

HONG KONG (R) — A Hong Kong newspaper said Wednesday that fugitive Chinese student leader Chai Ling had found sanctuary in France after 10 months on the run. The report in the

English-language South China Morning Post appeared only hours

after Hong Kong's TVB television station ran an interview with

Chai Ling. She appeared with her busband, Feng Congde, also

wanted by the Chinese authorities. The post quoted unidentified sources as saying Chai Ling, one of the leaders of the student-led

democracy movement bloodly suppressed by Chinese authorities on June 4 last year, had escaped from China on March 24.

U.S. may scale back Bomber production

WASHINGTON (AP) — The administration of President

George Bush is considering scaling back production of the B-2

bomber, Air Force Secretary Donald Rice said Tuesday in his first

public comments on the Pentagon's review of major weapons

systems. "We think there are some alternate profiles... with some

very modest effect on the total cost of the programme." Rice told

members of the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on De-

fence. The air force secretary declined to provide many specifics

but said Defence Secretary Dick Chiney is re-examing current Pentagon plans to bny 132 of the Stealth bombers at a cost of

more than \$70 billion. The overriding concern at the department

is forcing up the cost of a single, radar-evading bombers, about

Philippines' treasury to husy New York real estate, will ask

President George Bush to testify in ber defence, ber lawyer says,

claiming it was all Bush's idea. Gerry Spence, Marcos's cowboy-

hat-wearing lawyer, said during opening statements Tuesday the

Reagan administration was concernd in 1981 that the late

Philippine leader Ferdinand Marcos was about to invest in Libya

because his wife had become friends with Libyan leader Muam-

mar Oadhafi. He said Bush, who was then vice president,

travelled to the Philippines to persuade the Marcoses to buy U.S.

real estate instead. Spence said because of this the defence will

DUBLIN (R) - Ireland is to formally abolish the death penalty

and introduce automatic jail sentences of at least 30 years for

certain convicted killers, the government said in a bill published

Wednesday. Capital punishment has been retained in Ireland for

the killers of policemen, prison officers and foreign leaders and

diplomats since hanging for all other killings was abolished in the

late 1950s. Irish Justice Minister Ray Burke published details of a

bill to replace the death penalty with mandatory 40-year jail

sentences which, with remission, mean that killers will bave to

spend at least 30 years in prison. All political parties in the Irish

parliament bave expressed support for the bill which is expected

to pass into law later this year. Ireland's last execution took place

GENEVA (R1 - Romania's ex-king Michael will return to his

country this month for the first time since he was forced to

abdicte 42 years ago, relatives said Wednesday. Michael, 68,

plans to spend one week in the capital Bucharest where be will

attend an Orthodox Chnrch Easter service and will tour the

country by car for another week, they said. He will be

accompanied by his wife ex-queen Anne and three of his five

daughters. Michael was put on a train ont of Romania in January

1948 after the Communist government forced him to sign an

abdiction document. He has lived in exile in Britain, the United

WASHINGTON (R) - The United States is not ready to rejoin

the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisa-

tion (UNESCO) and sees little improvement in the organisation.

a top official said, following Britain's comment that it would not

rejoin the agency. Britain, the United States and Singapore quit

the agency in 1984 and 1985, charging mismanagement and

U.S. 'not ready' to rejoin UNESCO

States and Switzerland since then.

Ex-King to pay first visit to Romania

\$530 million apiece, by purchasing less than the full fleet.

Bush asked to testify in Marcos trial

NEW YORK (R) - Imelda Marcos, charged with plu

ask Bush to testify on Mrs. Marcos' behalf.

Ireland to abolish death penalty

bomb in Bogota for every new extradition.

Medellin cartel blamed for killings

first time in six months, signed a seven-point document prepared hy Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar foreseeing a U.N.-supervised truce in the 10year war as a first step toward a negotiated peace.

I have received assurances from both parties that there is a serious intention and good faith to seek to bring about such an end through negotiations," Perez

The two sides, meeting for the de Cuellar said in the document endorsed by the two sides.

It also provided for the guerrillas to become a legal political organisation, democratic moves in the country, unrestricted respect for buman rights and the reunification of Salvadorean soci-

"The initial objective shall be to achieve political agreements for arranging a halt to the armed confrontation and any acts that

infringe the rights of the civilian truce was achieved, the process population, which will have to be would lead to the reintegration of FMLN members into the civil. verified by the United Nations institutional and political life of subject to the approval of the Security Council," the document the country. The secretary-general said he

It was signed by Justice Minister Oscar Santamaria for the government and by Commander Shafik Handal for the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front (FMLN).

The document said that once a

The document said both sides Perez de Cuellar signed the pledged not to renounce negotiadocument, written in his name, at tions and added that the process a ceremony held at the U.N. would be a permanent one con-European headquarters in Geneducted secretly.

last 10 years.

It did not say when or where the negotiations would begin.

had agreed to sponsor the agree-

ment at the request of Central

American leaders and the two

sides involved in a civil war which

has killed 75,000 people in the

Belgian king temporarily quits over abortion law

BRUSSELS (R) - King Bandonin of Belgium temporarily gave up his throne Wednesday because his Catholic conscience would not allow him to sign a controversial law legalising abor-

After two late-night cabinet meetings, the government issued a statement saying it had declared the 59-year-old monarch unable to reign — a procedure last used in 1940 when his father, King Leopold III, surrendered to Nazi

The eabinet immediately assumed the king's powers and promulgated the abortion law, which was published in Wednesday's official gazette. And it called a joint session of the chamber of deputies and the senate for Thursday to declare that Baudouin was able to resume his 39-year-old reign

The manoenvie, naprecedented in a country whose linguistic divisions have often produced extraordinary constitutional contortions, provoked an immediate outcry, with calls for the abolition of the monarchy or Baudouin's abdication.

"The procedure astonishes me," said Francis Delperre, professor of constitutional law at the Catholic University of Louvain.

"Until now, Article 82 of the constitution had been understood to have a very simple meaning: The king is sick, the king is insane, the king is physically un-able to exercise his office, he must therefore be replaced." be added.

The king is not unable to reign... as a result, articles of the constitution bave quite simply been violated," said François Perrin, emeritus professor of constitutional law at the University

"It is a political development which was nothing legal about it... it is a mockery to say that the king is unable to reign for a few hours, for one night," he de-

The refusal by Baudouin, a devout Catholic, to sign the law was the final twist of a tortuous campaign to end a ban on abortion dating back to 1867. Ireland is now the only European country

Manila committee rejects nominee for land reform

MANILA, Philippines (AP) — A congressional committee Wednesday failed to confirm President Corazon Aquioo's choice for land reform secretary, but she vowed to renominate orencio Abad and force a showdown with her coalition's leading

If he secures the job, Abad will have the delicate task of fulfilling the desires of millions of peasants without alienating powerful landlords. His critics say he is a leftist opposed to industrial development.

The commission on appointments had been expected to reach a decision on Abad before beginning the Easter congressional re-cess on Friday. But the deadlocked commission suspended confirmation bearings, tantamount to a rejection. Abad is the fourth choice for

the land reform post since 1986.

His predecessor, Miriam Defensor Santiago, was repeatedly rejected by the commission until she was replaced by Abad on An informal survey of the 25member commission showed 11

members opposed to Abad, 11 supporting him and two abstaining. Senate President Jovito Salonga, leader of Abad's Liberal Party, votes only to break a tie. .

The commission had failed to reach a decision on Abad during

Premadasa says 'reign of terror' over tions with the Liberation Tigeres The three parties, which hold

COLOMBO, Sri Lanka (AP) -President Ranasinghe Premadasa, opening a new session of parliament, said Wednesday the "reign of terror" in this tropical island was over.

The chief opposition parties disagreed with Premadasa's rosy assessment, which was reminscent of his independence day speech exactly two months.

The Sri Lanka Freedom Party, headed by former Prime Minister Sirimavo Bandaranaike, and two allied parties boycotted the parliamentary meeting. The parties issued a statement saying their absence was in protest of "undemocratic actions of the government, the murders, abductions and violations of buman rights and the limitless burdens heaped on the people by the increasing cost of living."

73 of parliament's 225 seats, also said there was no point in attending the session since presidential speeches are not topics for de-

Premadasa, whose United National Party has 124 seats, maintained the worst was over and the fear that had gripped the country had disappeared.

The president, who took office on Jan. 2, 1989, said that last year "disruption and destruction became the order of the day... The very foundations of democracy in Sri Lanka were threatened. The country was engulfed in a reign of terror unprecedented in our na-

In the last 10 months, the government has scored successes on three main fronts:

- Last June it entered negotia-

be disarmed by the time bis leftist Sandinista government leaves

This is the date when ro is due to take office, having

capability, to decide whether to

push further cuts in 1994-95, it

Third-stage cuts, if needed, would take place after 1996, it

The ministry said the two coun-

tries also have agreed to alter

their joint command system to

give South Korea more control

over its armed forces, the minis-

Currently, most of South Korea's 650,000-member armed

forces remain under the opera-

tion control of a four-star U.S.

general in a combined command

system officials say is aimed at

The system has been criticised

by radical Korean students and

dissidents as an example of

American infringement upon

The ministry said the system

would be changed in 1994-95 to

command their units in peace

time. The joint command system

would be restored during war, it

Details of the change would be

discussed at annual talks to be

held in Washington in November,

between the two countries in-

clude appointment of a South

Korean general to bead the Un-

Other issues under discussion

ministry officials said.

South Korean sovereignty.

maximising combat efficiency.

try said.

The contra rebels have fought an eight-year war to topple the

The declaration of Monteli-

'All contras must be disarmed by April 25'

MONTELIMAR, Nicaragua (R) - The five Central American presidents have signed an accord calling for all contra rebels to be disarmed by April 25, the day a new U.S.-backed government is to be sworn in Nicaragua.

The statement was an apparent success for outgoing Nicaraguan President Daniel Ortega, who had sought a strong statement from his Central American colleagues calling for the contras to

SEOUL (AP) - South Korea

has formally agreed to a U.S. plan to cut back by 1993 7,000 of

the 43,000 American troops sta-

tioned here, the Defence Minis-

The ministry said the two coun-

tries also have reached basic agree-

ment no other pending military

issues, including changing their

joint command system to give

South Korea more control over

ment on a gradual U.S. troop withdrawal, which will initially

affect 7,000 poncombatants," a

The announcement had been

expected since February, when

U.S. Defence Secretary Dick

Cheney disclosed plans to shut

down three of the five U.S. air

bases in South Korea in a cost-

U.S. officials said the closure

would affect some 2,000 air sup-

later, U.S. officials also indicated

that they would pull out 5,000

ground troops, all noncomha-tants, from South Korea along

with the 2,000 air support person-

The ministry said American

troop withdrawal from South

Korea would be made in three

stages, with the first stage affect-

ing 7,000 soldiers in the 1990-93

nel in several years.

period.

ministry statement said.

saving measure.

port personnel.

"We have reached full agree-

its military.

try announced Wednesday.

Seoul agrees to U.S.

troop cutback by 1993

The accord signed after a twoday summit here said the demobi-

lisation and disarming of contras - both inside and outside Nicaragua — must begin immediately and end no later than April 25. President-elect Violeta Chamordefeated Ortega in February elecSandinista government in Nicar-

of Tamil Eelam (LTTE), the

most powerful of the Tamil guer-

rilla groups that launched a separ-

atist insurrection against the

Sinhalese-dominated government

- In the final months of 1989 it

decimated the leadership of

Sinhalese extremists trying to

- On March 24 the last Indian

peacekeeping troops, who had

bogged down in a stalemated

bush war with Tamil Tigers, left

Premadasa asked all ethnic

groups to prepare for sacrifices to

help solve the problems of the

Tamil minority.

More than 17,000 people died

in the island's twin wars. At least

11,000 people were killed in the

in 1983.

overthrow it.

Sri Lanka.

Tamil revolt

mar, a resort on the Nicaraguan coast, called on United Nations and Organisatin of American States teams to take "the necessary steps" to facilitate the demobilisation and for international control of all aid to the contras.

Castro: Cuba will situation on the Korean peninsula, including North Korea's war

HAVANA (R) - President

"We are not going to stand around with our arms crossed ... we will give blow for blow Castro told a news conference in Havana attended by 236 Cuban

Such a war would represent an "unpayable price" for the United States in terms of lost lives, Cas-

He warned Washington that if own electronic capacity to retaliate.

"We are not going to give in.. we bave not yet employed all of our means of replying," Castro

States for naming the TV station after 19th century Cuban independence hero Jose Marti.

jam the incoming TV signal but can also disrupt U.S. broadcasting, communications and defence

ote the free flow of information to Cuba's more than 10 million people.

Castro said the channel was

"And we are supposed to be

Giobal

"C T "C T Weeth

Mrs. Bush's double

vision gone

WASHINGTON (AP) -- First lady Barbara Bush has said that she no longer suffers double vision caused by graves disease. Last week was the first week without seeing double," she told reporters at the White House. "I think the radiation worked. That's very good news." She said she believes radiation treatment she underwent in January has affected the vision problem. Aides had said it would take two to four months before it would be known if the treatment was effective. Mrs. Bush was diagnosed early last year with Graves disease, an immune system disorder that initially attacked her thyroid, causing dramatic weight loss. It caused eye irritationa and double vision, especially in the morning. The first lady chatted with two reporters after she surprised tourists, showing up in the White House main foyer where the tours pass. Mrs. Bush decided to conduct a small ceremoney at the foot of the grand staircase to receive the new editions of "the presidents of the United States" and "the first ladies" from White House Historical Association President Robert Breeden.

Michelangelo's nudes to remain covered

VATICAN CITY (R) - Art restorers said Tuesday they could not remove veils and other coverings added to hide nudity in Michelangelo's last judgment frescores in the Sistine Chapel because the originals had been destroyed. The announcement was made after a week-long international symposium of art historians studying the first phase of a multi-million dollar restoration of one of the world's greatest art treasures. The 10-year cleaning of the ceiling frescoes was completed last month and scaffolding has been built for a four-year project to restore a massive, 300figure scene depicting the last judgment on the wall behind the main altar.

Swiss police recover stolen Van Gogh

ZURICH, Switzerland (AP) -Police has announced the arrest of three Italian nationals when they tried to pick up 2 million Swiss francs (\$1.3 million) in ransom demanded for the return of a stolen painting by Vincent Van Gogh. The canvas, "Wheatfield with Sheaves," which had vanished from a strongbox in a warehouse of a moving company on March 12 was recovered undamaged, said police spokesman Marcel Frieden. It was valued at 2.5 million Swiss francs. He said the ransom had been demanded in a letter received by an insurance company 11 days after the theft. The company alerted police who arrested the three men last Friday at a place ontside Zurich where the money was to be handed over according to their instruc-

Man held with drugs implanted in thighs

WASHINGTON (R) - Sharpeyed U.S. customs agents spying a stiffly walking airline passenger with bulging thighs arrested him after finding about a pound (half a kilogramme) of cocaine implanted in his legs, the customs service bave said. It said Roberto O'Neill, a 24-year-old Colombian, was arrested at San Juan International Airport on a stopover of an Iberia Airlines flight from Bogota to Madrid. A customs service spokesman said the man was inspected and taken to a hospital where doctors opened sutures and found the cocaine in four plastic pouches in his upper

German women prefer coffee and kisses

FRANKFURT, West Germany (R) — Coffee and kisses — that's what most West German women want to wake up to on Sunday mornings, but not sex, according to a new survey. The poll of how 25-40 year old women most wanted to be awoken on their Sunday day off, found that 95 per cent wanted romantic "little morning kisses". Some 81 per cent liked the idea of being served coffee and cripsy rolls. However, making love along with the kisses was the choice of only 26 per cent of women, said the survey by one of West Germany's largest coffee companies. Perhaps to avoid the possibility, sleeping-in and lazing in bed were bottom of the list. The survey did not ask men's opinions.

After the first stage, officials of ited Nations Command (UNC) in the two countries will review the armistice talks with North Korea. six previous sessions. Chinese congress votes to keep present Hong Kong system

PEKING (AP) - China's parliament closed its annual session Wednesday after approving a law under which much of Hong Kong's present system will be

preserved under Chinese rule. The 2,700 deputies to the 15day session of the National People's Congress also approved a law protecting foreign investors in China, a fifth straight deficit budget and a work report by Premier Li Peng which stresses that China will never yield to threats against its socialist

A resolution approved on the final day spoke of "historic victorics" over the past year in furthering the socialist cause in China.

It echoed Li's work report in saying social and political stability are of "paramount importance" in the nation's modernisation

Further efforts must be made to improve socialist democracy, strengthen public security and national unity and educate citizens in socialism, ideology and patriotism, it said. The struggle against bourgeois liberalisation, or Western thinking, must go on, it stressed

The congress in recent years has provided a forum for public debate on issues, but is largely powerless. This year the deputies have muted their criticisms of the government and repeated official calls for the need for stability under Communist Party rule.

The government's violent suppression of the pro-democracy movement last June was not questioned, and no one suggested that China might learn from the democratic reforms taking place in East European and other socialist countries.

All proposals submitted by congress chairman Wan Li were passed by overwhelming majorities. Li's work report was passed with a vote of 2,481 for, 12

against, 26 abstentions and 194 no-votes. The defaulted votes were possibly a result of lack of familiarity with a new electronic voting system.

The greatest opposition was in a vote to approve the report of the procuratorate, or prosecu-tor's office. In the tally, 2,271 voted for the report, 179 opposed it and 253 abstained.

The two key bills approved Wednesday define the basic law for Hong Kong after it reverts to Chinese rule in 1997 and amend the joint venture law to further protect foreign investors in China.

The basic law provides that Hong Kong will have a high level of autonomy on all matters except national defence and foreign affairs after 1997, and that its capitalist system will be antouched for 50 years.

The law also states that Hong Kong will remain an international financial centre and free port. and that the legal system adopted under British colonial rule will in general be kept.

Wang Hanbin, chairman of the congress's Law Committee, described the law as "a creative work of historic and international significance."

Hong Kong's confidence in its future status under Chinese rule was badly shaken by last year's military crackdown on the prodemocracy movement in Peking, and political activists have expressed misgivings about the basic law. They say it impedes the pace of democratic reform in Hong Kong and gives Peking arbitrary powers to declare a state

of emergency. The amendments to the 1979 joint venture law are seen as a gesture to foreign investors wary of doing business in a country dominated by an orthodox Marxist leadership.

Joint ventures, previously hmited to 30 years, can now have an open-ended lifetime. The amendments guarantee that joint ventures will never be nationalised "under normal circumstances."

The law also is amended to say that the foreign partner can be elected chairman of the venture. Previously, the Chinese headed the board, even when the foreign partner's equity share exceeded 50 per cent.

Trade Minister Zheng Tuobin said the amendments will better reflect China's open door policy and "make China more attractive to foreign investors." Foreign businessmen have welcomed the changes as positive steps in improving the investment climate.

They say, however, that fundamental problems facing businesses here bave yet to be addressed. Those include access to foreign exchange and raw materials, tough import controls, central planning decisions that restrict autonomy over production and increased ideological training in the workplace.

Premier Li's two-hour work report, delivered on the opening day of the session, stressed that while China will remain open to the outside world, the nation will defy attempts by "hostile forces" and "imperialists" to undermine

The premier said the state will reassert controls over pricing and distribution of goods, and that priority will be given to promoting large state-run enterprises.

The session also approved the resignation of senior leader Deng Xiaoping from his last official post, as chairman of the State Central Military Commission. As expected, the post went to Deng's hand-picked successor, Communist Party chief Jiang Zemin.

Deng, 85, is still regarded as China's paramount leader despite his retreat from everyday public

Chinese warned against wearing black Meanwhile Chinese are being

warned not to wear hlack armbands or white flowers of mourning Thursday, a traditional day for honouring the dead that may be used for anti-government protests. Chinese sources said Wednes-

day that some offices and factories in Peking are advising employees against signs of mourning on Qingming, when Chinese traditionally sweep the graves of their ancestors. The Peking city government

also bas issued orders that ban organised group visits to cemeteries unless permission is received from authorities. Overseas dissident groups have called on students to "stroll"

through Tiananmen Square Thursday in a silent memorial to the bundreds, and possibly thousands, killed when the military crushed the student-led prodemocracy movement last June. A similar appeal to stage "pro-

test strolls" through the square on April 1 was thwarted when police closed the square to the public for daylong ceremonies to promote civic enthusiasm for the Asian Games to be held in Peking in September.

The government wants to avoid a repetition of the 1976 Qingming festival, when thousands streamed to Tiananmen to honour Premier Chon En-Lai, who had died earlier in the year, and protest the party's leftist leaders. Suppression of the protesters helped lead to the downfall of the leftists.

Peking citizens also are being told by their work and school units to stay away from Tiananmen Square, the focal point of last year's demonstrations. Factory leaders have been warned they will be held responsible if workers are involved in any pro-

return blow for blow against U.S.

Fidel Castro, comparing Cuba to the biblical David fighting Goliath, said Tuesday his country would fight blow for blow if a week-old electronic war with the United States escalated into a full-scale armed conflict.

and foreign journalists, 53 of them from United States.

He condemned TV Marti, the U.S.-funded news and entertainment channel being transmitted to the Communist-ruled island since last Tuesday, as "a crude instrument of subversion and desjammed daily by Cuban technicians. "This is an electronic war between David and Goliath," Castro said. He added that any attempted follow-up military strike by the United States against Cuba's electronic defences would unleash an all-out

armed conflict.

tro said. TV Marti's broadcasts continued. Cuha reserved the right to use its

said. Castro slammed the United

Cuha has said it can not only

He rejected U.S. President George Bush's allegations that TV Marti was intended to prom-

bringing from the United States "all that poison, garbage and violence of a consumer society. thankful for that?" he asked.

weather (major world cities)

AMBIERUMA		34	O,	40	Cloudy
	11	52		75	Cloudy
BAHRAN	20	68	26	79	Cloudy
BANGKOK ,,	27	aı			
BUENOS AIRES	12	53			
CAIRO	12				Clear
					Cloudy
					Clear
			-		
					Rain
SIARBUL	69	47	78	54	Clear
LONDON	42	37	11	52	Clear
MADRID	05	41	14	57	Cloudy
MECCA	19	66	34	83	Cloudy
MONTREAL	œ	26	04	39	Rein
	08	48	15	53	Clear
		61	30		Clear
NEW YORK	05	42	OB		Cloudy
PARIS	04	39	08		
				57	Cloudy
SYDNEY					
TOKYO				84	Church
		45	12	84	Claude
1	-	-		•	wwwy
	ATHENS BAHFAIN BANGKOK BUENOS AIPES CAIRO CHICAGO COPENHAGEN FRANKFURT GENEVA HONG KONG ISTANBUL LONDON LOS ANGELES MADRID MECCA MONTREAL MOSCOW NEW DELIFI NEW YORK PARIS ROME SYDNEY TOKYO	ATHENS 11 BAHFIAIN 20 BANGIKOK 22 BANGIKOK 22 BANGIKOK 21 CAIRO 12 CAIRO 12 CHICAGO 00 COPENHAGEN 03 FRANGTURT 01 GENEVA 08 HONG KOMG 21 ISTANBUL 09 LONDON 02 LOS ANGELES 18 MADRID 05 MECCA 19 MONTREAL 02 MOSCOW 09 NEW DELHI 18 NEW YORK 05 PARIS 04 RIOME 11 SYDNEY 15	ATHENS 11 52 BAIFAAN 20 68 BANGKOK 27 81 BUENOS AIRES 12 53 CAIRO 12 54 CHICAGO 03 37 FRANKFURT 01 34 GENEVA 08 43 HONG KONG 21 70 ISTANBUL 09 47 LONDON 02 36 LOS ANGELES 18 65 MADRID 06 41 MECCA 19 66 MONTREAL 02 28 MOSCOW 09 48 NEW DELHI 16 61 NEW YORK 05 42 PARIS 04 39 ROME 11 52 SYDNEY 18 64 TOKYO 15 39	ATHENS 11 52 24 BAHFAIN 20 68 26 BANGKOK 27 31 24 BUENOS AIRES 12 53 24 CAIRO 12 54 25 CHICAGO 00 22 12 COURT 12 54 25 CHICAGO 00 37 12 FRANKFURT 01 34 14 GENEVA 08 43 10 HONG KONG 21 70 22 ISTANBUL 05 47 18 LONDON 02 36 11 LOS ANGELES 18 65 27 MADRID 05 41 14 MECCA 19 66 34 MONTREAL 02 26 04 MOSCOW 09 48 15 NEW DELH 18 61 30 NEW TORK 05 42 08 PARIS 04 39 09 ROME 11 52 14 SYUNEY 18 64 28 SYUNEY 15 64 28 TOKYO 15 59 18	ATHENS 11 52 24 75 BAHTAIN 20 68 26 79 BANGKOK 27 31 34 93 BUENOS AIRES 12 53 24 75 CAIRO 12 54 25 77 CHICAGO 00 32 12 53 COPENHAGEN 03 37 12 54 FRANKFURT 01 34 14 57 GENEVA 08 43 10 50 HONG KONG 21 70 22 72 ISTANBUL 05 47 18 64 LONDON 02 36 11 52 LOS ANGELES 18 65 27 81 MADRID 05 41 14 57 MECCA 79 66 34 93 MONTREAL 02 26 04 39 MOSCOW 09 48 15 69 NEW DELPI 18 61 30 86 NEW TORK 05 42 08 46 ROME 01 11 52 14 57 SYDNEY 18 62 23 73 SYDNEY 18 62 23 73 TOKYO 15 89 18 84

anti-Western hias. "My understanding is that the time is not right for the United States to reopen the question of renewing its membership in UNESCO," State Department spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler said. "My understanding is our review of action taken at UNESCO's general conference and an analysis of the so-called restructuring proposals submitted several weeks ago by UNESCO, the UNESCO director general, have led us to conclude that very little has changed since the United States withdrew at the end of 1984," she said. Hawke cabinet sworn in CANBERRA (AP) - Prime Minister Bob Hawke began a

record fourth term in office Wednesday with his heir apparent, treasurer Paul Keating, given the added duties of deputy prime minister. The 60-year-old Hawke, first elected prime min

1983 and winner most recently by a narrow margin on March 24, has said he intends to lead his ruling Labour Party through the three-year term and into a potential fifth campaign. But political analysts say Keating, 46, is already being groomed for the job of leader and could take the Labour Party into the next election.